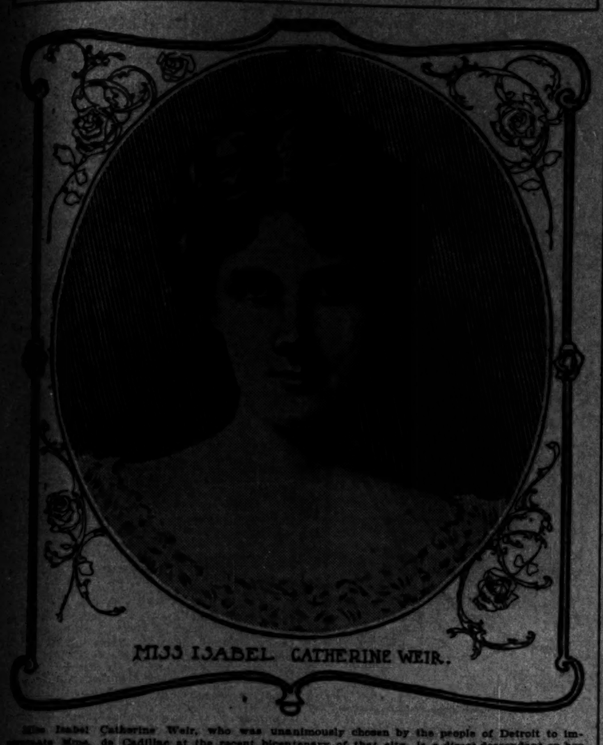
# The Chicago Daily Tribune.

VOLUME LX.—NO. 234. THURSDAY, AUGUST 22, 1901—TWELVE PAGES. PRICE TWO CENTS.


## IMPERSONATED HER HISTORIC ANCESTOR.



MISS ISABEL CATHERINE WEIR.

Miss Isabel Catherine Weir, who was unanimously chosen by the people of Detroit to impersonate Mme. de Cadrilne at the recent bicentenary of that city, is a direct descendant on her father's side from John Casse St. Aubin, one of the French lords who landed with Cadillac on the present site of Detroit. Miss Weir, who is a daughter of the late Judge Weir of Detroit, is a tall, stately brunette, and is prominent in many charities in Detroit. She possesses a charming soprano voice, and is considered a promising artist. Her education was gained at the Georgetown Visitating Academy, Washington.

## NEWS—Summarized and Indexed.

THE WEATHER— THURSDAY, AUG. 22, 1901.

Generally fair Thursday and Friday, except possibly a shower Thursday; cooler Thursday night; variable winds.

Sun rises 5:14, sets 6:51. Moon sets 11:11.


FOREIGN:—

France severed diplomatic relations with Turkey because the Sultan failed to keep his promise to settle the dispute over French claims.

General Uribe-Uribe cabled from San Cristobal, Venezuela, to his New York agent to send arms to Colombian revolutionists.

Colombian gunboat La Popa sank between Panama and Cartagena. Four survivors reached the latter city in small boat.

New experiments to be made at Havana with mosquitoes to test efficacy of yellow fever cures.

Japan angry at insult offered its Vice Consul and the latter's wife by medical inspector at Honolulu.

Two hundred teachers from America arrived in Manila, where typhoon delayed landing.

Fifteen persons drowned by capsising of boat at Treguier, France.

British negotiations with Russia over China given by new blue book.

Duke of York and King Edward to visit Copenhagen in the near time.

DOMESTIC:—

Miners and followers of Dowie again attempted to hold a street meeting at South Chicago, but a mob broke up the exercises and drove away the speakers.

Dr. John Dodson and other professors of Rush Medical College to make test of effect of various foods on the mental development of children.

Chicago Law School denied admission to the Association of American Law Schools by committee of American Bar association at Detroit.

Lincoln Park board rehabilitated the depleted sinking fund of the park by setting aside $50,000 to meet the bonded indebtedness.

Board of Review to assess all real estate of railroads at such not used for trackage. This will add $200,000,000 to Cook County's valuation.

Delegates to the second annual convention of the National Negro Business league denounce the lynching at Pierce City, Mo.

Former Chief of Police Kipley apparently attempted to avoid taking any part in the police department inquiry.

Ladies' Protective association will ask repairs of buildings to provide more sanitary quarters for them.

President Harper of Chicago University invested with the Cross of the Legion of Honor by France.

Choir boy of St. Bartholomew's Church accidentally killed on steamer City of Milwaukee.

NEW YORK:—

Sir Thomas Lipton arrived on the Teutonic and was saluted by every craft met on his approach to the city. Confident the new challenger is a winner.

National Mercantile Agency, which was founded by Erastus Wiman, failed, with liabilities of $250,000. Concern may be reorganized.

Lieut. Schamel committed suicide in the room at the Presbyterian Hospital, where he had gone to view the remains of his wife.

Thomas Dwyer and Glennon and Sergeant Stella suspended because of charges preferred against them.

Count Lobaudy, son of a French sugar magnate, gave $10,000 to building fund of new Jewish hospital.

Postmaster M. Hays, it is rumored, is to be elected President of the New York Central.

Solomon Parr, a millionaire flour broker, held for larceny of legal papers.

WASHINGTON:—

Acting Secretary of the Navy Hackett refused Admiral Schley's request to ascertain whether Admiral Howison of the court of inquiry is a Sampson partisan.

Monthly statistics issued by Census bureau indicates Chicago is one of the healthiest cities in the country.

Lectures on government work in Philippines forbidden by military authority and were stopped under arrest.

POLITICAL:—

Texas Democratic State convention indorsed Kansas platform adopted at the Kansas City convention. Repeal of mulct law, local option and tax reform demanded. T. J. Gaynor renominated for Governor.

Pennsylvania Republicans in State convention nominated a State ticket, indorsed Roosevelt and denounced yellow journalism.

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DOMESTIC:—

Five men working in water works tunnel under the lake at Cleveland killed by an explosion, which wrecked the casing of the shaft and let the water in, drowning them.

Steamer George McDougall ran down steam yacht George Stauber in St. Clair River, sending it to the bottom. Crew and passengers saved.

One hundred persons injured by fall of burning oil tank of Atlantic Refining company at Philadelphia.

A. C. Sibley of Critchett, Sibley & Co. of Boston made an assignment, then committed suicide.

Jack Winters, who robbed the Selby smelting works, sentenced to fifteen years in prison.

Four persons shot in a fight in court at Reynolds, Miss., during a trial.

Two women at Pittsburg, Pa., killed a peddler who attacked them.

Mob at Wadesboro, N. C., lynched a negro who tried to kill a girl.

H. M. Flagler to marry Miss Kenan of Wilmington, N. C.

LABOR:—

Strike by South Chicago steel workers considered doubtful by officials of the Amalgamated association. Local lodges of the association refused to surrender their revoked charters.

President Shaffer declared he had formed a plan to end the strike. Proposes to bring about a crisis that will make a settlement necessary.

Striking machinists or sympathizers attacked two non-union men at Allis-Chalmers plant.

SPORTING:—

American league: Washington 8, Chicago 0; Boston 8, Milwaukee 5; Detroit 9, Baltimore 0; Philadelphia 8, Cleveland 7; Philadelphia 7, Cleveland 3.

National league: Chicago 9, Cincinnati 1; Boston 5, New York 2; Philadelphia 6, Brooklyn 2; St. Louis 4, Pittsburg 3.

Shugart and Katoll of the White Stockings arrested at Washington for assaulting the umpire.

Onward Silver won the $10,000 Massachusetts Stake at the Readville track.

Chicago and Manitoba won in yesterday's games of the cricket tournament.

Glenview team won the Field Cup at Western association golf tournament.

W. A. Larned won national lawn tennis championship at Newport.

OCEAN STEAMSHIP MOVEMENTS.

| Port. | Arrived. | Sailed. |
|---|---|---|
| CHERBOURG | ..... | M. Pleasure |
| HONGKONG | ..... | Emp. of India |
| NEW YORK | Carib | Oceanic |
| NEW YORK | Teutonic | England |
| QUEENSTOWN | Majestic | Illinois |
| QUEENSTOWN | Celtic | Servia |
| QUEENSTOWN | New England | |
| ROTTERDAM | Statendam | |
| S. FRANCISCO | Seattle | City of Pekin |
| SOUTHAMP'N | St. Louis | |

## FRENCH CRUISERS MENACE TURKEY

### Diplomatic Relations Between the Ottoman Empire and the Republic Are Severed.

### FIVE WARSHIPS ON WAY.

### Turkish Ruler and His Foreign Minister Accused of Double Breach of Faith.

### HISTORY OF THE DISPUTE.

### Porte Withholds from Quay Company Rights Guaranteed by Treaty and Refuses Satisfaction.

### NEXT MOVE IN MATTER IN DOUBT.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

PARIS, Aug. 21.—It is officially announced that M. Constans, the French Ambassador at Constantinople, has broken off all relations with the Porte.

In consequence of the rupture with Turkey the cruiser Cassard has left Toulon for Turkish waters. It will be followed by four other warships.

The Ambassador justifies his action on the ground that the Sultan broke his direct, personal promise, given to M. Constans at an audience in the Yildis Palace on Thursday regarding the purchase of the quays and the settlement of the disputed French claims.

The Turkish Foreign Minister also gave formal assurances that the agreement would be carried out, so, in view of this double breach of faith, M. Constans holds that it is impossible for France to continue diplomatic relations with Turkey.

The Temps this morning says the French Ambassador at Constantinople was insulted by the Sultan, and that the situation had taken a bad turn.

**Story of the Dispute.**

The dispute between France and Turkey centers on the Porte's refusal to allow the Quays company, which is a French concern, to enjoy the rights it claims under a convention with Turkey. The Sultan has made determined efforts to obtain possession of the quays, and it was stated on Aug. 4 that negotiations for their purchase were in progress. It was said at that time that the Sultan regarded as highly dangerous the facilities afforded for landing and embarking passengers at Constantinople. Later on it was claimed by the Turkish Embassy in Paris that the Quays company was really an Ottoman concern, though much French capital was invested in it. A little over a week ago the Sultan, while agreeing to give compensation for the property of the Quays company, insisted on the right of Turkey to purchase the concession.

**Personal with Constans.**

When sifted down France's recent difficulties with Turkey are rather personal with Ambassador Constans and his friends. Constans having a large amount of money in the exploitation of the Turkish quays by a French company, at the head of which is Granet, former chief of cabinet for Constans when the latter was Minister of the Interior. It is quite natural that Constans took no pleasure in seeing his own and his friends' money about to be lost by the tardy business methods of the Turks, so urged decisive action on the part of the Foreign office, dictating his own terms in the matter.

**Final Notice to Sultan.**

Dispatches published this morning stated that the Sultan, having failed to carry out his promise to M. Constans, the latter had intimated to the Porte that unless the matter were settled by Monday noon relations between France and Turkey would be broken off. The Sultan promised a settlement by Tuesday noon, agreeing to send to M. Constans a document giving complete satisfaction to France, in accordance with the terms arranged between the Sultan and M. Constans verbally.

Instead of doing this, the Sultan waited until yesterday, when he sent M. Constans a document, the terms of which differed essentially from those arranged at the audience.

Thereupon M. Constans declined to negotiate any further or to hold other communications with the Porte, and referred the matter to the French Foreign office. His dispatch to that effect arrived last night. As the matter stands, relations between M. Constans and the Porte are broken off, but France and Turkey are still in diplomatic relations through the Turkish Ambassador at Paris.

**Think Sultan Will Back Down.**

The unanimous feeling is that the Sultan will climb down. The coming visit of the Czar strengthens the government's position. It could now make a naval and military demonstration without exciting hostile international criticism.

A Foreign office official, interviewed today, said:

"If the Sultan does not keep the promises which he made at the last audience we will have to give the Turkish Ambassador his passports. A solution one way or the other is probable within the next two days."

**As Viewed in London.**

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[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, Aug. 22, 3 a. m.—It is believed the rupture between France and the Porte over the claim of a French engineering company which built the quays at Constantinople will be of short duration and that the trouble is mainly due to the Oriental habit of procrastination. The French government merely needs to offer decisive proof that it is in earnest and both the German Emperor and the Czar will advise the Sultan to carry out the purchase of the quays in accordance with the requirements of the concession.

**May Wait for the Czar.**

The Paris correspondent of the Times suggests that the government will keep the whole series of questions with Turkey open until the arrival of the Czar in France.

The morning papers today, commenting upon the Franco-Turkish situation, consider that the action of M. Constans was fully justified. They do not anticipate any serious results, believing that the Sultan will ultimately yield.

L. N. F.

## LIPTON COMES FOR CUP.

### BRITISH YACHTSMAN WELCOMED AT NEW YORK.

### All Craft in Channel Salute Yachtsman as Teutonic Comes Up Bay—Declares Shamrock II. Is Much Faster than First Challenger and He Expects to Win—Does Not Like American Measuring Rules, but the People Please Him.

New York, Aug. 21.—[Special.]—Sir Thomas Lipton, smiling and bubbling over with enthusiasm over his new yacht Shamrock II., arrived here today on the Teutonic. The vessel was sighted off the Scotland lightship at 4:30 p. m., but did not reach its dock until 8 o'clock.

The Teutonic was hardly past the lightship when Erin, Sir Thomas' steam yacht, hove in sight, discharged a cannon shot, and ran up the signals, "Welcome." Soon afterward the Kanawha, with W. H. Rogers, its owner, and a party of friends on board, passed on its way to Long Branch and the siren was started.

From then until the vessel reached its dock the harbor was full of salutes. Even the old oil ship, the Helios, that was passed just outside the Narrows, tooted its whistles, while many excursion boats seemed beside themselves in their efforts to make noise.

Sir Thomas Lipton stood on the deck of the Teutonic bowing and waving his cap at every vessel that went by.

**Wants Friendship of Americans.**

Sir Thomas was on deck waiting for all who should wish to speak to him. As soon as the Shamrock was broached Sir Thomas said:

"Now, there is just one thing I want, and I hope it will be kept in mind from now until the day when I set sail for home once more: that is, that no matter how the race turns out, I hope we shall retain the good will of the American people. I would not be a sportsman if I did not want my yacht to win, and want that badly, but there is going to be just as much good feeling this year as there was two years ago. Of that I am sure."

As the Teutonic passed Shamrock II. the little boat dipped its colors, and Sir Thomas looked at it with all the pride that a mother takes in her child.

"That is a good boat," he exclaimed, "and I am happy to see that it is in such good condition. By the way, how do the people here who have seen it like it?"

**Faster than Old Challenger.**

He was greatly pleased to learn that certain yachting critics had said of the boat that it was, without question, a superior vessel to Shamrock I.

"There is no doubt about that," he replied. "We tried the two yachts in a ten or twelve knot breeze just before Shamrock II. came to this country, and we found that the new boat on a thirty-five-mile sail was about nine minutes faster than the old one."

"We have built a boat this time," he continued, "for the kind of weather we expect to get off Sandy Hook. It is not built primarily for English weather at all. We want to lift that cup, and in order to do it we must win the race in American waters, therefore, we have made our arrangements accordingly."

**Much Interest in England.**

Sir Thomas said that much more interest was taken in England in the race for this year than was the case two years ago, although even then the whole country seemed excited over it. He said the peculiar concern the King had manifested in the vessel's success had added to the interest. Sir Thomas was especially interested in Independence.

**Will Not Race Independence.**

"I know little about Mr. Lawson's boat," he said, "except what I have read in the papers, but I am much interested to hear of it. I would like much to see Independence, and I hope that I may get an opportunity to witness its sailing powers." There is nothing in the report that it is to sail with us off Sandy Hook while we are preparing for the races."

G. L. Watson, who designed the yacht, said of it:

"It is the best boat I have ever seen or know anything about."

**No Yachtsmen at Pier.**

There were no members of the New York Yacht club at the pier to meet the visiting yachtsman. Lieutenant Governor Woodruff was the only man on hand to extend a personal welcome to the visitor. A stage from the Waldorf-Astoria was in waiting and Sir Thomas and his party immediately boarded it and were driven to the hotel. A crowd was in the corridor as he passed through, and he was bowing to every one of them and beaming with happiness.

Late tonight Sir Thomas said that on Saturday he will see the Constitution-Columbia race as a guest of the Seawanhaka-Corinthian Yacht club, afterwards dining at the club to meet Vice President Roosevelt.

## MARRIAGE DEPARTMENT IN HOUSE-FURNISHING STORE.

### Louis Wellman and Tressa Nelson Buy Goods and Then a Justice Is Summoned and Ceremony Performed.

Louis Wellman and Tressa Nelson were married yesterday in a Wabash avenue furniture store by Justice John McDonnell. County Clerk Knopf issued the license in the afternoon, and the couple proceeded to the store to buy furniture for a flat.

"Now you are all ready except the marriage ceremony," the salesman said, as Mr. Wellman surveyed the articles he had bought. "Why not have that done right away?"

The suggestion was accepted, and the Justice was summoned by telephone. The two were married and left for their future home in West Erie street.

## BEER EXPRESS IN EVANSTON.

### Company Organized by Breweries Begins Deliveries and More Wagons Will Follow.

For the first time beer was delivered in Evanston yesterday by an express company. One wagon, bearing the sign, "The People's Express company," was driven about the streets. The four breweries in the compact to deliver beer in Evanston by a common carrier have formed an express company, and this was the first of their wagons to visit the suburb. Other wagons will follow, and then, according to Chief of Police Knight, war will be made on the breweries which will not deliver by the express company.

## POOR FRUIT CROP HURTS LABOR.

### Can Company at Hamilton, O., Discharges Three Hundred Men Because of Reduced Demand.

Hamilton, O., Aug. 21.—The local branch of the American Can company has discharged 300 men, half its force, because of the failure of the fruit and vegetable crops having reduced the demand for cans to such a great extent.

## WOMEN PROTECT MEN DOWIEITES.

### Six Female Followers of Zion Form Circle and Repel Attack at South Chicago.

### EGGS USED AS MISSILES.

### Elder Mercer and Louis Christiansen, with Two Daughters, Find Safety in the Ring.

### ESCAPE ON A STREET CAR.

While six women followers of John Alexander Dowie joined hands and formed a circle around Elder Mercer and Louis Christiansen, a crowd of angry South Chicago citizens pelted them last night with bad eggs, decayed fruit, and such other rubbish as could be found. Two little girls, daughters of Christiansen, clung to his coat tails while the siege continued against the ring of women.

When the crowd became demonstrative word was sent to the South Chicago police. Several policemen, under Lieutenant Creighton, went to the place. The Lieutenant attempted to restore order, and told the leaders of the crowd that if the trouble was not immediately stopped he would make arrests. He was then called elsewhere and the siege was again begun.

The Dowieites at last retreated and succeeded in boarding a street car and escaping. Christiansen also boarded the car, and, after riding several blocks, left it, and by running through alleys and side streets succeeded in getting to his home without being discovered by any of the crowd.

The six women were under the leadership of Mrs. Belle McMasters. Louis Christiansen figured some time ago in the South Chicago fire, where seven lives were lost, among which was his wife.

During the rain of missiles the Dowieites were singing and praying. At one time some persons carried a large number of eggs to the top of a building, just over the little knot of Dowieites, and threw them in their midst.

**Crowd Gathers at Meeting.**

Shortly after 8:30 o'clock Christiansen, Mrs. McMasters, and Elder Mercer, with the two children and the five women, arrived at Ninety-second street and Houston avenue. The women formed in a circle about Elder Mercer and Christiansen, and the meeting was begun. Each of the Dowieites in turn knelt in the street and prayed, and this was followed by songs and music on a guitar played by one of the women. A crowd slowly gathered about them, and then it was that Christiansen and his two daughters were recognized. Remarks were passed about Christiansen and loud mutterings against him were heard. The prayers and songs continued, however, until suddenly several stale eggs were hurled at the Dowieites.

**Women Form a Ring.**

At first all thought of religion was abandoned, and the women huddled about Elder Mercer and Christiansen. The Dowieites were surrounded, and volleys of eggs, fruit, vegetables, and dirt struck them from all sides. Suddenly the six women took each other's hands and spread out, forcing the crowd back until they had formed a ring about the two men. In this way the men were protected from violence at the hands of any one in the crowd, as no one was ready to mistreat the women, other than throw eggs at them.

Elder Mercer endeavored to talk. He had no more than begun to speak when the crowd hooted and yelled at him, drowning his voice. Then Christiansen stepped forward and shouted that he was sorry to see such a demonstration. He said he was surprised, but nevertheless forgave the persons in the crowd for their actions, and called upon God to forgive their sins. At this moment a veritable shower of eggs fell upon the Dowieites from the top of a building beside which the meeting was held.

At this new show of violence the circle of women moved north on Houston avenue until they arrived at Ninety-first street. Here they were again surrounded by the crowd. Christiansen again attempted to speak. He tried to pray and lead the Dowie followers in song. Each time that he spoke, however, showers of missiles were hurled at him until he was forced to remain silent.

**Seek Safety on Street Car.**

A street car appeared. The Dowieites managed to get beside the track, and when the car stopped they boarded it. Christiansen also went aboard the car and after riding several blocks alighted. He managed to get to his home with his daughters without being discovered by any of the crowd, which had scattered. Elder Mercer and his followers continued on the street car to Sixty-third street.

The same crowd of Dowieites attempted to hold a meeting in South Chicago about two weeks ago, but dispersed before much of a demonstration was made.

## RELEASED FROM PRISON TO SPEND LAST DAYS AT HOME.

### Michael Foley, Sentenced for Burglary, Freed on Writ of Habeas Corpus, a Victim of Consumption.

Leaning on the arm of his aged mother, and surrounded by loving relatives and friends, Michael Foley, wasted by sickness and months of prison toil, returned from the Joliet Penitentiary yesterday to spend his few remaining days in the peace and comfort of his home. He was taken in a carriage to his mother's house, 131 Osgood street.

Foley was sent to the penitentiary two years ago for burglary. The evidence against him seemed convincing. It happened that sentence, which was pronounced by Judge Baker, was passed after the term of court had closed, but this error was unnoticed.

Several months ago consumption attacked Foley, and he began to fail rapidly. Then his friends began to stir themselves in his behalf. An attorney was engaged, who, in looking over the records, discovered the irregularity in the sentence. He at once brought the matter before Judge Brentano, who issued a writ of habeas corpus. Armed with this writ, the lawyer, accompanied by Foley's mother and sister, went to the warden of the penitentiary and secured the release of the prisoner.

## FLAGLER TO TAKE A BRIDE

### MULTI-MILLIONAIRE TO BE WED ON SATURDAY NEXT.

### All Provisions of Law Passed by Florida Legislature Expressly for the Purpose of Divorcing Him from His Insane Wife Are Complied With—Standard Oil Magnate Goes to Wilmington, N. C., to Meet His Fiancee, Miss Mary Lily Kenan.

Wilmington, N. C., Aug. 21.—[Special.]—Henry M. Flagler, the Standard Oil magnate, is about to realize his heart's desire, and take to himself a new wife.

Having induced the Legislature of Florida to pass a law by which he could secure a divorce from his insane wife, and having procured, in due course of time, the desired decree, Mr. Flagler will be married next Saturday.

The woman whom he is to wed is Miss Mary Lily Kenan of this city, and the ceremony will take place at Kenansville, in Duplin County. Mr. Flagler and a party of friends left Palm Beach, Fla., tonight on a special train and will arrive here tomorrow afternoon.

**Start for Kenansville.**

The wedding party, including the members of the Kenan family and the Wilmington guests, will leave here on a special train on Saturday morning for Magnolia, the nearest railroad station to Kenansville, which is seven miles from the Atlantic coast line and is a country village, containing about 300 inhabitants.

The Kenans were among the early settlers and were prominent in the revolutionary period. The Kenan homestead is in the little village, and though Miss Kenan's parents reside in Wilmington, the wedding will take place there.

**Miss Kenan a Cultured Woman.**

Miss Kenan is 26 years of age and is the daughter of Captain William R. Kenan of this city, who served in the confederate army during the civil war. She is a woman of rare culture. Mr. Flagler met her eight years ago while he was on a visit to Pembroke Jones, who was then a resident of Wilmington.

The affair was to have taken place in June, and all the arrangements were made, but by some oversight the Florida statute passed for Mr. Flagler's special benefit was not complied with in the particular that sixty days' notice of his application for divorce from his wife had not been made. This formality had to be complied with, and hence the nuptials of the multi-millionaire were postponed to this week.

**How the Statute Was Passed.**

Flagler obtained control of the Florida Legislature and through the efforts of men representing him that body passed a law providing that a person may secure a divorce in that State providing the other party to the marriage had been insane for a stated number of years. No other grounds are required.

The efforts of Flagler's representatives to gain control of the Florida Legislature caused one of the greatest political sensations the State has ever known. It broke the party lines and was bitterly opposed by newspapers and many of the leading men of the State. No effort to conceal the purpose of the law was made.

## FATHER AND SON IN CELL; BOTH CALL IT AN OUTRAGE.

### Carl Lindenman, Arrested as a Holdup Man, Says He Is Innocent—Difficulty Over Bond Causes Father's Trouble.

Carl Lindenman, arrested as a holdup man on the word of a drunken man, declares he was trying to rescue some unknown victim of robbers at the time. Therefore he is indignant at the police of the East Chicago Avenue Station. The police, however, say he was pointed out to them as a robber, and that they could not help but arrest him.

Lindenman's story is this: He was awakened in his home, 115 Gault court, early yesterday morning by hearing cries for help. Thinking it might be his father who called, he dressed and hurried out. Seeing no one, he went to the East Chicago Avenue Station and asked who had been robbed. "No one," said Lieutenant Miller. Lindenman started home.

Half way back he saw several policemen and two citizens. He started to ask what was wrong, when one of the men declared Lindenman had just robbed him. Then Lindenman was locked up, despite his protests. He says, too, that the police refused to give him the clothing his mother took to the station.

Yesterday his case was called in Justice Kersten's court. There his father, Christ Lindenman, was arrested for creating a disturbance in the courtroom. When Lindenman went to the clerk's desk to sign his son's bond he was asked for the $1 fee.

"I haven't it," he said.

"Then you won't get your bond," returned the clerk.

The son was led back into a cell, and the father became angry. When he found himself in a cell he offered to pay the $1 fee, but the Justice refused his bond. Later bonds were accepted for both. The elder Lindenman will be given a hearing this morning for disorderly conduct and contempt of court.

Both father and son declare that they were roughly handled and that Mrs. Lindenman was insulted.

## START TO CROSS LAKE IN AN OPEN ROW BOAT.

### Three Venturesome Oarsmen Leave St. Joseph, Mich., on Journey of Sixty-two Miles.

St. Joseph, Mich., Aug. 21.—[Special.]—Duff Mason, Joe Mason, and Bert Morris, the three St. Joseph oarsmen who hope to gain the distinction of being the first oarsmen in the history of Lake Michigan to row in a small open boat across the lake from St. Joseph to Chicago, began their voyage at 8:32 tonight.

As the little boat containing the fearless navigators passed down the St. Joseph River and entered the lake the boys were cheered at every dip of the long oars. Good wishes were extended to them by scores of friends and citizens collected about the docks to witness the first few hundred yards of the sixty-two-mile voyage to Chicago.

The oarsmen had blankets and food stored away in the stern of the boat, and, if overtaken by any unexpected squalls or delays, they will be in a position to remain in the craft for several days without enduring any hardships.

They expect to arrive at the Chicago Yacht clubhouse not later than 6 o'clock Thursday evening.

## DAVIS GIVES UP HOPE OF STRIKE.

### Vice President of Amalgamated Association Admits Defeat in South Chicago.

### MEN STAND BY DECISION.

### Call for Aid of Officers of National Organization Probably Will Be Rescinded This Week.

### SHAFFER TO FORCE PEACE.

### Labor Leader Proposes to Bring About Crisis Between Magnates and Union Which Will Hasten Settlement.

### JOLIET WORKMEN WAVERING.

While Vice President Davis affirms the steadfastness of the striking members of the Amalgamated association in Joliet, from which city he returned last night, he admits that the probability of a strike among the South Chicago workers is practically hopeless, and that the call for the aid of the national officers of the Amalgamated association in South Chicago may be rescinded.

It is said that the Joliet strikers are discussing the advisability of going back to work should the mills be opened again, and that developments may be expected before Sunday. The prediction was made yesterday that the Illinois Steel company would post notices calling the men to work before the end of the week.

The statement issued on Tuesday by the anti-strike element caused a change of sentiment in the few wavering adherents of Davis, and in South Chicago yesterday the opinion was voiced by many that the question was effectually settled.

**Declare First Decision Final.**

Members of the lodges who heretofore have been reticent concerning their position in the matter, now display no hesitancy in declaring that the first decision of the board is the final one.

It is declared impossible for Vice President Davis to secure an attendance of two score members at the meeting proposed for next Sunday, and the men assert that organization efforts by the leaders of the national body who may come would be directed to empty chairs.

**Will Make Another Statement.**

George W. Shepard, former President of Lakeside lodge, said last evening that the members of the lodges would not assemble as members of the Amalgamated association until the time came for them to appear in the rôle of plaintiffs, rather than defendants.

"The statement issued yesterday does not end this episode," he asserted. "It was for the general public, but when the proper time arrives another phase of the matter will be shown, and we will explain to those to whom explanation is due the hidden side of this controversy."

**Refuse to Return Charters.**

The charters of the lodges, so peremptorily revoked by Secretary Tighe, have not been returned to the national body, and the officers assert that at the national convention of the body, to be held in Wheeling, W. Va., next May, the authority of the deputy of President Shaffer will be questioned. They express confidence of the restoration of their privileges.

**Admits Force of Statement.**

At 10 p. m. Vice President Davis returned from a trip to Joliet. "The statement issued yesterday will undoubtedly affect our efforts," he said, "even though it is in parts a misrepresentation of facts. I will give $5 to every member of the lodges who will say that I advised him not to strike."

Mr. Davis declared that a meeting would be held on Sunday, should an attendance of only ten be present, but said that should less than fifty members attend an attempt to reconsider the first decision and declare a general strike would be futile.

**May Go Back to Work.**

Indications that the Illinois Steel company's employés at Joliet are thinking of going back to work came to the surface yesterday at a slimly attended meeting of strikers in Trade and Labor Hall. One of the strikers stated that, should the company post a notice for the mills to start up, the men would return to work the next day. It was also stated that such a notice was expected before Sunday.

The change of sentiment was manifested in the character of the attendance at the meeting. It was noticeable that those absent were the men who have given the Amalgamated association its strength in Joliet—men who have been in the front when any disputes were to be settled or grievances adjusted. Secretary Davis was given applause, but it did not equal that given Tighe when he induced the men to strike. Mr. Davis himself was visibly disappointed in the reversal of feeling among the men. He did not stay until the meeting was out.

"Since the strike has been on," said one of the strikers, "the superintendents of the different mills have talked with their men. They found the men had no grievance of their own and that they felt the strike was not justified. If it were not for the men of the rod mill the strike order would be rescinded at once."

**Superintendent Brooks Resigns.**

It was announced yesterday that John T. Brooks had resigned as superintendent of the Joliet mills of the American Steel and Wire company to accept the position of superintendent of the western plants of the Colorado Fuel and Iron company located at Pueblo, Colo. Jason V. Bacon, assistant to Mr. Brooks, succeeds him and will have charge of the Joliet works for the time being.

**Pay Strikers in Milwaukee.**

Milwaukee, Wis., Aug. 21.—The Illinois Steel company at its Bay View plant in this city today paid off the strikers, and those affected by the strike, in full, and they are considered no longer as employés. Superintendent George L. Reis made a significant remark today, to the effect that the Illinois Steel company now had the right to employ

non-union men if it so desired. To this statement the strikers agreed.

**Shaffer to Force Peace.**

Pittsburg, Pa., Aug. 21.—President Theodore J. Shaffer of the Amalgamated association said tonight that he has well defined plans to bring the great strike to a close. This is to be done by bringing about such a crisis in the differences between the steel corporation and the Amalgamated association as will force a settlement. Just how all this is to be accomplished is a mystery, but it will not be by arbitration or litigation.

In answer to questions about the numerous stories going the rounds of mediation or arbitration Mr. Shaffer dismissed all by saying:

"We have not heard from the other side; we have not placed anything before them, and I know of nobody acting for either side or on any side.

"We are not hunting for arbitration. Arbitration, representing both sides might be worse than the strike itself. Two willing champions, one for either side, might have a worse fight in choosing a third party and in settling the differences than we in the continuation of the strike.

"I have told the other side that personally I would consent for disinterested arbitration in the hands of such public men as Archbishop Ireland, Bishop Potter, and Seth Low. Although I did not, as an officer of the association, suggest such a move, I was willing to advise it."

Disquieting rumors were circulated to the effect that the Demmler plant at McKeesport would be started tonight with non-union men, but it did not take place.

**Seven Strikers Are Arrested.**

Seven strikers were arrested near the gates of the Pennsylvania tube works in Soho. When the whistle blew at 5:30 a crowd of about 1,500 gathered to give a warm reception to any workers who might come from the mill. None came, but the crowd became noisy, and the large force of policemen on hand ran the leaders (all foreigners) into the mill office and called for the patrol.

This has been a day of exciting rumors in the strike situation, beginning with a report of a plot to destroy the Monongahela tinplate plant, and ending with a story that the steel magnates are arranging for the removal of their largest plants to England. However, official denial was given to all these interesting tales.

It was another day of peace in all the strike districts, although the general probability of trouble holds good at the places where feeling runs high.

Late in the day the fires were lighted in the Demmler tinplate works at McKeesport, but the machinery was not started, and no attempt was made to operate it. It is believed, however, that the move is preliminary to a start with non-union men.

The Monessen plant is moving ahead uninterruptedly with full crews, and the Crescent works at Cleveland has about half the machines in operation.

**Says Few Men Are Working.**

John Sternsdroff, a rougher from Richmond, Va., who claims that he was a member of the party of strike breakers brought to Homestead on Sunday by Alabama Joe Carter, was at strike headquarters today. He said that Carter had entirely misrepresented the facts to him. He says fourteen men left Richmond, that five deserted en route and that three left when he did. He placed the number of men now in the mill at eighteen and said little work was being accomplished.

According to the strike leaders only twenty men who were formerly members of the Amalgamated association have gone to work in mills that are now being operated partly or in full with non-union men. The steel managers place the number of desertions at a bigger figure.

President Shaffer said that he was still prepared to discuss honorable terms of settlement with the steel corporation, but that he did not look for any move in that direction for some time to come.

## ASSAULT TWO NON-UNION MEN.

**Striking Machinists or Sympathizers Attack Employes at Allis-Chalmers Plant and Gates Iron Works.**

Two non-union men employed by the Allis-Chalmers company and the Gates iron works were assaulted yesterday, either by striking machinists or their sympathizers. Joe Getz was severely assaulted by two men at the Allis-Chalmers plant, and a laborer who was engaged in unloading material from a car at the Gates iron works also was attacked.

Twenty-nine non-union men were taken into the Allis-Chalmers plant yesterday. Mr. Chalmers now insists there are 200 competent machinists, patternmakers, and molders inside the works, in place of the skilled men who struck several weeks ago.

The regularity with which the National Metal Trades and the National Founders' associations are bringing in men is driving the strikers to resort to extreme measures. As a result it is the intention of Business Agent Ireland to secure an attorney, who will be authorized to sue out an injunction for the purpose of testing the State law bearing on the importation of labor to break a strike, which the machinists insist is being violated by the two national organizations.

Striking iron molders reported yesterday that an agreement had been reached with the Brighton Foundry company and the Franklin Foundry company, the two firms employing thirty-five men.

Secretary Joseph Dase of the Chicago Building Trades league has received a letter from Secretary W. H. Stinbiss of the National Building Trades council denying the local body admission to the national organization. While denying the Building Trades league admission to the National Building Trades council, Secretary Stinbiss advises the unions in the organization to affiliate themselves with the central body of the Chicago Building Trades council, which still is recognized by the national organization.

Eight union molders at the Maywood Foundry and Machine company went on a strike yesterday. The men demand a fixed scale of wages, with a signed agreement. They have been receiving $3 per day, but would secure no assurance from the firm that the scale would be permanent.

## ASSIGNS, THEN KILLS HIMSELF.

**Belfast, Me., Shoe Manufacturer Commits Suicide After Putting Big Business Into Court's Hands.**

Boston, Mass., Aug. 21.—[Special.]—Critchett, Sibley & Co., boot and shoe manufacturers, operating a great plant in Belfast, Me., with offices in this city, made an assignment today for the benefit of the creditors. The liabilities are thought to be heavy.

A. Cutter Sibley, a member of the firm, committed suicide at Belfast, Me., yesterday, in the barn adjoining his house.

Before killing himself Sibley wrote several notes announcing to his friends that he had made an assignment of his interests in his firm for the benefit of creditors.

The Critchett, Sibley & Co. factory is the largest manufacturing plant in Belfast and employs 350 hands.

Mr. Sibley for years had been recognized as one of the leading business men of the city. He was President of the Belfast Board of Trade and Vice President of the State Board of Trade, and closely identified with social and charitable organizations. His financial standing was of the best. He was 56 years of age.

## JAIL AWAITS SCHOOL BOARD.

**Omaha's Directors of Education Continue to Defy Council and Warrants Are in Officers' Hands.**

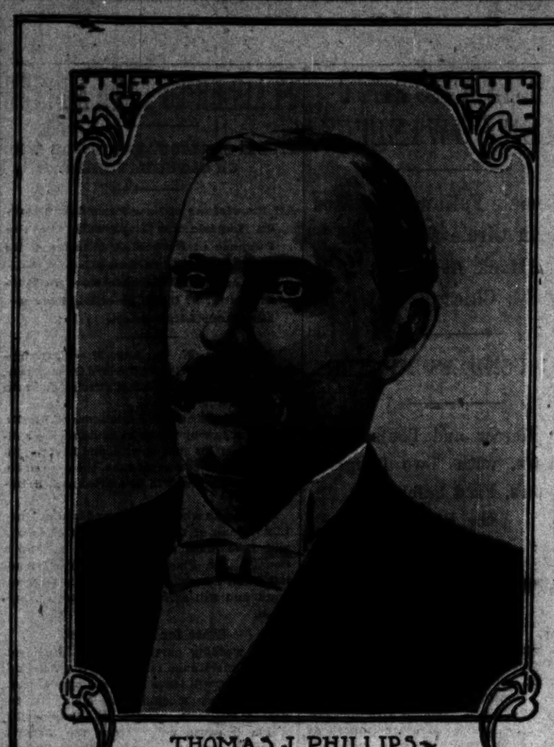
Omaha, Neb., Aug. 21.—[Special.]—The Board of Education members, given the alternative of appearing before the City Council as witnesses or going to jail, accepted the latter, and warrants are out for their arrest.

Member Robert Smith and others state that they will not appear before the Council unless carried there in a patrol wagon. They prefer to answer in police court for an infraction of the city ordinance enjoining upon them obedience to the Council. The warrants are now in the hands of officers.

The School board originally incurred the Council's displeasure by implying, in the report of a committee, that fines were being diverted through official corruption. The Council then undertook an inquiry.

There is no better dinner wine than Cook's Imperial Extra Dry Champagne. It helps digest your food."

## DEMOCRATIC NOMINEE FOR GOVERNOR OF IOWA



THOMAS J. PHILLIPS.

## IOWA STANDS BY BRYAN.

**DEMOCRATIC STATE CONVENTION UPHOLDS FREE SILVER.**

**Kansas City Platform Reaffirmed After a Lively Fight—Repeal of Mulct Law Is Demanded and Local Option Is Urged—Reform in Railway Regulation Also Asked—T. J. Phillips Nominated for Governor and Other Offices Filled.**

For Governor.....T. J. PHILLIPS
For Lieutenant Governor.....G. E. FERGUSON
For Supreme Judge.....JOHN SHORTLEY
For Supt. Instruction.....W. D. JOHNSON
For Railway Commissioner.....A. C. BRICE

Des Moines, Ia., Aug. 21.—[Special.]—The silver wing of the Democratic party captured the State convention, which today nominated a full ticket and secured the adoption of resolutions reaffirming the Kansas City platform, but only after a protracted fight in which the heated scenes of all past contests within the party were far eclipsed.

The test of strength came on the adoption of the reports of the Resolutions committee, the silver men securing the substitution of the minority for the majority report by a vote of 634½ to 536½. The contest in the Committee on Resolutions was exceeded in warmth and noisy demonstrations by the fight on the floor of the convention only because the last named body outnumbered the first.

The majority report urged an equitable distribution of the burden of taxation, demanded the repeal of the mulct law, the passage of a local option law, and the abolition of the offices of State printer and binder, omitting all mention of silver or past platforms, either State or national.

**Upholds Kansas City Platform.**

A minority report was presented by Walt Butler of the Seventh and signed by him and Claude Porter of the Eighth and John R. Serley of the First. It was identical with the majority report except that the preamble contained a flat reaffirmation of the Kansas City platform.

A third report declared State issues paramount, "without repudiating any past declarations of the Democratic party," making no reference whatever to any national issue. It was introduced as a substitute for the substitute for the majority report, and was ruled out on a point of order raised by Walt Butler.

It was fully half an hour before the chairman could secure a vote on the substitution of the minority for the majority report, and at the conclusion an even greater uproar followed an attempt to secure a change in the preamble, the chair declaring all substitutes out of order for the reason the adoption of the minority report carried everything with it.

**Declaration on State Issues.**

The majority report was in full as follows:

"We, the Democrats of Iowa, in convention assembled, do hereby declare and adopt the following declaration of principles:

"Resolved, That the fundamental principle of Democracy, 'equal rights to all and special privileges to none,' applies in full force to the subject of taxation. The Democratic party believes that the burdens of taxation should be borne equally by all taxable property. We pledge the members of the General Assembly to formulate and urge the adoption of such a law as will compel the burdens of taxation to rest on corporate and individual property alike without favor or exemption of any interests.

"We demand economy in the administration of State affairs, the repeal of the mulct law, the enactment of a local option law, the abolition of the offices of State printer and State binder, and the contracting for supplies for the State with the lowest responsible bidder.

"We cordially invite all honest men of the State to unite with us in securing the enactment of these principles into law."

To this was attached the preamble affirming the Kansas City platform.

**Phillips Named for Governor.**

A roll call of counties was ordered for nominations for Governor, when J. R. Caldwell of the Fifth presented the name of J. J. Stigers of Toledo and John R. Lewis placed in nomination Thomas J. Phillips of Ottumwa. Lewis was interrupted by a delegate who wanted to know if Phillips was the candidate of the Burlington railroad, and whether or not he could successfully meet A. B. Cummins on the stump. There was no nomination on the first ballot, but on the second Thomas J. Phillips of Ottumwa secured 505½ to 580½ for J. J. Stigers and was declared the nominee.

G. E. Ferguson of Harrison County, editor of the Logan Nucleus, was named for Lieutenant Governor by acclamation.

The nominations of John Shortley of Boone and A. C. Brice of Taylor County for Supreme Judge and Railroad Commissioner respectively, were made by acclamation, but there was a contest over the office of State Superintendent. Only one ballot was taken, however, the vote standing: William D. Johnson of Carroll, 594½; Sam D. Whiting of Johnson, 523½; Logan Steese of Des Moines County, 84.

## QUICK WORK IN PENNSYLVANIA.

**Republicans Name Ticket and Adopt a Platform in a Session an Hour and a Half Long.**

For State Treasurer.....FRANK G. HARRIS
For Judge Supreme Court.....S. P. PORTER

Harrisburg, Pa., Aug. 21.—[Special.]—The Republican State convention was called to order at the opera-house in this city this forenoon at 11 o'clock.

At 12:30 o'clock the convention adjourned sine die, having in an hour and a half listened to two speeches, nominated a State ticket by acclamation, read and adopted a platform, and selected a State central committee.

Judge William P. Porter, the candidate for Judge of the Supreme Court, was formerly Governor Stone's law partner, and was last year appointed to that bench to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Judge Green.

Frank G. Harris, nominee for State Treasurer, is serving his third term in the Lower House of the State Legislature. He has always been a supporter of Senator Quay.

The platform is unique in that it devotes a lengthy paragraph to the denunciation of "yellow journalism." This plank is as follows:

"We are amused, rather than concerned, by the declarations of the last Democratic State convention, for we readily recognize, as all the people must, the cooperation of certain newspapers in their preparation, which papers, failing in their attempt to disrupt the Republican party, have crawled under the tents of the Democracy with their stale and false charges, and succeeded in having them adopted as a Democratic platform. The platform of the late Democratic State convention will be found in the files of the so-called yellow journals during the last four months.

"We charge the so-called yellow journals with being subsidized by the full page advertisements which they carry. The advertiser is permitted to dictate their policy and at his behest these newspapers have perverted the news columns and the editorial page from being an honest record of daily events to a labored attempt to misrepresent facts."

Other planks of the platform commend the administration of President McKinley and the conduct of the late war with Spain. Congratulate the people over prosperity, express regret over strike, and acknowledges the debt the State owes to United States Senators Quay and Penrose for their watchful care over the peoples' welfare.

## HOGE IS NAMED IN VIRGINIA.

**Virginia Republicans Nominate State Ticket After Wrangle Which Lasts Nearly All Day.**

Roanoke, Va., Aug. 21.—The Republican State convention, the first to name a straight ticket in four years, met at noon. Of the five surviving confederate Generals in Virginia four were in the convention. The convention rowed over contests, and it was 11 o'clock before nominations were called for. Colonel J. Hampton Hoge of Roanoke and Warren S. Lurty of Rockingham were placed in nomination for Governor.

Hoge was nominated for Governor, R. W. Blair for Lieutenant Governor, and D. L. Groner for Attorney General.

## CAR KILLS GIRL AND MOB ATTACKS THE MOTORMAN.

**New York Crowd Beats Julius Seibel Until Policemen Arrive and Rescue Him—Forget Body of Victim.**

New York, Aug. 21.—[Special.]—Julius Seibel was the motorman of a car of the Madison avenue line tonight when, at One Hundred and First street, it knocked down Annie Emory, 9 years old, the daughter of a carpenter, cutting off the back of her head.

While the body of the girl lay under the car the crowd of men, women, and children attacked him, yelling that he ought to be lynched, and three policemen had difficulty in protecting him. Some one cried:

"Lynch him!" Some one else, "Kill him!" Another, "Kill him any way at all!"

The motorman seized his controller to defend himself. It was snatched out of his hand. The man who got it tried to hit him in the head with it. Seibel dodged. A man hit him in the face. A woman struck out at him and threw a pear at him. Other women tried to get at him and the men hit him again and again. Seibel realized his danger and struck out right and left. He was pressed back against the car, but he fought on. Seibel rushed the crowd and was in the midst of a mob of men and women, all trying to strike him.

The fighting and yelling and screaming crowd had increased to 500 or 600 people. Policemen Fisher and Costin reached Seibel. Policeman Swirx came up, and the three men surrounded Seibel and took him to the station-house.

All this time the body of the girl lay under the car. It was many minutes before a man pulled the body out.

## DEAN WAYLAND SERIOUSLY ILL.

**Head of Yale Law School Believed in Grave Peril—Doctors and Family Refuse Information.**

New Haven, Conn., Aug. 21.—[Special.]—Professor Francis Wayland, dean of the Yale law school, is seriously ill at his residence in this city. Dr. S. D. Gilbert, who is in charge, tonight declined to give out any information in the case. At the Wayland mansion in Whitney avenue every request for information was denied.

**$7 TO MACKINAC ISLAND AND RETURN,**

**$5 to Petoskey,**

Bay View, Traverse City, and other northern Michigan points and return, via Michigan Central and Grand Rapids and Indiana Ry. Tickets will be on sale Aug. 23, good to return leaving destination not later than Sept. 3, 1901. City ticket office, 119 Adams street, Chicago

## HE DIES BESIDE DEAD FIANCEE.

**John Schamel Views Her Remains in New York Morgue, Then Shoots Himself.**

**MANY SEE BABY PARADE.**

**Police Commissioner Murphy Suspends Accused Sergeant and Wardmen.**

**OTHER NEW YORK NEWS.**

NEW YORK BUREAU CHICAGO TRIBUNE, New York, Aug. 21.

**Ends His Life Beside Body of Dead Sweetheart.**

After looking at the body of Annie Borsiock in the morgue of the Presbyterian Hospital today John Schamel, 1457 Second avenue, shot himself dead. The woman died in the hospital on Tuesday night. She was admitted to the institution on Monday, and the same day made an ante-mortem statement to Coroner Zucca which it is alleged implicates two midwives and a man.

According to George Story, a clerk of the hospital, the man asked to be allowed to see the body of the dead woman on the ground that he was her brother. He was shown to the morgue by the morgue keeper, and the woman's face was uncovered. He approached it and kissed the lips. The keeper, thinking he would let the man alone for a few minutes, left the place. As he closed the door he heard a pistol shot, and reentering found the man lying on the floor with a bullet wound in his right temple. Help was called and the man was carried up-stairs, but he died almost instantly. The police think that he is the man they have been looking for in connection with the case.

On Tuesday, at the instance of Coroner Zucca, Dr. Jacques E. Zipser, 405 East Eighty-fourth street, was arrested and held by the Coroner in $1,000 bail.

Detectives learned that the dead woman's mother lived at 317 East Seventy-third street. From photographs found in the dead man's possession Mrs. Borsiock identified the man as Schamel. Schamel and her daughter, she woman said, had been engaged for five years, and were to be married. Before killing himself Schamel wrote a note asking that he and his sweetheart be buried together.

A petition in involuntary bankruptcy was filed today against George W. Lederer, theatrical manager, by three creditors, W. C. Cubith, Ludwig Englander, and D. Frank Dodge, whose claims amount to $8,701. The claim of Mr. Englander is $7,000 for royalties, for composing music for comic operas produced by Mr. Lederer which were composed at his special request. Mr. Englander holds no security.

**50,000 Persons See Asbury Park Baby Parade.**

Asbury Park's eleventh annual baby parade attracted 50,000 spectators to the shore front this afternoon. All of them cheered to the echo the 610 babies and children as they passed in review before the judges.

The parade took place on Ocean avenue, which was covered with matting for its entire length. In the front of a grand stand sat the judges. Miss Grace Crawford, gowned in a Grecian robe, acted the Queen. Her maids of honor were Misses Florence Broadbent and Mabel Parks of Philadelphia, Miss Bessie Dickerson of New York, Miss Ruth Dunbauth of Pueblo, Colo.; Miss Hazel E. Osterman of Kingston, N. Y.; and Miss Ines Q. Phillips of Cleveland, O.

Much originality was displayed in preparing the baby carriages for the prizes, aggregating over $1,000 in value, ranging from $25 to $150. In the throng were ten sets of twins, representing Glen Ridge, N. J., Chicago, Asbury Park, Trenton, Ocean Grove Heights, Brooklyn, New York City, and Newark. In all the paraders represented sixty-five cities.

The $150 silver loving cup went to Virginia Hope Kelsey. All the prizes were distributed tonight at the Queen's Carnival.

The committee in charge of the subscription fund for the relief of the sufferers by a hurricane in Porto Rico in 1890 met this afternoon in the Mayor's office to distribute $32,000 in cash that remained on hand. It was decided to give $10,000 to the hospitals on the island and the balance to an orphan asylum now being built in Ponce.

**Accused Sergeant and Wardmen Are Suspended.**

Police Commissioner Murphy had not been at police headquarters five minutes this morning before he had suspended Mr. Devery's Tenderloin wardman, Edward Glennon, Sergeant Sheils of the Tenderloin, and Captain Flood's wardman, Dwyer.

"On what grounds?" Colonel Murphy was asked.

"No grounds have been assigned," he replied. "The action was taken on what has happened down-town. I thought that it was only fair to the other men in the department that men held under bail should not be allowed to do police duty. That was all."

Indictments will be handed up by the grand jury to Recorder Goff tomorrow against "Wardman" Edward G. Glennon, Devery's intimate friend; Sergeant John H. Sheils, and Patrolman John Dwyer, arrested on Tuesday, charged with willful neglect of duty in failing to suppress the disorderly house at 148 West Thirty-third street, and with aiding and abetting the maintenance of the place as a disorderly resort.

The indictment of the three policemen will obviate the necessity of any examination of them before Justice Jerome. It will also prevent the cross examination of the witnesses for the people by the accused men's counsel.

The Rev. G. B. Harrington, pastor of the Methodist Church at Oxford, N. J., committed suicide today by hanging himself in the church belfry. He was married only two weeks ago. Criticism of his marriage by members of his church is thought to have caused him to kill himself.

**Locked Up Jury Because of Bribe Rumors.**

The fact became known today that Recorder Goff locked up the Bissert jury because he had been warned that an attempt would be made to bribe one of the jurors. Some of Bissert's own friends were responsible for the story, which afterwards was confirmed by one of District Attorney Philbin's associates.

Soon after the Bissert jury was selected Recorder Goff was told that an attempt would be made to reach one of the jurymen. Recorder Goff and the District Attorney made a searching inquiry, and while they found no absolute proof of any such conspiracy they did discover enough of a suspicious nature to warrant Recorder Goff in taking the greatest precautions with the jurymen. Since Bissert's conviction, the District Attorney's office has followed the matter, with the result that one of Recorder Goff's friends on Mr. Philbin's staff reported to him on Tuesday that Bissert's friends had made arrangements to raise $15,000 for the express purpose of "fixing" one or more of the jurors. As soon as the Recorder became convinced that there was a scheme on foot to tamper with the jurymen he adopted strict precautions.

His action was a great disappointment to certain Tammany officials who were making bets that the jury would promptly acquit Bissert.

Pearl Mary Teresa Craige, the well-known novelist, whose pen name is John Oliver Hobbes, will visit the United States next winter. She is not coming with the definite idea of collecting literary material, but as the guest of Mrs. Marean, wife of Justice Marean of the Supreme Court in Brooklyn.

**Henry Dolan, Philanthropist, Is Buried.**

Henry Dolan was buried today from his home, 6 West Thirty-sixth street. There were a few friends of Mr. Dolan from the Union club present, and a large number of negroes who have been either his servants or dependents upon his charities for many years. Mr. Dolan, who left a fortune estimated at several millions, had for a number of years lived alone in the Thirty-sixth street house, and occupied himself with charities among negroes in this borough and in Brooklyn.

It is understood among his acquaintances there were forty or more colored people in Brooklyn who were entirely dependent upon his charities.

The principal heir is Mrs. Mary de Forrest of Irving, Marshall County, Kas.

Mrs. de Forest has four sisters, a Mrs. Cushing of Chicago, Mrs. Coleman of Buffalo, N. Y.; Mrs. Palmer and Mrs. Steward of Irving, Kas. Their father, Goodwin Dolan, was Henry Dolan's brother. According to a dispatch from Irving, Mrs. de Forest is a widow 60 years of age, and lives alone in a small cottage. She was for a number of years employed on the Atchison Globe. Some estimates of Mr. Dolan's estate place it at $8,000,000. Mrs. de Forest and her sisters are the next of kin to Mr. Dolan and direct heirs.

**Son of French Sugar Magnate Aids a Hospital.**

Charles Frohman decided today to put a stage version of Irving Bacheller's "Eben Holden" into rehearsal at once and produce it about Oct. 1 outside of this city. Edward E. Rose is the writer of the play, and E. M. Holland will have the title role. This is the first of the season book pieces to be put into preparation.

Robert Lebaudy, whose father is almost as great a power in sugar interests in France as the American Sugar Refining company is in this country, in the twenty-four hours that he spent in this city while on his way back to Paris after a trip around the world, took advantage of the opportunity to become a member of the French Benevolent association of this city. He subscribed $10,000 to the building fund for the hospital the association is to build in West Thirty-fourth street. Mr. Lebaudy told Edmond Bruwaert, the French Consul General in this city, that his income had been so large last year that he did not know how to spend his money. The association purposes to build on this site a hospital to cost $150,000. With Mr. Lebaudy's gift it now has $55,000 toward the cost of the building.

**Millionaire Broker Benjamin Parr Is Arrested.**

Benjamine Parr, the millionaire member of the firm of Parr & Weeks, 4 State street, New York, flour brokers, was arrested tonight at Yonkers, charged with grand larceny. The complainant is Noah Leader Jr. of Manhattan. Mr. Parr was arrested as he stepped from the 6:30 p. m. express, accompanied by his sister-in-law, Miss Lilienthal, who eloped with Sidney Lavalle, the bogus Lord Beresford and afterwards was divorced from him when he was imprisoned. He was arraigned and paroled to appear for trial. Leader charges that Parr is withholding from him valuable legal documents. Mr. Leader was appointed as referee to take depositions of Parr and his wife in a suit. The Supreme Court issued a commission to Leader to take the testimony. Leader showed him the commission and interrogatories, and says that as soon as he laid them on the table Parr grabbed them and said: "I have the papers now, and have a great mind to burn them or tear them up." Parr refused to give up the papers.

Mrs. John Gorse Simmons, the wife of Dr. Simmons, a prominent physician of Westchester, who left her husband a week ago because he put her friend, Miss Lea Walters, out of their home, began today, in addition to the separation action, a suit for absolute divorce on statutory grounds. Mrs. Simmons demands alimony at the rate of $100 a month and $250 counsel fees pending the trial. Miss Walters, her attorney says, will bring a heavy suit for damages for slander against Dr. Simmons for the alleged false statements that he made about her.

**Alva E. Belmont Sells Historic Gray Craig Park.**

Alva E. Belmont, wife of Oliver H. P. Belmont, has sold her place on Paradise avenue, in Middletown, R. I., known as Gray Craig Park, to Sarah Wood Clark, wife of John Mitchell Clark of New York. "Gray Craig" is one of the best known places in Newport. There is nothing but a modern farmhouse on the property, but Mrs. Clark will build a handsome villa and greatly improve the already attractive grounds. The property comprises 105 acres and includes the famous "hanging rocks" under which Bishop Berkeley did much of his literary work.

Mary Elizabeth Lease, formerly of Kansas, has obtained a discharge in bankruptcy. Her debts amounted to $3,247.

**Dr. W. Seward Webb Injured in a Railway Accident.**

Dr. W. Seward Webb was one of the central figures in an accident on the Mohawk and Malone railroad yesterday afternoon. He was making a trip over the road on his special engine, when, at a point two miles from Horse Shoe Pond, where there is a sharp curve, the engine ran full upon a handcar containing six workmen. The handcar was demolished and the workingmen scattered in all directions, but fortunately no one was badly hurt. Dr. Webb jumped through the window of the engine before the speed of the engine had been slackened, but his injuries are not severe. The engine was badly damaged and traffic was so greatly interrupted that the train, which should have reached Utica yesterday afternoon, did not arrive there until 2 o'clock this morning.

**Burglars Cart Off Wagon-Load of Valuable Loot.**

Burglars visited three towns in Westchester County last night and carried away a wagon load of booty worth many thousands of dollars. The most extensive operation of the thieves was in Mount Vernon, where the summer home of Charles Barrick, a wealthy carriage manufacturer, was robbed of $5,000 worth of valuables. The house was ransacked from cellar to roof, and solid silverware, watches, diamonds, sealskins, and other fur garments were taken. The burglars visited the pantry, spread out dishes of food, and ate a generous meal before departing.

The robbers spread out the silverware on the dining-room table and tested it with acid at their leisure. The police believe that a woman was connected with the burglary, as small footprints, like those made by a woman's high heeled shoes, were found near the cellar window.

## CHICAGO LAW SCHOOL IS OUT.

**Association at Denver Refuses It Membership—American Bar Representatives in Annual Session.**

Denver, Colo., Aug. 21.—[Special.]—The Chicago Law School has been denied admission to the association of American Law Schools, as it was found not to fill the requirements as to preliminary education and was further defective as to announcements that students with certificates from other colleges be admitted at advanced standing.

Chicago was adversely reported upon by the committee and excluded by the association, which held a session this afternoon. The meeting is in connection with the convention of the American Bar association.

One unfavorable circumstance was that the dean who applied for membership for Chicago had retired, and his successor failed to reply to the queries of the association.

The application of the Chicago Kent College of Law was referred to the Executive committee, the application having arrived too late for action. The school will be dealt with as a new applicant, but will have proper notice.

Women were refused admission to the American Bar association today by formal action taken in rejecting the application of an Iowa woman lawyer.

The twenty-fourth annual meeting of the Bar association opened with a large attendance of members and the Tabor Grand Opera-House was filled with visitors.

The important feature of the session was the address by President Edmund Wetmore of New York, reviewing the important changes in the statute laws of the nation and the States.

"A striking fact," he said, "that, while thirty States of the union have adopted stringent anti-trust laws within the last eleven years, yet during the same period the amount of capital and labor employed in the form of consolidated incorporation, to which that name is usually given, has, in those same States steadily and even enormously increased, which would seem to show that without trenching upon rights guaranteed by the constitutions of all the States, the abolition of that form of the employment of capital is beyond the reach of legislative power."

## MRS. BECKHAM IS NEAR DEATH.

**Wife of Kentucky's Governor, a Mother of Five Days, May Not Live Through Night.**

Frankfort, Ky., Aug. 21.—[Special.]—The wife of Governor J. C. Beckham, a bride of nine months today and a mother of five days, is at the point of death in the executive mansion and there are grave doubts that she will recover. Since the accouchement Mrs. Beckham had apparently progressed favorably, but this morning alarming conditions were discovered by the attending physicians. They telegraphed to Louisville asking several noted physicians to come at once.

A special train was chartered. Of the physicians asked for only Drs. A. M. Cartlidge and Frank C. Simpson could be found in time. The train departed at 11:15 o'clock, covering the fifty-seven miles to Frankfort in an hour and seven minutes.

The physicians found alarming symptoms. Late this afternoon and again this evening it was announced from the executive mansion that Mrs. Beckham's condition was unchanged. The crisis is expected before morning.

Mrs. Beckham's mother, Mrs. J. A. Fuqua, is at her bedside, as is Governor Beckham. Her father arrived from Owensboro this evening. The little daughter is doing well.

At midnight the doctors in attendance on Mrs. Beckham stated that her condition was more favorable than at any time during the day. Her temperature was 102⅘ and her pulse 110.

## SCIENCE VS. THE GAME LAWS.

**Head of Indiana Biological Station Fined $5 for Catching Fish with Net for Scientific Study.**

Warsaw, Ind., Aug. 21.—Professor Carl H. Bigemann, head of the Indiana University biological station at Winona, and Vice President of the Indiana Scientific society, was arrested today by Deputy Fish Commissioner Harris and fined $5 and costs for having a fish net at the station, which students have been using for years in taking fish for scientific study. The officer claims the law does not exempt anybody. Professor Bigemann has appealed the case.

## MUTUAL AGENCY FAILS FOR $250,000

**Company Founded by Erastus Wiman Finally Goes to the Wall.**

**BRANCHES ALREADY GONE**

**Enterprise Started for Revenge Unable to Pay Employes' Salaries.**

**TALK OF STARTING ANEW.**

New York, Aug. 21.—[Special.]—The Mutual Mercantile Agency, founded in 1888 chiefly through the efforts of Erastus Wiman as a rival to R. G. Dun & Co., finally went to the wall today when three creditors of the parent agency here petitioned the United States District Court to declare the agency a bankrupt.

This action followed the closing of the offices of the agency in this city by order of the directors on Tuesday after the day's business was over.

The whole indebtedness of the agency, it is said, will reach nearly $260,000, of which about $75,000 is due to the directors of the agency for money advanced to pay expenses, an equal amount to employés for wages, and the balance to tradesmen and to banks.

The Chicago office and State headquarters in other cities had closed two days before and the home office was the last to yield.

**Why Wiman Started It.**

Erastus Wiman was a conspicuous figure among promoters in years just passed and is still an advisory director. Wiman was for many years practically a partner in the mercantile agency of R. G. Dun & Co., until in 1894, when he was dropped from the firm because of discoveries which led to his indictment, trial, and conviction on the charge of forgery in the second degree. He cherished the intention, thereafter, when his conviction had been reversed by a higher court, of establishing a company which should carry on business in rivalry with Dun and with Bradstreet. The Mutual Mercantile Agency was the result. Wiman got up the first prospectus, and it is said that he was the means of attracting a large amount of business in the beginning.

**Talk of Reorganization.**

Robert Magruder, President of the company, said today:

"As soon as possible the creditors will be called together and a statement for reorganization will be presented to them. Just what that scheme will be I am unable to say at present, but it will be necessary to raise additional capital if the company is to continue."

The announcement of the financial embarrassment of the concern did not come as a surprise. For the last month its employés not only in this city but at its branches have not been paid full salaries.

The Mutual Mercantile agency was capitalized at $2,000,000, equally divided between common and preferred stock. About $1,000,000 of this stock has been issued. Besides its offices here the company has sixty-seven branches in various parts of the United States.

**Has 4,000 Subscribers.**

According to President Magruder the company now has 4,000 subscribers. More than $1,000,000 was spent in preparing data and publishing the book of the company. Franklin Edson, who was the first President, resigned last September and was followed by Norman C. Raff, who kept the place until April. Then Maurice I. Muhleman resigned the office of Deputy Assistant United States Treasurer in this city to take up the residency of the concern. He held it for a month. He was succeeded by Mr. Magruder, who came from Baltimore.

John H. Flagler, who was one of the directors, resigned about two months ago because, as he said, "things did not suit him as they were run."

## WOMEN STAB TO DEATH MAN WHO ATTACKS THEM.

**Take Butcher Knife from Him in a Desperate Battle in Pittsburg—Both Are Placed Under Arrest.**

Pittsburg, Pa., Aug. 21.—[Special.]—In a desperate battle between two women and a Hebrew peddler, who had attacked them in a house in this city this afternoon, the man was killed, being stabbed to death with a butcher knife.

The knife had been in the possession of Robert Nogler, the peddler, and he used it in his attempt to overpower the women. The latter, Mrs. Grace Woods and Mrs. Ariel Lees, fought desperately, finally wresting the blade from their assailant, while struggling on a narrow stairway, and, turning it upon the man, gave him the fatal thrust. Both women are under arrest, Mrs. Lees on a charge of murder and her friend as a witness.

Nogler had been seen trying to enter the home of Osborne Woods, 12 Camp street, several times late at night. He burst into the room where Mrs. Woods and her little son were, and made an attack on the woman this afternoon. Mrs. Lees, who lives next door, rushed in, and the man turned to her. He seized a bread knife, the women claim. They fought with him, and when they reached the stairway Nogler was stabbed and staggered to a chair, while the blood gushed from his neck. He died almost instantly.

Mrs. Lees rushed out and summoned a doctor. Then she went home, changed her clothes, and went down-town to meet her husband, R. C. Lees. She was arrested shortly afterward.

**U. S. Gov't on Foods.**

(See Below.)

**GRAPE-NUTS**

**Solve the Problem.**

The U. S. Government has been attempting to instruct the people regarding the purchase of food that would give the best advantage to the system with the least expenditure of money. A report has been made by Prof. Atwater, the famous chemist, and the subject is of great interest.

This is an age of specialists, and the work of the food specialist is of great importance. Persons who do not care to go into all of the details and statistics can secure practical results by using Grape-Nuts, the breakfast food, which is probably the most scientifically made food in the market. It is made for a purpose and was originated by a food expert of unquestioned standing.

The elemental principles contained in Grape-Nuts are selected for their value in rebuilding the brain and nerve centers in the human body. The subject is worth any body worker's attention. The food is fully cooked at the factory, and is ready for instant service.

# KIPLEY FAR FROM POLICE INQUIRY.

### Former Chief Flits Away from Haunts of Men and Cannot Be Located.

### HE KNOWS COLLERAN.

### Detectives at Central Putting Away Their Diamonds in Preparation.

### ELA TALKS OF THE TRIAL.

With charges and counter charges being made by members of the Chicago Police department, former Chief of Police Joseph Kipley has disappeared apparently from the haunts of men. Yesterday Mr. Kipley suddenly departed from his summer home at Ottawa Beach, and none could be found to tell whence he had gone. His "flitting" has been attributed by his former critics to his desire to remain out of the controversy now waging and let his successor and his subordinates work out their own salvation.

When the "expense account" scandal arose some days ago Mr. Kipley, then in Chicago, packed his grip and hurried back to Ottawa Beach, where his family was spending the summer.

Then, as the inquiry grew deeper and more pertinent, and when he saw the Civil Service commission was actually to take up the matter, the former Chief decided there were spots where the mosquitoes were scarcer, and so "took to the tall woods." It was said at Ottawa Beach that he had come to Chicago, and at his house in Forest avenue his son said he still was in Michigan.

**Kipley Knows About Colleran.**

"Kipley knows that things have been wrong under Colleran," said a city detective last night. "It was Colleran who 'killed' Kipley as Chief of Police. His drag with Robert E. Burke may keep him out of a trial now. The whole department, by the statement of the Civil Service Commission, is now under fire, and so Kipley is not accessible."

**Detectives' Diamonds Disappear.**

Since the inquiry began it has been noticed that some of the detectives of the Colleran regime, who are wont to wear diamonds so big as to cause many persons to mistake them for flush Aldermen, have discarded their sparklers and now seem anxious to attract as little attention to themselves as possible. The precious stones have gone into safety deposit boxes, and it now seems to be the desire of every officer around the Central Station to efface himself.

**Ela in Favor of Investigating.**

Civil Service Commissioner Ela returned to Chicago after eight days on a farm in Wisconsin. "I do not want to talk now about the troubles in the Police department," the commissioner said. "While in Wisconsin I kept out of the way of the daily papers and did not read any. This big scandal arose the day after I left Chicago. I will say, however, that I am always in favor of investigating where investigation is needed."

Commissioner Powell is now out of the city, but he will be on hand on Monday afternoon, when the merit board takes up the task of separating truth from falsehood in the cases of Lieutenant Joyce and Detectives Quinn and Cramer.

President Lindblom and Commissioner Ela have the work of fixing on such changes in the rules as will be necessary to enable the commission to investigate the whole Police department without waiting for charges by the head of the force.

**Spite Work to Be Barred.**

The approaching investigation is not to be a "school for Scandal," according to Acting Mayor Walker.

Policemen who through years have maintained reputations for honesty and fair dealing are not, the acting head of the city government says, to be subjected to the humiliation of being compelled to answer every trivial charge brought against them by lawbreakers whose enmity they may have incurred.

**Mystery of a Hansom Cab.**

Mr. Walker is deluged with stories concerning the shortcomings of officers. Not a day passes without several new "developments." Some of them, he says, are laughable.

"A man of reverend aspect, 6 feet tall, gray-haired, and dignified, called on me yesterday with a 'development,'" Mr. Walker said.

"Taking a theatrical position before my desk, he said: 'One year ago a woman was standing at Randolph street and Wabash avenue waiting for a street car. A cab came dashing up to the pavement near where she was standing, and the cabman leaped down and opened the door of the vehicle. Out there sprang a woman. There was a whispered colloquy between her and the cabman, and she gave him something in a mysterious manner. He got up on the box and drove rapidly away. The woman who was waiting for the street car saw it all! She was my wife!'

"The tall gentleman waited to see what effect this announcement would have on me, and continued: 'A report of this case was made to Captain Colleran at the time, and, though a year has passed, nothing has been done. No investigation has been made.'

"'Well, what the blazes of it?' I said. He looked sorrowfully at me and went out.

"This," Mr. Walker continued, "is only a sample of some of the 'developments' that are coming to my ears."

**Joyce and Quinn Have Words.**

Lieutenant Peter Joyce and Detective Sergeant John E. Quinn had a lively bout yesterday morning over a statement that appeared in THE TRIBUNE, in which Detectives Cramer, Mackey, and Fitzgerald were charged with an affidavit with making away with $54 and a gold watch taken from Charles Wolff on Polk street. When Quinn entered the police station he charged Joyce with giving out the statement and demanded to see the charges, and some sharp words followed.

Detective Quinn insists that the money and watch were returned to Wolff in court, the man from whom $65 and a watch were stolen having refused to prosecute.

Justice Prindiville ordered an entry of "dismissed for want of prosecution" and ordered the money restored to the prisoner," said Detective Quinn. "I understand that Wolff's father had reimbursed the proprietor of Quincy No. 9 and that was the reason he refused to prosecute. Here is the receipt given to Mackey by Paul Schuend, the stepfather of Wolff."

Detective Quinn submitted the following receipt:

Chicago, March 1, 1901.—Received of Officers Mackey and Fitzgerald one (1) lady's gold watch and fifty-four dollars ($54), property of one Charles Wolff.

JOHN GOLLWITZER.
Per Paul Schuend.

The police say that Wolff told them he had sent $11 to his home and that is the reason only $54 was found.

**Deny Paying for Protection.**

The report that "protection" money was paid by Karg & Horter, owners of a number of down-town hotels, to secure immunity from police interference, was again circulated. The hotel owners were said to have paid $10,000 this year, $4,000 last spring and $6,000 recently, when Chief O'Neill posted his "blackbook" men at the doors of downtown hotels.

Augustus A. Karg, one of the proprietors, denies that the firm has ever paid for "protection" from the police.

Detective Clifton R. Wooldridge denies that he has been canvassing in saloons and other places for the sale of a picture showing the Chiefs of the Police department since 1855.

Acting Mayor Walker had nothing to say on this case except that the record of Officer Wooldridge has been exemplary.

**Thomas Files a New Suit.**

Former Police Lieutenant Joseph A. Thomas has filed suit in the Superior Court for $25,000 damages against the city, Carter H. Harrison, and Joseph Kipley. In 1897 Lieutenant Thomas was dismissed from the Police department without a trial. Last month Judge Tuley denied a mandamus to Thomas to secure his reinstatement. The Judge held that Thomas was a holdover and not entitled to protection from dismissal under civil service.

# ONE CHOIR BOY DEAD, ANOTHER HURT; EXCURSION STEAMER STRIKES PILING.

Two choir boys from St. Bartholomew's Church, Sixty-eighth street and Stewart avenue, were struck by a falling fender on the steamer City of Milwaukee as the boat was leaving the dock at the foot of Wabash avenue yesterday morning. One of them died from his injuries, and the condition of the other is serious.

They were in a party of thirty-five choir boys who were starting on a day's excursion to St. Joseph, Mich.

Lester Shaul, 12 years old, 7134 Parnell avenue, suffered a fracture of the skull. He was taken to the Emergency Hospital in an unconscious condition, where he died last night.

David Hill, 8 years old, 1481 East Sixty-eighth street, was injured in the chest. He also was taken to the Emergency Hospital unconscious, and his condition reported as serious.

The boat left the dock at 9:45 o'clock with several hundred excursionists on board. The tug carried the steamer out and owing to the swift current one side of the larger boat struck the piling. When the crash came the oaken fender, fifteen feet long, was hurled in the crowd of frightened choir boys. Lester Shaul was struck on the head and David Hill was crushed beneath the timber. Both boys were unconscious when the horrified passengers released them from the wreckage. The shock of the collision was so great many of the passengers were thrown from their feet. Splinters from the riven timber flew in all directions.

DAVID HILL

Organist C. M. Kirk, who was in charge of the excursion, and Captain Stewart of the vessel rushed to the scene and assured the passengers there was no further danger. The injured boys were carried to an ambulance. The other boys of the choir would not go on the trip without their comrades, and all left the steamer when the police took charge of the injured.

# LIGHT ON TRAIN HOLDUP.

### DETECTIVES THINK B. & O. MYSTERY PRACTICALLY SOLVED.

### Two Suspects Expected to Be Put Under Arrest Last Night, One Formerly a Switchman in South Chicago and Other Well Known to Police—Brown, the Prisoner, Says Nothing and His Friends in Auburn Feel Confident of His Innocence.

In the arrest of John W. Brown, now in custody at Crown Point, Ind., and the expected capture of two other suspects who have been under surveillance for several weeks, the detectives of the Baltimore and Ohio road believe they have solved the mystery of the train holdup at Miller's Station, Ind., on July 31.

The arrests were to have been made late last night by Special Agent James Ryan of the railroad and by Chicago detectives, one of the men being in Chicago yesterday. At midnight Assistant Superintendent R. H. Johnson of the Baltimore and Ohio had not received news of the arrests.

"I feel little doubt that the right men have been found," said Mr. Johnson, "as the detectives had been working on the evidence against them for some time. One of the men formerly was a switchman in the yards of the company in South Chicago, and was familiar with all details of the business.

"It has been believed by us from the first that the work was performed by railroad men who have worked in the division in which the train was robbed, and following clews which started from South Chicago they have led to the men who soon will be under arrest. One of the men is now in Chicago, and the other is near where Brown was arrested.

"I know nothing of Brown, but am familiar with the identity of the other fellow who is believed to be the man who planned the robbery. The Chicago man is well known to the police."

No direct charges have been preferred against Brown by the postal authorities, and Chief Inspector Stuart is ignorant of the evidence that has been gathered against him. It is doubtful whether the Postoffice department will prosecute the case, for Inspector Stuart is of the opinion that prosecution under the State laws would be quite as vigorous as under the federal statutes relating to interference with the mails.

# WALKER IGNORES BRIBERY YARN

### Acting Mayor Says He Will Not Even Investigate Charge Against the Bridewell Superintendent.

Acting Mayor Walker has so little faith in the report that Jennie Myers, an alleged shoplifter, secured her release from the bridewell by the use of a bag of diamonds as a bribe, that he will not even investigate it. "I have carefully watched Mr. Sloan, Superintendent of the bridewell, and am sure the story is not to be relied on," said Mr. Walker. "I do not believe it, and have not looked it up. Mr. Sloan is the best man they ever had in the bridewell. He has brought the institution into such condition it is recognized as one of the best of the kind in the United States."

"The woman never had a bag of diamonds," said one of the bridewell employes yesterday. "We search everybody who comes in as a prisoner, and it is not likely she would have had a large quantity of diamonds in her possession. She is said to have been a user of drugs. Mr. Sloan is in the North and will not return until September."

J. J. Schneider, deputy warden, said Jennie Myers was released by order of the court, as he remembered, on the ground that she was dying of consumption. After her release she apparently got well quickly, and it was the impression of the bridewell officials that she had deceived the court by the old trick of eating soap.

Secretary William H. Brown of the Civic federation said he knew nothing of the Myers case. It was in the hands of Attorney Western Starr, he said. Mr. Starr refused to discuss the case further than to say no charges had been filed.

# FATAL SHOOTING AFTER RAID.

### Delmar Track Watchman at St. Louis Dying from Wound—Sheriff Keeps Constables Out.

St. Louis, Mo., Aug. 21.—[Special.]—As a sequel to an attempted raid on the Delmar racetrack this afternoon Joseph Graham was fatally shot at 10 o'clock tonight.

According to the story of the wounded man he was seated in front of a saloon on the corner of Twenty-first and Washington avenue when "Bad Jack" Williams, "Dutch" Louis, and one or two others came along. Upon seeing Graham one of the party said: "There he is now; let us fix him."

With this they began shooting, he charges, one bullet striking Graham in the abdomen and coming out at his back. He was taken to the City Hospital, where the physician pronounced the wound mortal. Graham is employed as a special watchman at Delmar. Which one of the party fired the fatal shot Graham was unable to say, as a dozen or more shots were fired almost simultaneously.

Riot guns, a posse of constables with warrants issued in St. Ferdinand Township, and Sheriff E. C. Heneken of St. Louis County figured in the raid on the track today.

An attempt on the part of a posse of constables to serve warrants on the management of the Delmar track and the bookmakers doing business thereon was frustrated by Sheriff Heneken and his deputies.

At the approach of the posse the Sheriff walked into the betting ring and placed all the bookmakers and the management of the track under arrest on a charge of violating the breeders' law. Betting was immediately suspended at all the books. When the posse approached the Sheriff ordered its members to keep out of the track.

"Skippy" Rohan, a member of the posse, attempted to rush forward, but was stopped by the Sheriff, who ordered his men to get their riot guns ready. The Sheriff had but seven deputies, but these were all armed, and the posse withdrew, seeing that attempts to force an entrance might be met with loss of life.

President Adler stated that racing at Delmar would continue without interruption and that there would be no change in the program of the track. The attitude of the Sheriff, he said, was founded on the fact that the bookmakers were his prisoners and that he intended to protect them from any interference on the part of a mob. Their trials will take place early in September.

# TWO WOMEN TAKE THEIR LIVES.

### Despondency and Grief as Causes—Attempt at Suicide Leaves a Man in Serious Condition.

Two women committed suicide yesterday, and a man made the attempt, his condition being serious. The dead are:

McCARTHY, JOSEPHINE, 19 years old, 120 North Clark street; swallowed vermin poison; despondent over inability to secure work.

BANKS, MRS. ANNA, 59 years old, 11237 Torrence avenue; hanged herself by an apron string; grieved over death of her husband.

Attempted suicide:

Cihlar, Joseph, 25 years old, 815 West Forty-seventh place; swallowed carbolic acid; removed to Englewood Union Hospital; condition serious; despondent over inability to secure work.

Mrs. Annie Dubberty, 28 Sholto street, took paris green in place of headache powders, according to the story she afterward told, and probably will die. She was removed to the County Hospital unconscious. She is 28 years old.

# WOMAN SURRENDERS TO POLICE

### Mrs. Jennie Dunn Gives Bonds to Appear at Trial on Charge of Being Accessory to Jewel Robbery.

Mrs. Jennie Dunn, 3439 Rhodes avenue, whom the police believe received the $1,500 worth of jewels stolen from Mrs. Charles McCulloch of Fort Wayne, Ind., surrendered to the Stanton avenue police yesterday afternoon. She visited the court of Justice Underwood, gave bonds to appear this morning in the sum of $2,500, and was booked on the charges of receiving and concealing stolen property and of being an accessory to the robbery.

C. R. Adams, 2940 Groveland avenue, has complained to the Englewood police that he was robbed of checks amounting to $8,500 and $25 in money some time during last Saturday night. Adams was found lying near the Chicago and Erie railroad tracks at Forty-seventh street and Stewart avenue on Saturday by Patrolman Cavanaugh of the Englewood Police Station. John Gallagher, a teamster living at Fifty-third street and Shields avenue, was arrested yesterday on the charge of robbery. He denies any knowledge of the checks which Adams says he took.

Burglars entered the home of Mrs. Annie Smith at 52 Harmon court early yesterday morning, and secured over $500 worth of booty. Mrs. Smith declares that she and her husband were drugged by the marauders. She reported the loss to the Harrison street police.

# CHICAGOAN WEDS IN ENGLAND.

### Frederick A. Wann, General Freight Agent of the Alton, Takes St. Louisan for His Bride.

St. Louis, Mo., Aug. 21.—[Special.]—A cablegram received this evening announced the marriage in St. Paul's Church, Leamington, England, today of Frederick A. Wann of Chicago and Mrs. Carrie Van Court-Warren of this city. Only intimate members of the families of the bride and groom were present at the wedding. Mr. and Mrs. Wann expect to make a brief tour of the continent, after which they will return to Chicago, where they will make their home. Mr. Wann is the General Freight Agent of the Chicago and Alton railroad. His bride is the widow of the late Andrew Warren, well known in St. Louis commercial circles.

# TWO KILLED BY WIND-STORM.

### Many Persons Are Injured and Scores of Buildings Are Wrecked in Anadarko, Ok. T.

Anadarko, Ok. T., Aug. 21.—A heavy wind and rain storm swept through the town about 8 p. m. All the larger buildings in process of construction were blown down and a large number of tents and smaller houses. Two persons were killed and many injured. The full extent of the damage will not be known until daylight.

# DECIDE TO LIST RAILROAD LAND.

### On County Attorney's Opinion Reviewers Conclude to Tax Realty Locally.

### SEE MILLIONS IN PLAN.

### Theory Is That Many Lots Hitherto Called "Trackage" Are Not Rightly So.

### PRIVATE OBJECTIONS HEARD

The Board of Review will assess the real estate owned by railways and not used as "trackage." This decision was reached yesterday on advice of County Attorney Sims, to whom the question had been referred. Advocates of the step say it means the addition of $200,000,000 to the full cash valuation of Cook County real property.

Under the County Attorney's opinion the Board of Review is empowered by law to assess as ordinary real estate much property hitherto scheduled and taxed as "trackage" by the State Board of Equalization. The State board hitherto has exercised exclusive jurisdiction over such property even when the property is distant several blocks from the railway right of way.

The State board valued the railroad lands in Cook County at $18,000,000. The City Council committee has insisted that the property should have a valuation of above $200,000,000. The Council committee consists of Aldermen Cullerton, Minwegen, and Litzinger.

**Opinion of County Attorney.**

The opinion of the County Attorney is signed both by Mr. Sims and by his assistant, Frank L. Shepard. The opinion says in substance:

"The revenue law provides that railroad companies shall file with the County Clerk the property held for right of way, and shall also file with the County Clerk a schedule of lots and lands owned by it other than that denominated railroad track and not used as right of way.

"The revenue law further provides that the State Board of Equalization shall have original and exclusive jurisdiction in the matter of the assessment of railroad tracks as right of way, which includes, in addition to the main track, all necessary side and second tracks, turnouts, and switches, together with all the stations and improvements located on the right of way, all of which, and only which should be included by the railroad company in its schedule describing the property held as right of way.

"The law further provides that all real estate other than that denominated railroad track shall be listed as lands or lots, and shall be assessed as such by the Board of Assessors and Board of Review.

"If upon investigation your board should find that property in Cook County owned by a railroad company has been returned as trackage is not a part of the right of way, then, notwithstanding such action by the railroad company, or even an assessment of the same by the State Board of Equalization, such property is subject to assessment by the Board of Assessors and the Board of Review.

"To determine whether or not a particular lot or tract of land is trackage or not, reference must be had to the ownership and location of and the use to which the land is put, and, unless it is found that the land is located so as to become a part of the right of way, and is appropriated to that purpose, then it is subject to assessment by the local tribunals."

**Begin Listing Railway Land.**

Upon the conclusion of the reading of the decision President West summoned Clerk Homer K. Galpin and instructed him to put a force of men at work immediately to get the necessary information for the levying of the assessment.

"I want the legal description of every piece of property owned by the railroads outside of their stations, tracks, and roundhouses," said President West. "The list also should contain valuations of the adjoining real estate for our information."

Samuel W. Allerton again appeared before the board in the hope of securing a reduction of his $500,000 assessment, but the board declined to reduce it.

A complaint was lodged against Orville T. Bright, County Superintendent of Schools. His property is listed at $925, while the complainant alleges $5,000 would be a conservative assessment.

The Columbia Yacht club joined with Captain Streeter in denying the right of the Board of Review to tax property lying in the lake.

"It's just a part of the United States, but does not belong to Cook County," said Secretary Sinmonton.

"Well, we'll play that it's in Cook County and that we have a right to assess it," said Mr. Upham. "After awhile people will be going up in balloons to escape their taxes."

**Few Increases in Lake.**

Miss Helen Culver, who recently removed to Lake Forest, appeared before the Lake County Board of Review yesterday to protest against her assessment of $440,000, which is the largest individual personalty assessment in Lake County. She told of giving large amounts to charity in Chicago and offered a schedule of $297,000. The board tried to find that some property had been omitted, but without success. It appeared, however, that she had not paid taxes on personalty in either Lake or Cook County last year, having just changed her residence. The board is considering whether to reduce her assessment or make her pay back tax.

The assessment of the Simon Reid estate was left as scheduled, $40,050. Byron L. Smith sent a representative, who showed a balance sheet of the estate for March. The estate money had been invested in Chicago real estate.

A large number of Lake Forest people appeared, and in most cases their schedules were approved, including those of the Onwentsia club, Granger Farwell, F. C. Farwell, F. C. Aldrich, James Anderson, and R. G. Watson. The only large raise was that of John M. Kemp, increased $3,000. Ebenezer Buckingham asked for an assessment of $25,000. He was told to file a schedule.

# TWO BROTHERS BEATEN AND ROBBED NEAR THEIR HOME.

### John and James Derrig Attacked in Polk Street, Felled by Stunning Blows, and Left Unconscious in Vacant Lot.

John and James Derrig, sons of John C. Derrig of 28 Winthrop court, were sandbagged and robbed while on their way home at 12:30 o'clock this morning.

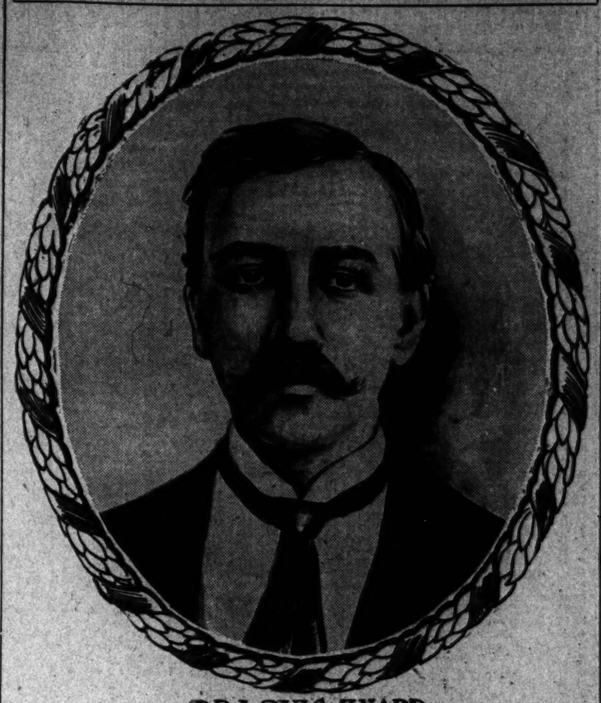
The boys, who are 16 and 19 years of age, had taken an elevated train to Marshfield avenue, whence the police believe they were followed by the robbers.

When the boys were passing a vacant lot near Polk street and Lowell court they were confronted by two men, who presented revolvers and ordered them to hold up their hands. James complied, but John showed fight. At the same instant the robbers attacked their victime with sandbags and both were knocked down and rendered unconscious. The robbers then took a diamond ring from John's finger, but overlooked $6 in his fob pocket. From James the robbers secured $6.

**$15.55 Duluth and Return.**

Chicago and Northwestern railway, Aug. 15 to 31. Fast train, 10 p. m. daily. Quickest time to head of lakes. Best service. Ticket offices, 212 Clark street and Wells Street Station.

# WILL LIVE WITH A LEPER TO STUDY DISEASE.



DR. LOUIS KNAPP

St. Louis physician who has bidden his family good-by and isolated himself with a Chinese victim of leprosy, whom he will nurse. Dr. Knapp hopes to discover a cure for leprosy by a close study of the disease in his patient. He declares there is no danger of contagion, but the St. Louis health department will not allow him to associate with his family or even to leave the quarantined cottage built for him and the Chinaman.

# CROWDED BOAT RUN DOWN

### BIG ORE STEAMER SINKS YACHT AT PORT HURON.

### Passengers Jump Into the St. Clair River When Small Craft Used as Ferry Is Crushed Under the Freighter and All Are Rescued by Rowboats—Mistake in Signals Supposed to Have Caused the Accident — Wreckage Saves Many Lives.

Port Huron, Mich., Aug. 21.—[Special.]—The steam yacht George Stauber, used as a ferryboat on the St. Clair River, was run down and sunk opposite Fort Gratiot light tonight by the big steamer George McDougall.

The steam yacht was crowded with passengers bound for this city. It was rammed at full speed by the huge ore carrier, and sank within a few moments. By desperate efforts the passengers clung to the wreckage until rescued by a fleet of rowboats that flocked to the scene within a few minutes after the collision.

The McDougall, a huge ore carrier, belonging to the steel combine's fleet, was bound up river without cargo, having the barge Manda in tow. It was proceeding at full speed when the steam yacht attempted to cross in front of it.

When the boats were within fifty yards of each other the passengers on the Stauber observed that a collision was unavoidable. A panic ensued, many jumping overboard to escape being crushed down under the big freighter.

The boats met with a terrific crash and the little steam yacht was crushed like an egg shell, sinking almost immediately, being torn in two by the McDougall.

One young woman got hold of a male passenger's foot, to which she clung until pulled on to the piece of wreckage to which he was holding. Several others were rescued almost exhausted.

One of the remarkable escapes was that of Dennis Kerrigan. He was at the engine when the crash occurred, and he felt the boat sinking underneath him. He made his escape by climbing over the wreckage and out through a skylight.

# BURNING OIL TANK FALLS; 100 PERSONS BADLY BURNED.

### Firemen, Spectators, and Employes of Refining Company at Philadelphia Injured Severely.

Philadelphia, Pa., Aug. 21.—By the collapse of a burning oil tank today at the Atlantic Refining company's plant at Point Breeze, where a fire has been raging since Monday afternoon, about 100 persons—firemen, employés of the company, and spectators—were burned severely. Most of the cases were treated on the ground by ambulance surgeons, but a few of them were considered sufficiently serious to necessitate the removal of the victims to the hospitals.

It was shortly after 5 o'clock this afternoon when the tank careened and fell, the heavy iron sheathing separating, precipitating great quantities of blazing petroleum into Passyunk avenue. There was a wild stampede among the people in the vicinity, but many of them were badly burned by the fiery spray which fell among them.

Dikes were hastily thrown up by the firemen and employés of the company, and the blazing fluid was confined to an area of about two blocks on Passyunk avenue.

After yesterday's explosion a small quantity of burning oil entered a few of the sewers, but burned out before reaching the river. Today the hastily constructed dikes prevented the oil which poured into the street from entering the sewer inlets.

Late tonight the firemen and officials of the company said the fire was under control. Only one tank is now burning, and, unless the wind changes from the southwest, the fire will burn itself out within a few hours.

# "PEOPLE WANT BOXING," SAYS ALDERMAN FICK.

### So He Will Introduce an Ordinance to Legalize Glove Contests—Name Said to Be Forged to Bond in City Suit.

A move to permit boxing will be made in the fall in the City Council, Alderman Henry L. Fick presenting the ordinance.

"The people want boxing," Mr. Fick said. "The Mayor leaves it to the Council to say, and I think a majority of the Aldermen will be willing to permit glove contests. The ordinance passed last spring would have done the work had not Alderman Jackson put in an amendment, which killed it. I think there are enough Aldermen in favor of boxing now to defeat any such amendment."

George W. Dungan, 301 Jackson boulevard, complained at the Controller's office that his name had been forged upon the bond given in the case of the city against the Tobey Furniture company. The Controller released Dungan from obligation. An effort will be made to locate the person guilty of the forgery.

$5 on delivery, balance monthly, buys a diamond. Loftis Bros., 108 State street.

# CENSURE MOB AS MADMEN

### NEGRO DELEGATES ANGERED BY PIERCE CITY AFFAIR.

### Session of National League Overshadowed by the Missouri Lynching—Act Declared an Atrocity on Part of White and Black—Ignorance Said to Be the Cause of Such Evasions of the Law—Speaker Arouses Women by Criticising Dress.

Delegates to the second annual convention of the National Negro Business league, which is in session in Handel Hall, declare the lynching at Pierce City, Mo., an act of madness, an atrocity. The fact that within a few hundred miles of Chicago the citizens of a town had proclaimed that no negro will be permitted hereafter to live or spend a night in the village astonished the delegates.

Booker T. Washington, President of the league and leader of the convention, would not talk about the affair. He said it would be too difficult to express himself so that he would not be misunderstood.

"It is a disgrace to American civilization that such atrocities are committed," said S. S. Cooper of Washington. "Look at the participants as individuals—the black who committed a crime against a woman, and the white men who committed a crime against innocent blacks—do they not belong in the same sentence of condemnation? Let the law be carried out against offenders as individuals and leave races and classes to enjoy the freedom which belongs to them."

Dr. S. E. Courtney is perhaps, next to Mr. Washington, the most prominent man at the convention.

"This mad act of rising against all the colored people in a town," said Dr. Courtney, "will not spread far. What can the white people do when they have driven out all the negroes? There is no one left to do the work. It is a thing that will have its reaction. I doubt if on sober second thought the people of Pierce City will carry out their threat of keeping the negroes away."

"The encroachments of the spirit of mob rule on the Western country are certainly regrettable," said T. Thomas Fortune of New York. "Mob rule began by asserting itself against a few depraved blacks in the dark South, and now is reaching out to make itself felt against the colored population of an entire town. But mob rule will meet its Waterloo. The law, sooner or later, will assert itself, and it will be equally hard for the negro murderer and the white lyncher."

"It is a mistake to make an individual crime the basis for a race hatred," said A. N. Johnson of Mobile, Ala. "It is ignorance that makes a brute of the negro murderer, and it is ignorance that leads a white man to become a part of a murdering mob."

Mr. Johnson made himself the central figure at the morning session of the convention by his criticism of the taste of colored women in dress.

"One of the reasons we don't succeed better," said Mr. Johnson, "is that as soon as one of our number gets a little money his wife begins to dress far beyond what is reasonable. Our women are much too fond of fine jewelry, flashy clothes, and an air that mimics those whom it is folly to ape."

Mr. Johnson was almost mobbed by the feminine part of the audience at the close of his speech. He defended himself by complimenting all who approached him on their individual good taste.

# DENIES ROBBERY ON A TRAIN.

### oConductor Says He Put Off Schmacker Boys, After Stopping, Because They Were Disorderly.

John Schmacker, 16 years old, of Burlington, Ind., who was found dying on the Baltimore and Ohio railroad tracks near Edgemore, Ind., on Monday night, said before he died that he had been robbed of 80 cents and kicked from an excursion train upon which he was going home from Chicago. He said four men attacked him and his cousin, Jacob Schmacker, and after robbing them threw them from the train. Jacob told a similar story. He believed the men who attacked them were members of the train crew.

An inquest was opened in South Chicago yesterday and continued till tomorrow.

Conductor James Murray, who was in charge of the train, said the boys were put off several times on account of their boisterous conduct, the train being stopped to eject them. He thought the boy must have been killed by a train following.

# STAGE HELD UP AND ROBBED.

### Highwaymen Secure Express Treasure Box and Mail Carried by California Coach.

Ashland, Ore., Aug. 21.—The stage on the Ager-Klamath Falls route was held up by highwaymen ten miles east of Ager, Cal., this morning. The bandits secured the Wells-Fargo express treasure box and the United States mail. The scene of the holdup was in a flat country and in a neighborhood not heretofore infested with the stage robbers who have so frequently operated on this line.

**NEW SLEEPING CAR LINE.**

**Chicago to Sioux Falls,**

Via Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Ry., leaves Chicago 6:15 p. m. Electric lighted trains, with buffet-library and dining cars. Ticket office, 95 Adams street.

# PARK BOARD FOR A SINKING FUND.

### Disagree in the Amount and President Tracy's Policy Is Carried.

### LATHROP COMES TO VOTE.

### By Journey from Maine He Gives Majority of One for Improvements.

### GANSBERGEN MAY ENJOIN.

The Lincoln Park board yesterday rehabilitated the sinking fund by depositing $53,069 in a separate bank account, which is to be used for no other purpose than liquidating the bonded indebtedness.

The vote was 4 to 3. Bryan Lathrop, who cast the deciding vote in carrying through President Tracy's financial policy, had traveled 1,500 miles to be present. He was spending his vacation at Bar Harbor, Me., when he learned that the board was in a deadlock, and he decided to return to Chicago and vote. He will go East tomorrow.

The minority, led by Commissioner Gansbergen, vigorously opposed the plan of the majority, insisting on setting aside a larger sum. They were powerless to do more than explain their votes and criticise. It is said Mr. Gansbergen may ask an injunction.

**Report by Finance Committee.**

Commissioner Lathrop presented a report of the Finance committee, pointing to numerous shortcomings of previous administrations and providing for the establishment of a sinking fund.

"It is well known," said the report, "that the board received the park in a shocking state of dilapidation. It would seem that practically no repairs had been made in it for many years. The buildings have not been painted; all iron work is badly rusted; the woodwork in the greenhouses is rotting away; and the lake shore protection and sea wall are in bad condition."

Under these conditions, the report said, the fund for repairs should not be diverted to make good the inroads on the sinking fund made by previous administrations.

Commissioner Gansbergen presented a minority report of the Finance committee. Commissioner Hirsch read a financial statement discrediting the report of the accountants who recently examined the park books.

After long debate the motion of Commissioner Lathrop that $53,069 be deposited in a separate account was carried as follows:

Yeas—Lathrop, Kennedy, Simmons, Tracy.
Nays—Gansbergen, Hirsch, Lundquist.

**Vote Money for Repairs.**

When the differences over the sinking fund had been disposed of there came a sharp division on the question of repairs. The majority again overruled the minority and voted to repair the greenhouse at a cost not to exceed $3,500. The resurfacing of a block on the Lake Shore drive proved no more amicable a subject. The first proposition was to resurface the block between Schiller and Banks streets, the frontage of which is occupied by the Potter Palmer residence. Owing to the objections of Commissioners Gansbergen and Kennedy it was changed to the block between North avenue and Schiller street in order that it might be at one end of the drive.

Engineer A. V. Powell suggested a method of protecting the sea wall until such time as an entirely new scheme is devised and it was adopted. It consists of building a breakwater level with the water 100 feet from the sea wall. The waves, it is thought, will fill in the space between the breakwater and the shore. Mr. Ganaberger questions the legality of using money from the general fund in protecting the sea wall and it is said he may apply to the courts for an injunction.

# JANITORS CALL FOR MORE HEALTHY LIVING-ROOMS.

### Revolt Against Occupying Unhealthy Basement Quarters—Urge Employing None but Association Members.

Janitors will revolt against living in unhealthful basement rooms, and they will appeal to employers to engage none who is not a member of the Protective association. These things were decided on at a meeting of the organization last night at 910 Forty-seventh street.

The first formal protest against the housing of janitors and their families in basements was made when a committee was appointed empowered to visit the owners of buildings where janitors' rooms were regarded as uninhabitable and ask that either the quarters be changed or that the janitor should be paid enough to enable him to rent his suits of rooms elsewhere.

The association, which now boasts about 200 members, was represented by about twenty-five persons, who passed bylaws for the new organization and decided to make immediate application for articles of incorporation.

A unique idea for garbage inspection was urged. It was suggested that each janitor in the association should have a route to follow to inspect the property in care of other members of the fraternity. The discovery of a badly kept garbage pail was to be the signal for the arrest of the transgressing member, with his association brother to act as witness against him. The plan received the support of several, but most of the janitors regarded the remedy as too drastic, and it was decided to leave the decision until the next meeting.

# GRAND HAVEN GIRLS ARRESTED.

### Two, Aged 13 and 15 Respectively, Taken When They Step Off the Steamer.

Police of the East Chicago avenue station last night arrested Libbie Prince, 13 years old, and Mattie Ornsby, 15, as they were getting off the steamer Eastman at the docks at Rush street. The girls were taken to the station, where the Prince girl told Lieutenant Miller that she had taken $175 from her father in the morning and that she and her friend had decided to come to Chicago to spend it. The father of Mattie Ornsby is C. K. Ornsby, a real estate dealer in Grand Haven, Mich., and Adolph Prince, the father of the other girl, is a traveling salesman.

# PLANS TO CONQUER THE WORLD.

### Gigantic Corporation Will Swallow Ship Building and Other Interests and Fight for Trade.

Cleveland, O., Aug. 21.—When plans now being worked out are fully developed the American Shipbuilding company will be a constituent company to a great corporation, the object of which will be to control all of the ship building plants of the United States. The backers of the enterprise are the interests behind the United States Steel corporation and the Pennsylvania railroad. As soon as organization is completed, before the opening of 1902, a commercial battle for the conquest of the world will begin. The full scope of the plan now under way will not be known until other projects have been developed.

# TWO WHITE SOX UNDER ARREST.

## Shugart and Katoll Are Leaders in a Disgraceful Row on the Diamond.

## SHORTSTOP HITS UMPIRE.

## Trouble Arises Over a Decision Which Was Correctly Made by Haskell.

## CHAMPIONS BEATEN 8 TO 0.

| | W. | L. | Pct. | | W. | L. | Pct. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Chicago | 61 | 40 | .604 | Philadelphia | 53 | 48 | .515 |
| Boston | 60 | 40 | .600 | Cleveland | 43 | 54 | .420 |
| Baltimore | 54 | 43 | .557 | Washington | 40 | 56 | .417 |
| Detroit | 54 | 47 | .535 | Milwaukee | 35 | 68 | .340 |

**Yesterday's Results.**

Washington, 8; Chicago, 0.
Boston, 5; Milwaukee, 3.
Detroit, 6; Baltimore, 0 (forfeit).
Philadelphia, 2; Cleveland, 7.
Philadelphia, 2; Cleveland, 3.

**Games Today.**

Chicago at Baltimore.
Milwaukee at Washington.
Detroit at Philadelphia.
Cleveland at Boston.

[BY A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.]

Washington, D. C., Aug. 21.—[Special.]—Umpire Haskell was assaulted by Shortstop Shugart of the Chicago team today, and in a general fight that followed Shugart was hit on the head by a spectator. Haskell's upper lip was split by one of Shugart's blows, but he continued to umpire until the end, when he was escorted off the field by the police.

Jack Katoll, who pitched for Chicago, started the trouble in the fourth inning by hitting Haskell on the leg with the ball because of a decision on which a man was allowed to score from third.

The fight began a squad of policemen ran on the field and separated the two men, who were fighting desperately. The crowd surged around the men but the police drove them back into the stand again. Both Shugart and Katoll were arrested and taken to the station-house, where they were later released on bail. The fight today is the culmination of trouble that has been brewing for some time and which has become more palpable in the series just ended.

### "Robbed by the Umpire."

Every player on the Chicago team has complained bitterly of Haskell's umpiring, claiming he has more than once, by bad decisions, robbed them of games that were lost. The team is unanimous in declaring him incompetent. Manager Griffith does not approve of the course adopted by Shugart and Katoll, and told them so in emphatic terms tonight. He said:

"Both Shugart and Katoll made a mistake when they clashed with Haskell on the field. If they wanted to do anything like that they should have waited until some other time. Such conduct is a detriment to the national game. Haskell is certainly incompetent to umpire in any league."

The game was a constant wrangle between the players of both teams and the umpire. After the two White Sox were arrested Burke went to short and Griffith to the slab to finish a game that was already lost. The score at that time was 8 to 0.

Washington forged ahead in the first inning when Waldron opened with a double, and outs by Farrell and Dungan enabled him to score. In the fourth the Senators got three more. Dungan singled and was forced at second on Clark's grounder to Hartman. Grady tried to Jones and Foster followed with a single. Coughlin walked and Clingman cracked out a triple, scoring Clark, Foster and Coughlin. Katoll threw the ball high and it went past Sugden, hitting Haskell on the shoulder. The umpire promptly motioned Clingman to come home on a passed ball, and here the fight began.

### Katoll Loses His Head.

Katoll picked up the ball and threw it at Haskell, catching the umpire on the shins. He was immediately sent to the bench. Then two or three players surrounded the umpire. Shugart came running in from second base, had a few words with Haskell, and in a moment Shugart and the umpire were fighting. The Chicago shortstop swung with his left and landed on Haskell's mouth. Haskell tried to hit Shugart with his mask, but officers interfered.

After the arrests the game was continued, the Senators accumulating a bunch of three in the seventh. Coughlin started the round with transportation, but was doubled at first a moment later on Clingman's foul to Isbell. Foster singled to center and stole second, scoring on Waldron's double. Farrell singled to left, but McFarland let the ball get through him and he reached third, Waldron counting. Dungan hit a high fly to McFarland, which Mac muffed, and Farrell registered at the plate with the final run.

The champions could not hit Mercer when hits meant runs. Several times they threatened to score and avoid a whitewash, but Winnie was too much and they succumbed. Score:

| Washington. | R | B | P | A | E | Chicago. | R | B | P | A | E |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Waldron, cf | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | Hoy, rf | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Farrell, 2b | 1 | 1 | 4 | 3 | 0 | Jones, rf | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Dungan, rf | 1 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | Hartman, 2b | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 0 |
| Clark, c | 0 | 0 | 4 | 1 | 0 | Sheridan, 2b | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Grady, 1b | 0 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 0 | Isbell, 1b | 0 | 0 | 9 | 0 | 0 |
| Foster, ss | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 0 | Shugart, ss | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| Coughlin, 3b | 1 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 0 | Burke, ss | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Clingman, ss | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | Sugden, c | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 |
| Mercer, p | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | Katoll, p | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | | | | | | Griffith, p | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Totals | 7 | 6 | 27 | 11 | 0 | Totals | 0 | 0 | 24 | 6 | 0 |

| | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Washington | 2 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | — | 7 |
| Chicago | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | — | 0 |

Two-base hits—Waldron (2), Grady, Foster, Coughlin, Clingman, Hartman, Farland, Isbell. Sacrifice hits—Mercer, Sugden. Double play—Foster, Grady (2); Hartman, Isbell. Passed ball—Clark (2). Left on bases—Washington, 9; Chicago, 7. Bases on balls—Off Katoll, 1; off Griffith, 1. Hit by pitched ball—By Mercer, 1. Struck out—By Katoll, 4. Passed ball—Sugden. Time—2:00. Umpire—Haskell.

## BAN JOHNSON ACTS QUICKLY.

### Shugart and Katoll Suspended Indefinitely—Shortstop May Be Blacklisted for Assaulting Haskell.

President Johnson last night said he would suspend Shugart and Katoll indefinitely today, withholding final punishment until receiving full details of the trouble from Umpire Haskell, who merely wired that he had been struck by Shugart.

Johnson stated that the punishment meted out to the two White Stockings would be severe, as the umpire trouble had reached a stage where drastic measures were necessary. He intimated that Shugart might be suspended for the balance of the season, and perhaps expelled from the American league. Katoll probably will receive a heavy fine.

Johnson did nothing in regard to the disturbance at Baltimore and the game forfeited to Detroit by McGraw's men, because he had received no report from there.

## ANOTHER ROW IN BALTIMORE.

### Connolly Forfeits Game to Detroit on Short Notice—Shortstop Elberfeld Arrested for Grabbing Howell.

Baltimore, Md., Aug. 21.—The game between the Baltimore and Detroit American league clubs here today ended in the fourth inning, when Umpire Connolly declared it forfeited, 9 to 0, in favor of Detroit. The actual score was 7 to 4 in favor of the visitors. Connolly had given several decisions particularly exasperating to the local crowd, for which there seemed to be no justification. At the beginning of Baltimore's turn at the bat in the fourth another such decision occurred, and the home players gathered around Connolly to argue the matter. Though they were talking peaceably, he took Connolly less than a minute to declare the forfeit. Elberfeld grabbed Howell, and a policeman in citizen's clothes rushed upon the field and arrested Elberfeld. The crowd poured onto the fences, but no blows were struck, and even Connolly disappeared unnoticed in the general excitement.

# THREE HITS OFF WADDELL

### "RUBE" PLAYS TRICKS ON THE CINCINNATI BATTERS.

### Shutout Fails Because Green and Menefee Allow Crawford's High Fly to Fall Safe Between Them While the Red Circles the Bases — Weyhing's First Appearance Far from Being a Success—Game Played in Drizzling Rain, Which Forbade the Second.

| | W. | L. | Pct. | | W. | L. | Pct. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Pittsburg | 70 | 37 | .654 | Boston | 49 | 55 | .471 |
| Philadelphia | 63 | 42 | .600 | Cincinnati | 46 | 58 | .442 |
| St. Louis | 54 | 44 | .551 | New York | 45 | 58 | .437 |
| Brooklyn | 54 | 48 | .529 | Chicago | 37 | 67 | .356 |

**Yesterday's Results.**

Chicago, 9; Cincinnati, 1.
Boston, 5; New York, 3.
Philadelphia, 6; Brooklyn, 2.
St. Louis, 4; Pittsburg, 3.

**Games Today.**

New York at Brooklyn.
Pittsburg at St. Louis.

Cincinnati, O., Aug. 21.—[Special.]—Twenty-eight hundred spectators saw Chicago defeat Cincinnati in a game which was entirely too one-sided to be interesting—that is to say, interesting from a Cincinnati view point. The score was 9 to 1.

"Rube" Waddell, with the memory of Stimmel's great work on Monday, when Archie allowed only three hits, went in the box with the determination to even up matters. That the erratic southpaw failed to accomplish a shutout can be placed at the doors of Green and Menefee, who allowed Crawford's high soarer to fall safe between them in the seventh inning. The Reds' right fielder then made the circuit of the bases on one of the shortest hits ever recorded a home run.

When Wahoo Sam came to bat in the opening of the seventh Green moved over toward Hartsel's territory, being fully aware of Crawford's tendency to drive balls in that direction. The Chicago center fielder, however, overlooked a point in not calling Menefee's attention to the fact, and that player, who is covering right field owing to Barry McCormick being out of the game, which sent Raymer to short and Dexter to third, was planted well out toward the right fence.

This left a big gap between the two fielders, and when Crawford shot up the second ball pitched there was a dash of both fielders to get under the sphere. They sped across the field with all skin set, each unaware that the other was intent upon taking the ball. A head-to-head collision seemed imminent, when a shout from Raymer reached Green in time to prevent what might have proved a serious accident. Menefee also heard the warning cry and simultaneously both players side-stepped, the ball falling safe between them.

Crawford had turned third before the ball struck the earth, and was across the plate just a fraction ahead of Dexter, who was sent by Menefee to Kahoe by a well-directed throw. The height of Crawford's drive must have been considerable to allow him to turn third, as the ball fell not over twenty-five yards back of second base.

Gus Weyhing's first appearance as a member of the Cincinnati team cannot be called a glittering success. The veteran twirler was a bit much harder than the score shows. The game was played in a drizzling rain, which began just after the third inning opened. The second game was postponed until tomorrow. Score:

| Cincinnati. | R | B | P | A | E | Chicago. | R | B | P | A | E |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Dobbs, cf | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | Hartsel, lf | 1 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| Harley, 2b | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 0 | Raymer, ss | 1 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 |
| Beckley, 1b | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 | Dexter, 3b | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Dexter, 3b | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | Doyle, 1b | 0 | 0 | 8 | 1 | 0 |
| Dyer, rf | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | Green, cf | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 |
| Magoon, c | 0 | 0 | 5 | 1 | 0 | Childs, 2b | 0 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 0 |
| Steinfeldt, 3b | 0 | 1 | 3 | 4 | 2 | Menefee, rf | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Foss, 2b | 0 | 0 | 3 | 1 | 0 | Kahoe, c | 0 | 0 | 4 | 1 | 0 |
| Bergen, c | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | Waddell, p | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| Weyhing, p | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | | | | | | |
| Totals | 1 | 3 | 27 | 10 | 3 | Totals | 2 | 3 | 27 | 11 | 0 |

| | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Cincinnati | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | — | 1 |
| Chicago | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 7 | — | 9 |

Two base hit—Steinfeldt. Three base hits—Hartsel (2). Home runs—Green, Menefee. Double plays—Steinfeldt-Bergen-Beckley, Harley-Foz-Beckley, Kahoe-Childs. First base on balls—Off Waddell, 2; off Weyhing, 1. Hit by pitched ball—Waddell. Struck out—By Waddell, 6; by Weyhing, 3. Time—1:30. Umpire—Behle.

## BEAT PITTSBURG IN LONG GAME.

### St. Louis Cardinals Bag Contest in the Twelfth Inning on Wallace's Triple and Kruger's Long Fly.

St. Louis, Mo., Aug. 21.—The game today was a twelve-inning battle between Powell and Tannehill. A three-base hit by Wallace in the twelfth and Kruger's long fly brought in the winning run. Score:

| St. Louis. | R | B | P | A | E | Pittsburg. | R | B | P | A | E |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Burkett, lf | 1 | 2 | 5 | 0 | 0 | Clarke, R. | 0 | 1 | 5 | 0 | 0 |
| Hoffer, cf | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | Beaumont, cf | 1 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| Donovan, rf | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Dahlen, ss | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 |
| Wallace, ss | 1 | 4 | 2 | 3 | 0 | Wagner, ss | 0 | 0 | 5 | 5 | 0 |
| Beckley, 1b | 0 | 0 | 9 | 0 | 0 | Beaumont, lf | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| Padden, 2b | 0 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 0 | Ritchey, 2b | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 0 |
| McGann, 1b | 0 | 2 | 11 | 0 | 1 | Yeager, 3b | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 |
| Kruger, c | 0 | 0 | 5 | 2 | 0 | Smoot, c | 0 | 0 | 5 | 1 | 0 |
| Powell, p | 0 | 0 | 1 | 5 | 0 | Tannehill, p | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Totals | 4 | 14 | 36 | 14 | 3 | Totals | 3 | 10 | 34 | 12 | 1 |

*One out when winning run scored.

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| St. Louis | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | — | 4 |
| Pittsburg | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | — | 3 |

Two-base hit—McGann. Stolen bases—Wallace, Kruger. Three-base hits—Wallace, Zimmer. Bases on balls—Off Powell, 2; off Tannehill, 2. Struck out—By Powell, 2; by Tannehill, 4. Umpires—O'Day and Brown. Time—2:18.

### Boston, 5; New York, 2.

Boston, Mass., Aug. 21.—The locals bunched hits in the sixth and eighth, and several rank errors helped to swell the score. Dineen was hit hard, but was steady at critical times. Score:

| Boston. | R | B | P | A | E | New York. | R | B | P | A | E |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Slagle, rf | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | V. Hall'n, cf | 1 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| Tenney, 1b | 0 | 2 | 10 | 1 | 0 | Davis, ss | 0 | 0 | 2 | 4 | 0 |
| Clement, c | 0 | 1 | 5 | 0 | 0 | McCreery, lf | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| Cooley, lf | 0 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | Selbach, rf | 1 | 1 | 5 | 0 | 0 |
| Lamiley, cf | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | Murphy, 2b | 0 | 0 | 2 | 4 | 0 |
| Lowe, 2b | 0 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 0 | Delehanty, 1b | 0 | 0 | 9 | 0 | 0 |
| Long, ss | 1 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | Ganzel, 1b | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 1 |
| Kittridge, c | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 | Warner, c | 0 | 0 | 3 | 1 | 0 |
| Dineen, p | 0 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 0 | Denzer, p | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 |
| Totals | 2 | 5 | 29 | 27 | 14 | 1 | Totals | 2 | 2 | 24 | 14 | 4 |

| | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Boston | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 3 | — | 5 |
| New York | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | — | 2 |

Two-base hits—Davis, Denzer, Demont, Selbach. Double plays—Long-Demont-Tenny; Long-Tenny. Bases on balls—Off Dineen, 1; off Denzer, 1. Struck out—By Dineen, 2; by Dineen, 2. Time—1:37. Umpire—Dwyer.

### Philadelphia, 6; Brooklyn, 2.

Philadelphia, Pa., Aug. 21.—Pitcher Kitson's winning streak for Brooklyn was broken here today, when the Philadelphias landed on his delivery for twelve hits and pounded out six runs. Score:

| Philadelphia. | R | B | P | A | E | Brooklyn. | R | B | P | A | E |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Thomas, cf | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | Keeler, rf | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Wolverton, 3b | 1 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | McCreery, lf | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| Flick, rf | 2 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | Dolan, cf | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Delehanty, 1b | 1 | 1 | 8 | 0 | 0 | Kelley, 1b | 1 | 1 | 7 | 1 | 0 |
| Douglass, ss | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | Daly, 3b | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| Jennings, lb | 0 | 2 | 10 | 0 | 0 | Dahlen, ss | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Hallman, 2b | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 | Irwin, 3b | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 1 |
| Cross, ss | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | Farrell, c | 0 | 0 | 6 | 1 | 0 |
| White, p | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Kitson, p | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Totals | 6 | 8 | 27 | 3 | 0 | Totals | 2 | 4 | 24 | 7 | 2 |

| | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Philadelphia | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 2 | — | 6 |
| Brooklyn | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | — | 2 |

Two-base hits—Wolverton, Daly. Stolen bases—Thomas (3), Flick (2), Delehanty, Jennings. Double plays—Douglass-Hallman-Jennings; Harley-Fox-Beckley. Kahoe-Childs. First base on balls—Off Waddell, 2; off Kitson, 3; by White, 1. Hit by pitcher—Keeler. First base on balls—Off White, 2. Time—1:45. Umpire—Emslie.

## ATHLETICS WIN DOUBLE HEADER

### Cleveland Beaten in Ninth Inning of First Contest, but Succumb Easily in the Second.

Philadelphia, Pa., Aug. 21.—The home club won two poorly played games today from Cleveland. They captured the first in the ninth inning on a wild throw, a base on balls, and a two-base hit. In the second game the locals hit safely five times in the sixth inning, netting five runs. Manager Mack today signed Catcher Steelman, who had been farmed by Brooklyn to Hartford. Scores:

FIRST GAME.

| Cleveland. | R | B | P | A | E | Philadelphia. | R | B | P | A | E |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Pick'ns, cf | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | Fultz, cf | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| O'Brien, lf | 0 | 2 | 3 | 0 | 0 | Davis, 1b | 0 | 2 | 11 | 0 | 0 |
| Beck, 2b | 0 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 0 | Lajoie, 2b | 0 | 1 | 6 | 1 | 0 |
| Lachance, 1b | 0 | 1 | 8 | 1 | 0 | Seybold, rf | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Bradley, 3b | 0 | 1 | 1 | 4 | 0 | McIntyre, lf | 1 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| Wood, c | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 | Orth, 3b | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| Connor, c | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | Steelman, c | 0 | 2 | 5 | 0 | 0 |
| Harvey, rf | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Dolan, 3b | 0 | 2 | 1 | 4 | 0 |
| Hawley, ss | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 0 | Fraser, p | 0 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 0 |
| Bracken, p | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | | | | | | |
| Totals | 0 | 5 | 23 | 12 | 0 | Totals | 2 | 11 | 27 | 10 | 0 |

*One out when winning run scored.

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Cleveland | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | — | 0 |
| Philadelphia | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | — | 1 |

Two-base hits—Lajoie, Steelman, Dolan. Home runs—Beck, Davis. Stolen bases—Pickering, Harvey, Fultz, Steelman. Double plays—Bradley-Beck-Lachance; Dolan-Lajoie-Davis. First base on balls—Off Bracken, 4; off Fraser, 4. Hit by pitcher—Bradley, Lajoie 2. Struck out—By Bracken, 2; by Fraser, 5. Wild pitches—Fraser, 2. Time—2:12. Umpire—Sheridan.

SECOND GAME.

| Cleveland. | R | B | P | A | E | Philadelphia. | R | B | P | A | E |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Pick'ns, cf | 0 | 2 | 3 | 0 | 0 | Fultz, cf | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 1 |

# TRIUMPH FOR GLENVIEW.

### EVANSTON GOLFERS WIN MARSHALL FIELD TROPHY.

### Minus Two of Their Regular Players, the Visitors Lead a Field of Nine Teams from the Start, Finishing 36 Down on Colonel Bogey—Midlothian Second and Onwentsia Third—William Holabird Jr. Makes Best Score of the Day, Phelps B. Hoyt Second.

Another triumph was recorded yesterday by the all-conquering players from the Glenview club. From a field of nine teams, containing some of the best golfing talent of the West, they captured the Marshall Field trophy with a score of 30 down.

Midlothian finished second, with 56 down, while the strong quintet from the Onwentsia club, holders of the trophy, had to be content with third place, their score being 94 down. Glenview's victory was notable from the fact that the team was minus the services of W. L. Thompson, who is in the East, and Captain Jack Sellers, who strained his side a few days ago and was unable to play. Last year the Onwentsia club won with a score of 30 down on its own course, and for a team to perform almost as well on a foreign course indicates the high quality of the play put up by the men from Glenview.

As usual, William Holabird Jr. was the mainstay of his side, his record of finishing 1 down on Colonel Bogey in 36 holes being a remarkable feat. It was championship golf, and if the player competes at Atlantic City he can be counted upon to give the West a chance for amateur championship honors.

The second day's play in the third annual tournament of the Western Golf association was marred by gloomy weather at the start, but later in the day the sun shone brightly and the showers did not handicap the contestants to any great extent.

### Start of the Contest.

H. J. Tweedie of Belmont and Howard Morris of Milwaukee made the initial drives, the succeeding pairs following in rapid order. Neither Tweedie nor Morris was able to cope successfully with the Colonel, Morris being 9 down at the completion of the first round, with Tweedie 4 down.

Much interest centered in the struggle between the Onwentsia and Glenview teams, which was unusually close during the first nine holes. William Holabird was 2 up at the ninth, with Phelps B. Hoyt all even. To offset this lead William Waller holed a 20-foot putt at the ninth, making him 1 up, while A. Poole Jr. was all even. After four of the five teams had passed the score was even up. Walter Egan, the last Onwentsia player in, was 4 down, honors then resting with Glenview for the first nine by the score of 6 to 8.

At the end of the first 18 holes Glenview led by 24 down, Onwentsia being in second place by 39 down. Kenosha and Midlothian were close by with 51 and 52 down, respectively, the order of the remaining teams being as follows: Milwaukee, 86; Belmont, 89; Skokie, 44; Detroit, 47, and Riverside in last place with 48 down.

William Holabird Jr. was the only contestant who succeeded in besting the Colonel in either round, his score at the eighteenth being 1 up.

### Results in Figures.

The team scores follow:

GLENVIEW.

| | 1st. | 2d. | Tot. | Bg'y. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| William Holabird Jr. | 85 | 88 | 173 | 1 |
| Phelps B. Hoyt | 88 | 87 | 175 | 4 |
| John D. Rowe Jr. | 94 | 98 | 192 | 10 |
| W. I. Osborne | 94 | 84 | 178 | 12 |
| George Thorne | 92 | 92 | 184 | 13 |
| Total | | | | Down 39 |

MIDLOTHIAN.

| | 1st. | 2d. | Tot. | Bg'y. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| W. T. G. Bristol | 94 | 93 | 187 | 14 |
| J. O. Hinkley | 94 | 95 | 189 | 14 |
| C. Counselman Jr. | 94 | 94 | 188 | 14 |
| H. D. Daniels | 94 | 94 | 188 | 10 |
| J. C. Daniels | 94 | 88 | 182 | 10 |
| Total | | | | Down 56 |

ONWENTSIA.

| | 1st. | 2d. | Tot. | Bg'y. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| William Waller | 91 | 90 | 181 | 9 |
| D. S. Forgan | 91 | 90 | 181 | 17 |
| A. J. Poole | 92 | 96 | 188 | 10 |
| Walter Egan | 94 | 95 | 189 | 15 |
| W. F. Pillsbury | 94 | 94 | 188 | 10 |
| Total | | | | Down 64 |

KENOSHA.

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| C. C. Allen | 90 | 87—177 | 4 | |
| E. B. Ogle | 99 | 97—196 | 17 | |
| W. S. Cantwell | 97 | 99—196 | 16 | |
| F. R. Pettit | 94 | 90—184 | 13 | |
| C. D. Harnet | 100 | 103—203 | 22 | |
| Total | | | | 67 down |

MILWAUKEE.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Hamilton Voss | 94 | 93—187 | 15 |
| Louis Allis | 90 | 89—179 | 6 |
| C. V. Boyd | 95 | 92—187 | 17 |
| A. E. Wilson | 94 | 96—190 | 17 |
| Howard Morris | 95 | 92—187 | 15 |
| Total | | | 70 down |

SKOKIE.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| G. H. Leslie | 94 | 94—188 | 16 |
| W. H. Bennett | 93 | 93—186 | 13 |
| A. E. Wilson | 96 | 97—193 | 19 |
| A. G. Bennett | 95 | 93—188 | 15 |
| Charles Dupee | 103 | 95—198 | 17 |
| Total | | | 81 down |

BELMONT.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| H. J. Tweedie | 90 | 95—185 | 12 |
| J. W. Ross | 93 | 99—192 | 20 |
| E. F. Martin | 97 | 90—190 | 22 |
| W. E. Conklin | 104 | 97—201 | 29 |
| F. Lyon Roach | 98 | 94—192 | 17 |
| Total | | | 92 down |

RIVERSIDE.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| H. K. Allen | 83 | 92—180 | 6 |
| J. S. Driver | 107 | 103—210 | 29 |
| O. D. Cran | 100 | 97—197 | 21 |
| Dr. C. W. Heywood | 101 | 93—194 | 21 |
| J. F. Palmer | 96 | 90—189 | 13 |
| Total | | | 92 down |

DETROIT.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| J. W. Dyar | 104 | 105—209 | 24 |
| Thayer McMillan | 91 | 97—188 | 15 |
| Wiley Carhart | 97 | 100—197 | 24 |
| F. S. Bagley | 90 | 90—180 | 8 |
| H. Russell | 92 | 92—184 | 12 |
| Total | | | 101 down |

### Best Cards of the Day.

The lowest medal score for the thirty-six holes was that of William Holabird Jr., who finished in 173, Phelps B. Hoyt of Glenview finished two strokes higher, being four down on bogey. Their cards:

| | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| William Holabird Jr.— | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Out | 4 | 5 | 5 | 4 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 4 | 6 | —42 | |
| In | 5 | 5 | 4 | 4 | 6 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 5 | —43 | —85 |
| Out | 5 | 5 | 4 | 4 | 6 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 5 | —44 | |
| In | 5 | 6 | 4 | 4 | 6 | 6 | 5 | 3 | 4 | —43 | —88—173 |
| P. B. Hoyt— | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Out | 5 | 5 | 4 | 4 | 5 | 5 | 6 | 5 | 6 | —44 | |
| In | 5 | 6 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 4 | 5 | 4 | —44 | —88 |
| Out | 5 | 5 | 4 | 4 | 5 | 5 | 6 | 5 | 6 | —45 | |
| In | 5 | 6 | 3 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 4 | 5 | 4 | —42 | —87—175 |

One hundred players are scheduled to start in the qualifying round for the Western amateur championship this morning at 8:30 o'clock. The field is large, and the player who survives to the finish will have a hard road to travel. The pairs will start at intervals of three minutes, H. J. Tweedie of the Belmont club and W. V. D. Wright of the Washington Park club having the place of honor. Sixteen players will qualify for the amateur championship and two other sixteens for cups and medals.

Secretary Martin announced last evening that all entrants for the amateur championship who were not on hand to start on scheduled time today would be placed at the bottom of the list. An early start will be made so as to avoid finishing late.

The officials of the club also request that all golf clubs send volunteer scorers on the early trains to assist in keeping the scores of the day.

## WHITNEY ENTRY RUNS ONE-TWO

### King Hanover and Goldsmith Take the First and Second Money in Stake Race at Saratoga.

[BY T. J. GALLAGHER.]

Saratoga, N. Y., Aug. 21.—[Special.]—William C. Whitney's colors were first and second in the Grand Union Hotel Stakes. King Hanover redeemed himself, made all the pace, and won cleverly, doing the three-quarters in 1:13 1-5. His stable companion, Goldsmith, was a bang up second. He carried 127 pounds, and finished as strong and resolutely as he did when he won the Flash and Saratoga special.

Mr. Whitney made no declaration and under the rules both had to be ridden out. Although the race was fast, it is believed that interference on the turn prevented Goldsmith from finishing first.

By winning King Hanover loses his maiden allowance and takes up a penalty in the futurity, in which his weight will be 127.

Charles Head Smith's recent purchase, Bowen, won the second race by a neck. In an exciting finish Woods clearly outrode Burns.

G. W. Poole has shipped the horses of Tichenor & Co. back to Chicago. He considered them unequal to the exactions of the handicapper and too good to run in selling races.

William K. Vanderbilt has engaged Edward Hughes to train his horse in France. Hughes had charge of the horses of Sullivan & Harris at the recent Washington Park meeting. Secretary James Howard and William A. Pinkerton have been doing excellent work in behalf of Washington Park. They have obtained promises of entries from almost every prominent Eastern stable.

### Saratoga Summaries Aug. 21.

Weather clear. Track fast.

First race, ¾ mile, $700 added, handicap:

| Bet. | Horse, weight, jockey. | St. | ¼ | ½ | Str. | Fin. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 8-1 | R. of Lexington, 98 [Hicks] | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 |
| 7-1 | Chantaunda, 110 [Odom] | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| 7-1 | Demurrer, 116 [Garrison] | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |

Time, 1:12 2-5. Lucent, 93 pounds [Cochran]; Miss Misagrace, 120 [Shaw]; John Muskin, 107 [O'Connor]; Sly, 106 [Bullman], finished as named. Winner, b. f., by Onondaga—Annette. Won easily.

Second race, 1 1-16 miles, $500 added:

| Bet. | Horse, weight, jockey. | St. | ¼ | ½ | Str. | Fin. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 11-5 | Rowen, 104 [T. Woods] | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 6-1 | Hart, 106 [T. Knight] | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| 30- | Blueswar, 104 [McCue] | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |

Time, 1:47 4-5. Jr. Shot, 99 pounds [G. Thompson]; Chaos, 98 [Creamer]; Lexington, 104 [Beauchamp]; Alaska, 106 [Brennan]; Lord Oglesby, 106 [O'Connor], finished as named. Winner, b. c., by Wayeuus—Midgeraan. Won driving.

Third race, ¾ mile, 3-year-olds, the Grand Union Hotel Stakes, value $10,000:

| Bet. | Horse, weight, jockey. | St. | ¼ | ½ | Str. | Fin. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 4-5 | King Hanover, 110 [T. Burns] | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| *3-5 | Goldsmith, 127 [S. Turner] | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| 6-1 | Dixieline, 117 [Beauch'p] | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |

*Coupled in betting.

Time, 1:13 1-5. Masterman, 127 pounds [Bullman]; Saturday, 110 [J. Woods]; Homestead, 111 [Landry]; Stranger, 117 [Odom]; South Elkhorn, 117 [O'Connor], finished as named. Winner, ch. c., by Hanover—Lady Agnes. Won driving.

Fourth race, 1 mile and 70 yards, $600 added, handicap:

| Bet. | Horse, weight, jockey. | St. | ¼ | ½ | Str. | Fin. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 10-3 | Isidor, 128 [Shaw] | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 8-5 | Sen Mac Dhui, 104 [Bullman] | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| 8-1 | St. Finnan, 98 [H. Michaels] | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |

Time, 1:43 4-5. Louisville, 102 pounds [Cochran]; Ratio, 109 [O'Connor]; May W., 102 [L. Smith], finished as named. Winner, ch. c., by Amphion—Isle. Won easily.

Fifth race, 5½ furlongs, $700 added, 2-year-olds:

| Bet. | Horse, weight, jockey. | St. | ¼ | ½ | Str. | Fin. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 7-1 | Ross of May, 107 [T. Burns] | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 3-1 | Broadstreet, 110 [Bullman] | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| 9-10 | City Bank, 118 [O'Connor] | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |

Time, 1:07 2-5. Goldsby, 110 pounds [Pickering], also ran. Winner, b. c., by Gold Crest—Faithful, by Longfellow. Won easily.

### Saratoga Entries.

First race, ¾ mile — Dublin, 110 pounds; King Pepper, 110; Rock Storm, 110; Maltster, 110; Paul Clifford, 107; Golden Cottage, 100; Gunfire, 97.

Second race, ¾ mile, 3-year-olds, maidens — Advoc

## D SILVER BIG STAKE.

Stallion Beats Ele- Grand Race on ville's Track.

KES TWO HEATS.

a Wonderful Finish Third and Noses His Rival.

VENTS DWARFED.

H. T. WHITE.]
Aug. 21.—[Special.]—The an. Onward Silver, again itle to the championship of ar class today by winning ts Stake, of $10,000, for 2:12 eaperate battle of five heats. competitor was the New Eleata, who, like Onward nbroken record of victories e won the first and second leading down the home- third mile, when the stallion sh from behind and, in a beat her out in 2:08, trotting the mile in 1:08 and the final Then he came back with two :10¼ and 2:11¼, and the race

race in every sense of the d triumph for Ed Geers, who er. It was thought Eleata ten, as among her triumphs M. & M. Stake at Detroit, in f which she trotted a mile in seeming ease as to lead ob- e a considerably higher rate not stop her. ublic had this idea firmly , and when the betting began once installed favorite, and start for the first heat she d the field $55.

**ays Waiting Game.**

Eleata, who was scoring in marched out among the race was a one-horse affair before a sixteenth had been was really nothing near her hough May Allen, who drew second place from start to ade no move with Onward last, with the exception of o broke at the first turn and

eat was another procession, ead all the way. Geers was ders this trip, but just as he his drive on the third turn roke and carried the stallion hat he could never overtake hough he trotted the home- at clip and was beaten a nose place.

e heat that will never be for- who saw it. In scoring for brought Onward Silver up t each time. But in spite of Onward Silver was fifth at with Eleata far in front and ole. But Geers hustled the and as Eleata sped past the thirty-two seconds he was as the others. Cornelia Belle t a length behind the black e backstretch swept the field, Silver gaining a little every

**h of a Lifetime.**

was trotted in 1:04¾, and still ahead. But by this time On- d forged his way past the w up on Cornelia Belle. The ay well in the middle of the s as a flash Geers had Onward side position, and as these two e-quarters the stallion went Belle and took after Eleata. r had been trotting a terrific half-mile, being separately d quarter in 32 seconds, and it possible he could increase that to overhaul the mare. But ing one of the greatest drives had every muscle and nerve body in full play.

ed ears, knowing as well as any e scene what he was expected Silver kept trotting faster and y the tossing yellow mane of a fluttered alongside the black the mare seemed to lose heart me. Marsh struck her with the r it fell, but there was no an- On the contrary, Eleata e had made her fight and lost. crowd was cheering wildly, ffect storm of hurrahs Onward nder the wire a winner on the in 2:08. He had gone the last 1:08 and the final quarter in

**ta's Spirit Broken.**

the horses came on the track Eleata speed away in front ut each time, half way down h, the big chestnut stallion her with thundering strides. did falter, break, and swerve. nelia Belle also beat her out mile.

ace of a lifetime and dwarfed of the program, although the ed and the time fairly fast.

Stake, $10,000, for 2:12 trotters:
ch g. by Onward.
ean [Geers].....7 1 1 1 1
b m. [Kirby].....1 3 4 3 dis
[Miller].....2 2 2 4 dis
m. [McDonald].....4 4 3 dis
h. [Wilson].....3 5 5 dis
m. [Sanders].....5 dis

2:06 pacers:
Gin. Gil. s., by Constantine
[Turner].....1 1 1
[Goodin].....2 2 2
2:08; 2:07; 2:06¾
2:14 trotters [2 in 3]:
b. m., by Edgemark [Mc-
[Doyle].....1 2 1
[Kerr].....2 1 2
[Sanders].....3 3 3
2:12; 2:12; 2:13.
Cozzy, Bird Eye, Prince of In-
Estello, Xztello, Hunter Hill, and

2:10 trotters [concluded]:
C. F. Clay [Hutchison].....
b. m., by J. C.
[Miller].....1 1 2 5 6 3
[Hamblet].....10 10 9 4 6dis
[Bostwick].....2 3 4 6 7 dis
2:08¼; 2:08¼; 2:11¾.
Baster, Roberts, Limerick,
C. D. Jacobs, Ben Hal, Debut,
C., and The Spaniard started.
out today that at Hartford on
will be a race between Crescens
for a purse of $7,000, of which
the winner.

**Western Circuit.**

Aug. 21.—[Special.]—Ten thou-
the races today. In the 2:10 pace
the track racing record by
Boy M. won the 2:26 trot easily in
lipping three and one-half seconds
Fred the Kid, who won the 2:14
in 2:05¾, was sold today to Oscar
ton for $3,500. Summaries:
ufacturers' Stake, $1,000:
by Moloch [Brubaker].....1 1 1
m., by Thomas [.....].....2 2 2
ark h. [Berry].....3 3 3
2:14¾; 2:15¾; 2:15¾.
ed Linton, and Newmarket also

ss $500.
s. b. by Alcantara [Liek-
[.....].....1 1 1
[.....].....2 2 2
2:05¼; 2:07¼.
Allison, Major Mason, Bloody,
Shaha, Frank Marriott, Brown
Wilkes also started.

b. m. [French].....1 1 1
[Hoffman].....2 2 2
2:12¾; 2:12¾; 2:14¾.
Fairmont, Miss Margaret H. Pat-
Newton, and Garnette also started.

**ng Phil" Sells Yeddo.**

Y., Aug. 21.—[Special.]—" Pitts-
sold to Stephen Sanford & Son his
by Amphion—imp. Iris, for a price
ut $30,000. A condition was made
shall never be raced again.

# HAWAII EXCITES ANGER IN JAPAN.

## Health Inspector Cofer Accused of Insulting Women at Honolulu.

## MAY REFER TO AMERICA.

## Mikado's Vice Consul and Wife Submit to Indignity Under Protest.

## IS ONLY NATION MOLESTED.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

London, Aug. 22, 3 a. m.—A dispatch to the Times from Tokio says there is great and growing indignation in Japan in consequence of the insulting discrimination of the Hawaiian medical inspectors against Japanese women traveling by steamship. The correspondent adds that these outrageous measures, supplementing previous acts of outrageous differentiation in Hawaii and San Francisco, create the conviction that Japan's relations with the United States will be impaired unless some corrective measure is speedily adopted.

**Protest Reaches Washington.**

Washington, D. C., Aug. 21.—Mr. Takahira, the Japanese Minister, has received a copy of resolutions recently adopted at a mass-meeting of the Japanese residents of Honolulu, protesting against the alleged action of Dr. L. E. Cofer, United States quarantine officer at that port, in subjecting Mr. S. Okabe, the Japanese Vice Consul at Honolulu, and his wife to a physical examination, upon their arrival there on July 25.

At the Japanese Legation today it was stated that as yet no formal representations have been made to this government. The communication from Honolulu asked that the matter be brought to the attention of President McKinley and to the United States Senate and House of Representatives.

**Japanese Only Sufferers.**

It was stated at the legation today that information from Hawaii makes it clear that the Japanese are and have been the sufferers from these extreme quarantine inspections, to the exclusion of almost all others.

According to dispatches from Honolulu, the physical examination of Mr. Okabe and his wife was brought about by a suspected case of plague aboard their vessel, though it is not clear to the officials here why an inspection of this character, which, to a Japanese amounts to an indignity, should have been necessary, as was stated, only in regard to Mr. Okabe and his wife.

## NEW TESTS ON YELLOW FEVER.

### Infected Mosquitoes Will Be Allowed to Bite Men Inoculated with Serum at Havana.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

HAVANA, Aug. 21.—Surgeon Major Havard says that though he will not conduct further yellow fever experiments with infected mosquitoes on non-immunes he has offered to allow infected mosquitoes to bite a man previously inoculated with Dr. Caldas' serum if the disease does not develop mosquitoes will be allowed to bite other men similarly protected.

The mosquitoes to be used are those which recently bit two men, from the effects of which the men died.

Dr. Havard says that Dr. Caldas has two men whom he has already inoculated who are willing to be bitten by the mosquitoes. The matter was fully explained to them, but the explanation did not cause them to withdraw their consent to being bitten.

**Doty Approves of Experiments.**

New York, Aug. 21.—Health Officer Doty, whose experiments in exterminating malaria by slaying mosquitoes have given him an expert knowledge of the disease-bearing insects, discussing the experiments in Havana, said:

"While deeply regretting the loss of two valuable lives in the experiments of the United States authorities in Havana with disease infected mosquitoes, I positively know that they have been carried out in the most conservative and scientific way, carefully and advisedly, in the best interests of science and for the benefit of mankind generally. The knowledge gained from these unfortunate deaths is of inestimable value to the myriads of human beings dwelling in the countries and districts affected by yellow fever."

## TEACHERS ARRIVE AT MANILA.

### Six Hundred Young Men and Women Reach the Philippines During a Typhoon.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

MANILA, Aug. 21.—The transport Thomas, with 600 teachers on board, arrived from the United States today. Owing to the prevalence of a typhoon they will not be landed until tomorrow. They will be given a reception. Temporary quarters have been arranged for them.

The steamship Union, which has arrived here from Cebu, reports that brigandage is rampant in that vicinity.

Attorney General Wilfrey is preparing an agreement on facts in the San José College case, which will be submitted to the Supreme Court on Sept. 1. This is the case in which the government and the Catholic Church dispute title to the San José Medical College property in Manila. The case was heard in the Philippine courts. Archbishop Chapelle and the Bishop of Manila pleaded the case of the church. The court decided in favor of the government. The church authorities then announced they would appeal the case to the Supreme Court. It may ultimately go to the Supreme Court of the United States.

Influential Catholics here say they have reliable information from Rome that the Philippines will have nine new Bishropics, seven of which will be presided over by Americans, giving the islands an Archbishop and twelve Bishops.

## HOT FIGHTS IN CAPE COLONY.

### British in Blockhouses Hard Pressed in Night Attack When Reinforcements Save Them.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

CAPE TOWN, Aug. 21.—The Boers made two night attacks on the blockhouses near Naauwpoort, Cape Colony. The first was easily repulsed, but subsequently Lotter's men made a bold attack five miles north of Naauwpoort, and the blockhouses were under heavy fire. The British troops behaved excellently.

Armored trains arrived on the scene with Maxim guns and searchlights and strong infantry reinforcements were also sent. The searchlights played on the rugged hills, and the Maxims and rifles poured in showers of lead wherever it was thought the Boers could be lurking. The Boers were forced to retreat.

PARIS, Aug. 21.—A dispatch to Le Journal from The Hague states that the Netherlands government has refused to transmit to the powers the protest of the Boer chiefs against General Kitchener's proclamation.

## BOAT CAPSIZES; 15 DROWNED.

### Coasting Vessel Carrying Passengers Goes Down Off the Coast of France.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

BREST, Aug. 21.—A vessel carrying passengers between Pleubian and Plougrescant capsized at Treguier, fifteen persons being drowned, including the family of Anatole Lebraz, the novelist.

**Heroes Rewarded by the Kaiser.**

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

BERLIN, Aug. 21.—Emperor William has decorated the officers and rewarded the crew of the Hamburg-American line steamship Kaiser Friedrich for their aid during the burning of the North German line steamships and piers at Hoboken a year ago last June.

**Notes from Foreign Lands.**

COLON, Colombia—Advices from Port Limon, Costa Rica, say there are seven cases of yellow fever there.

LONDON—G. A. Lowther, First Secretary of the British Embassy at Washington, has been appointed Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of Great Britain at Santiago, Chile.

CAPE TOWN—The second-class treason trials have commenced at Burgherdorp. Fifty-one voters have been disfranchised and the right of ever becoming citizens has been denied to fifty-five non-voters.

LONDON—Major Ungel, who is working under a subsidy from the Swedish government, is reported to have invented a projectile that is capable of destroying armor-plated cruisers if exploded within thirty meters of them.

CAPE TOWN—Duke of Cornwall and York was installed this morning as Chancellor of the Cape of Good Hope University. Thousands of children assembled at Government House this afternoon and presented the Duke and Duchess with a pair of Basuto ponies for the royal children.

## LEGION OF HONOR CROSS BESTOWED ON DR. HARPER.

### Head of University of Chicago Decorated by President of France for Promoting Alliance Francaise.

President William R. Harper of the University of Chicago has been decorated with the Cross of the Legion of Honor by the French government. This entitles him to rank among the greatest statesmen, soldiers, and literary men of that republic. He also is entitled to an invitation to every state function of France.

The silver Maltese cross, one of the most coveted badges in the world, was presented to Dr. Harper yesterday by Consul Henri Merou. It was accompanied by the diploma of the Legion of Honor, which sets forth the reasons for the decoration. Both the cross and the diploma are conferred by the President of France, and are in recognition of Dr. Harper's services in promoting the work of the Alliance Française in Chicago.

The people of France regard the affiliation of the alliance with the university as a step of great political and social significance, which will tend to bring about a feeling of mutual understanding and respect between the two nations. As President Harper has been active in this movement, he was recommended for the honor by the French Minister of Foreign Affairs, M. Delcasse.

The cross is of silver and enamel, and bears the insignia of the French Republic in its center. The same honor has been conferred during the last year on Cyrus H. McCormick, James Deering, Ferdinand W. Peck, and Mrs. Potter Palmer, and it is said there are more of the crosses in Chicago than in any other American city.

## GET POSSESSION OF THEATER.

### Mandatory Writ of Injunction Restores New Music Hall Company to Charge of Orpheon.

A mandatory writ of injunction reinstating the New Music Hall company in the management of the theater at 122 Washington street was granted yesterday by Judge Chetlain, and a writ of restitution was issued to the company. The decision of the court marks the end of much litigation between the New Music Hall company and the Orpheon, the latter of which has been conducting the theater since last March. Attorney J. W. Loeb, who won the case, said last night that his clients would take possession of the theater this morning. Hurtig & Seamon probably will resume control of the house.

## STATUARY GROUP AT SIGHT OF WHICH BEREAVED MOTHER FAINTED.

A dispatch to THE TRIBUNE from Buffalo, printed yesterday, told of a pathetic incident at the exposition art gallery when Mrs. Helen M. Packard of Springfield, Mass., viewing a statuary group called "El Caney," suddenly became aware that the scene depicted was that in which her two sons participated. The story on which the group is based was told by a war correspondent as follows:

"Just below the stone fort on the hill, sitting in the middle of the pineapple field, I came upon a pitiful sight—a soldier sitting on the ground, holding in his lap the head of a poor fellow who was literally shot to pieces. One bullet had gone through his head, another through his lungs and chest, tearing a horrible hole, from which the blood poured at every breath. He was almost dead, and every breath sounded like the noise made by pouring liquid from a bottle, and his comrade kept the flies from his face, that was clotted with blood and dirt, and waited. Occasionally, when the poor fellow would groan a bit louder than usual, the friend would change the dying man's position, but he held him as still as he could.

"'Don't suppose there's a surgeon about?' he inquired, as I stopped.

"I told him there was not now, but would be later.

"'Well,' he remarked, quietly, "don't suppose they could help him. He's 'bout gone, I reckon.'

"The breathing became weaker and the gurgling fainter and fainter as the grayish pallor began to show through the sweat and dirt and blood, and finally, without a tremor, breathing ceased. The soldier held his burden a moment until he saw the end had come, and then laid his handkerchief over the ghastly face and gently let the head down to the ground, and slowly got up.

"'Know him?' I asked.

"'My brother,' he calmly said. And then he filled his lungs with one long, deep sigh and gazed off to the hills for a moment with a faraway, thoughtful look, and I could see that he was looking straight into some home and wondering what mother would think."

## CZAR TO MEET EDWARD VII.

### BRITISH AND RUSSIAN RULERS TO VISIT COPENHAGEN TOGETHER.

### Newspapers in London Find Evidence in the New Blue Book That the English Foreign Office Has Displayed Its Old Time Spirit in Resisting Russian Aggression in China—Theaters in the Metropolis Beginning to Open for the Season.

[Copyright: 1901: By the New York Tribune.]
[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, Aug. 22, 3 a. m.—Several London Journals find evidence in the new Blue Book that the British Foreign office has displayed its old-time spirit and grit in resisting Russian aggression in China. The correspondence shows that Lords Salisbury and Lansdowne have been mildly contentious rather than aggressively strong. Respecting the imperial railway in north China protests have been made, but the real contest has been between the Russian government and its own troops, and discipline has been enforced at the risk of sacrificing small advantages in position.

The correspondence points to the essentially pacific character of Russian diplomacy under the guidance of the Czar, who has declined to make use of the opportunity offered by British embarrassments in south Africa.

**Edward to Meet the Czar.**

More important than these belated disclosures of Lansdowne's dialectics is the report that Edward VII. and the Czar will meet at Copenhagen. This indicates a disposition on their part to establish the same friendly relations between the sovereigns of the two countries which existed when Queen Victoria was living. The relations between the German and English royal families are already as close as possible, although gossips, apparently without authority, are striving to make a match between the German Crown Prince and some English Princess.

More significant than these idle tales are the exchanging of cordial greetings between the American and British Admirals at Spithead. Admiral Seymour has come to London to report to the Admiralty, and Admiral Cromwell probably will follow him to call at the embassy and pay a few calls.

The theaters are beginning to feel the pulse of the public after the short holiday. Herbert Waring, after a long career as an actor, is making an experiment as an actor-manager with a strong company at the Imperial Theater, and tonight Fanny Brough and company, eccentric comedians, will enact at Terry's Theater a French farce adapted by Augustus Moore from the text of Leon Gandillot, while at the end of the week Lewis Waller appears at the Duke of York's Theater in "A Royal Rival," which has been drawing well in the provinces.

**New Play Well Received.**

Waring's venture last night was an Anglo-Indian drama by Boyle Lawrence, entitled "A Man of His Word," and enacted by a strong and well selected company.

The motive of the play was the fulfillment of a promise made to an officer when he thought he was dying from wounds received in a skirmish on the frontier of India. He had confessed an act of cowardice, and a fellow-officer had pledged himself to keep it a secret. Suddenly the officer who had given the promise was charged with the other's crime and could not defend himself. The guilty officer recovered after his innocent companion had been tried by court-martial and deserted by all his friends. The two officers were in love with the same woman, and the guilty refused to clear his innocent comrade.

The curtain finally fell after the real culprit had accused himself, under the impression that the innocent man had broken his promise. The two leading parts were well acted by Herbert Waring and H. B. Irving. The audience was well pleased with the ingenious construction of the play.

There has been a good deal of joyful expectation in the public mind on account of Queen Alexandra's letter expressing the hope that all women who are to be present at the coronation will order British made materials for their dresses. A majority of the English firms engaged in the various sections of the great hive of fashions and industries, however, do not anticipate to benefit largely by the royal plea on behalf of home manufacturers. The rich satin and silk materials woven on British looms and embroidered by British fingers will never be distinguished by that indescribable air of artistic finish that characterizes the productions of Lyons and other continental centers.

The protests against the filthy condition of Holloway Jail are becoming daily incidents of the proceedings of the police courts. Earl Russell has an affection of the eyes which required him ordinarily to wear strong glasses. Confinement in Holloway has, it is stated, not only aggravated the weakness of his eyes but has brought on bad attacks of neuralgia.

**Railway Shareholders Lose.**

English railway shareholders yesterday had to face a list of weekly traffic reports which showed decreases all along the line, making a strong contrast with the returns for the corresponding week of last year, when there was an unbroken string of increases. The economy expected to be effected during the current half year in the cost of coal will not go far towards counterbalancing the serious falling off in revenue. I. N. F.

## CARRIED SECRET TO THE GRAVE.

### Marriage of Louisville Society Girl to Herman L. Ward in February, 1900, Just Revealed.

Louisville, Ky., Aug. 21.—[Special.]—The secret of the devotion of Herman L. Ward, a lawyer, champion amateur athlete and society favorite, to the memory of Miss Georgia L. Shallcross, who died a year ago, has just become known with the news that he and Miss Shallcross were clandestinely married at Jeffersonville, Ind., on Feb. 19, 1900, a secret the bride carried to her grave. A pledge given by the groom to his bride not to reveal the marriage without her consent, from which he was not released, kept the matter a secret until yesterday, when the names were accidentally discovered in records at Jeffersonville, where the ceremony was performed by a justice of the peace.

Miss Shallcross was 19 years old. She and Mr. Ward had been friends since childhood. She was the youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Stephen Shallcross, and a sister of Mrs. Thomas Buchanan and Mrs. Percy Moore of Anchorage. She made her début winter before last at a ball given at the Galt House, and during her brief social career was given several handsome entertainments. She died suddenly while visiting in the South in April of last year.

Mr. Ward is now in California, living on a ranch. His friends often remarked upon his regular visits to the grave of Miss Shallcross, which he covered from time to time with flowers.

## OBITUARY.

CHRISTOPHER O. CLOSTER, Chicago, who died on Monday, will be buried at 1 p. m. today from the residence of the daughter, Mrs. Louis Minson, 204 Englewood avenue. Interment will be in Rosehill. Mr. Closter had been a resident of this State since 1848. He settled at La Salle in that year, coming direct from Norway, where he was born in 1830. He moved to Chicago shortly afterward and became a contractor, subsequently engaging in the real estate business. He went to Canada and lived there just long enough to establish the Colony of Anticosti. Upon his return he interested himself in promoting and building the Chicago, Peoria and Southwestern railroad.

MRS. JAMES BARRELL, Chicago, died of heart failure yesterday morning at Harbor Point, Mich., where she had been spending the summer. She had been in poor health since last winter, but her condition was believed to be improving until the end came suddenly. Mrs. Barrell was 60 years old and had resided in Chicago nearly forty years, the family residence being at 2918 Michigan avenue. She was Miss Susan Finley previous to her marriage, and was born in Richmond, Va. She was a member of Christ Episcopal Church and for years had taken a deep interest in charitable institutions, especially the Chicago Home for the Friendless.

JOHN JAMES JANES, Chicago, the pioneer insurance man, will be buried in New York tomorrow. The funeral was held yesterday morning at the Calumet club. The casket occupied a position in the reception-room on the first floor. Delegations were present from the Chicago Commercial club, of which Mr. Janes was secretary; from the Chicago club, and from the insurance firm of Moore & Janes. Brief services were conducted by the Rev. Ernest M. Stires. The remains were then conveyed to the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern railway station and taken East.

**$5 to Charlevoix, Petoskey,**

Bay View, Traverse City, and other northern Michigan points and return, via Michigan Central and Père Marquette railroads. Tickets will be on sale Aug. 23, good to return leaving destination not later than Sept. 3, 1901. City ticket office, 119 Adams street, Chicago.

## GENERAL URIBE CALLS FOR HELP.

### Insurgent Leader Cables a Request for More Guns and Ammunition.

### TELLS OF TWO BATTLES.

### Declares His Forces Have Beaten Their Enemy at Every Point.

### COLOMBIA LOSES A GUNBOAT.

New York, Aug. 21.—[Special.]—Dr. A. J. Restrepo, diplomatic agent for the Colombian revolutionists, received a long cable dispatch today from General Rafael Uribe-Uribe, in which the rebel chief asks that more arms be shipped to him immediately, and also for cartridges for the rapid-fire guns taken from the government forces at San Cristobal. The dispatch was sent from the latter point to Venezuela and came via Maracaibo. General Uribe adds in his message:

"Enemy retreating into interior; will pursue. Have not time to write letters now. Too busy fighting. Clericals severely beaten in both battles."

The battles referred to are the two that followed the attempt to invade Venezuela from Colombia by the troops of the latter republic. General Uribe on both occasions led the combined Venezuelan and Liberal Colombian forces.

"I shall immediately ship 5,000 rifles and a quantity of cartridges to General Uribe," Dr. Restrepo said. Representatives here of Colombia continue buying war material. The latest purchase is a Driggs-Seabury rapid-fire gun, which will be shipped within a week.

**Says There Will Be No War.**

The following dispatch has been received from General Alery Alfaro, President of Ecuador:

"QUITO, Ecuador, Aug. 21.—War between Colombia and Venezuela is improbable. The union of the conservatives in both republics with a view of exercising absolute control has led to conflicts of a transitory character.

"The press strongly condemns any armed intervention in the internal affairs of the republics. ALFARO."

**Admits Revolution Is Serious.**

Señor Tomas Herran, Secretary of Colombia's Legation at Washington, who is now in the city, admitted today that the revolution in Colombia is becoming serious. He has received a number of letters from various parts of his country telling of the situation in several states.

It is the army of General Marin which is causing the Colombian authorities the greatest concern, apparently. This force, which is operating in the Department of Tolima, consists of about 2,500 men. Señor Herran said of General Marin:

"It does seem as though matters were getting serious. General Marin is said to have quite a command. The guerrilla bands have probably united, and now form the semblance of an army—outwardly at least.

In one of the letters received by Señor Herran was the story of an invasion from Ecuador into Colombia. The filibusters raided Tumaco in the south of Cuaca, but General Palacios with a government force defeated them and took many prisoners and a quantity of war supplies. Señor Herran said that the Colombian government had no definite knowledge that this invasion was aided by the Ecuadoran government, but the impression was that the raiders had its help.

**Colombian Gunboat Sinks.**

COLON, Colombia, Aug. 21.—The Colombian gunboat La Popa foundered and sunk while on its way from Savanilla to Cartagena. Four survivors reached the latter place today in an open boat, bringing the first news of the disaster.

There were some troops and several passengers on board. Their fate is not yet known, but hopes are entertained for their safety, as there were a number of boats in first-class condition on board.

**Urges Protest Against America.**

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

ROME, Aug. 21.—Tribuna urges the powers to protest against any occupation of the Isthmus of Panama by the United States.

**FOREIGN MAIL SCHEDULE.**

Foreign mails will close at the Chicago Postoffice today as follows:

For Belgium, Switzerland, Spain, Portugal, Turkey, Egypt, Greece, British India, and Cape Colony, 4:30 p. m.

For Cuba, via Tampa, 6 p. m.

For Jamaica, 12 p. m.

For Mexico, via Tampico, specially addressed only, 8 S. Yucatan, 4:30 p. m.

For Argentine Republic, Uruguay, and Paraguay, 12 p. m. F. E. COYNE, Postmaster.

**HEALTH DEPARTMENT ON CITY WATER.**

Lake View station supplies all territory north of Fullerton avenue. Chicago avenue station supplies all territory between Fullerton avenue and Kinzie street. Fourteenth street station supplies all territory between Kinzie and Thirty-ninth streets, and Hyde Park all territory south of Thirty-ninth street except the Stock-Yards.

**OFFICIAL WEATHER FORECAST.**

OFFICE OF CHIEF OF WEATHER BUREAU, Washington, D. C., Aug. 21.—Forecast for Thursday and Friday:

For Illinois—Partly cloudy Thursday, probably showers in southern portion, Friday fair, with warmer in southern portion, variable winds.

For Ohio—Partly cloudy Thursday, warmer in extreme southwest portion, Friday partly cloudy, probably showers, and cooler in northern portion, light southerly winds.

For Lower Michigan—Partly cloudy Thursday, with showers in northern and western portions, Friday fair in western, showers in eastern; and cooler in southeast portion, light southerly winds.

For Upper Michigan—Showers and cooler Thursday, Friday fair in western, showers in eastern portion, variable winds.

For Indiana—Fair Thursday, warmer in central portion, Friday fair, light southerly winds.

For Wisconsin—Showers in eastern, fair and cooler in western portion Thursday, Friday fair, with warmer in western portion, variable winds, becoming light westerly.

For Minnesota—Fair Thursday, except showers in northeast portion, cooler in eastern and warmer in western portion, Friday fair, with warmer in southeast portion, variable winds.

For Iowa—Generally fair Thursday and Friday, cooler Thursday in central and northeast portions, southerly winds becoming variable.

For Missouri—Partly cloudy Thursday, probbaly showers, cooler in western portion, Friday fair, variable winds.

For North Dakota—Fair Thursday, warmer in central and eastern portions, Friday fair, variable winds.

For South Dakota and Nebraska—Generally fair Thursday and Friday, northerly winds, becoming variable.

| Place of observation. | Height of barometer. | Thermometer. | Max. temp. | Direction of wind. | Precipitation in 24 hours. | State of weather. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Time taken: Aug. 21, 8 p. m. | | | | | | |
| Abilene | 29.82 | 78 | 98 | S.E. | .72 | Clo'dy |
| Albany | 30.06 | 76 | 86 | S. | .04 | Fair |
| Alpena | 29.96 | 68 | 72 | S.E. | .... | Clo'dy |
| Atlanta | 30.00 | 70 | 82 | N.E. | .22 | Clo'dy |
| Amarillo | 29.84 | 84 | 98 | N.E. | .... | Clear |
| Battleford | 29.98 | 70 | 74 | N.W. | .... | Fair |
| Bismarck | 30.00 | 68 | 70 | W. | .... | Clo'dy |
| Buffalo | 29.98 | 70 | 82 | S. | .... | Clo'dy |
| Boston | 30.14 | 68 | 70 | E. | .... | Clear |
| Cairo | 29.92 | 72 | 84 | S. | .20 | Clo'dy |
| Charlotte | 30.06 | 70 | 96 | S. | .04 | Rain |
| Cheyenne | 30.00 | 70 | 78 | N.E. | .02 | Clear |
| Chicago | 29.90 | 78 | 78 | S. | .18 | Fair |
| Cincinnati | 29.94 | 74 | 88 | S. | .... | Clear |
| Concordia | 29.96 | 86 | 94 | N.W. | Tr. | Fair |
| Davenport | 29.96 | 80 | 86 | S. | .... | Clear |
| Denver | 29.92 | 84 | 96 | S.E. | Tr. | Fair |
| Des Moines | 29.94 | 86 | 94 | S. | .... | Fair |
| Detroit | 29.94 | 76 | 82 | W. | .01 | Clear |
| Dodge | 29.96 | 78 | 92 | N. | Tr. | Clear |
| Dubuque | 29.94 | 84 | 88 | S.E. | .... | Clear |

**OFFICIAL WEATHER FORECAST.**

| | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Duluth | 30.14 | 70 | 78 | S.E. | .... | Fair |
| El Paso | 29.78 | 82 | 94 | S.E. | .... | Clear |
| Galveston | 29.92 | 78 | 84 | E. | .02 | Clo'dy |
| Grand Haven | 30.06 | 70 | 84 | Calm | Tr. | Fair |
| Green Bay | 29.98 | 72 | 80 | S. | .... | Clo'dy |
| Havre | 30.06 | 62 | 78 | W. | .... | Clear |
| Helena | 30.02 | 70 | 86 | W. | .... | Fair |
| Huron | 30.02 | 72 | 90 | W. | .... | Clear |
| Indianapolis | 29.92 | 76 | 86 | S. | .... | Clear |
| Jacksonville | 30.02 | 76 | 88 | E. | .... | Clear |
| Kansas City | 29.88 | 86 | 94 | Calm | .02 | Clo'dy |
| Lander | 30.02 | 74 | 86 | S. | .... | Fair |
| Little Rock | 29.96 | 74 | 86 | S.W. | .46 | Clear |
| Los Angeles | 30.10 | 70 | 80 | S.W. | .... | Clear |
| Marquette | 30.04 | 64 | 74 | S. | .... | Clear |
| Memphis | 29.94 | 78 | 94 | S. | .... | Clear |
| Medicine Hat | 29.86 | 76 | 90 | N.W. | .... | Fair |
| Minnedosa | 29.92 | 70 | 80 | W. | .... | Fair |
| Montgomery | 29.98 | 70 | 94 | W. | .... | Clear |
| Montreal | 30.06 | 70 | 80 | W. | .... | Clear |
| Nashville | 29.96 | 74 | 90 | S.E. | .02 | Clo'dy |
| New Orleans | 29.94 | 78 | 94 | S.W. | .02 | Clo'dy |
| New York City | 30.06 | 76 | 86 | N.W. | .... | Clo'dy |
| Norfolk | 30.06 | 76 | 94 | S. | .... | Clear |
| North Platte | 29.92 | 80 | 90 | W. | .... | Clear |
| Oklahoma | 29.86 | 86 | 96 | E. | .... | Fair |
| Omaha | 29.92 | 78 | 92 | S. | .... | Clo'dy |
| Oswego | 30.02 | 72 | 82 | W. | .... | Clear |
| Palestine | 29.86 | 76 | 90 | E. | .... | Clo'dy |
| Parkersburg | 29.96 | 76 | 90 | S.E. | Tr. | Clo'dy |
| Philadelphia | 30.06 | 76 | 88 | S. | .... | Fair |
| Pittsburg | 29.96 | 72 | 86 | S. | .... | Clear |
| Pueblo | 29.86 | 80 | 92 | S. | Tr. | Rain |
| Qu'Appelle | 29.92 | 72 | 78 | S.W. | Tr. | Clear |
| Rapid City | 29.92 | 76 | 88 | W. | .... | Clear |
| San Francisco | 30.06 | 56 | 68 | W. | .... | Clear |
| St. Louis | 29.88 | 82 | 90 | E. | .... | Clo'dy |
| St. Paul | 29.98 | 72 | 80 | S. | .... | Clo'dy |
| Salt Lake City | 29.86 | 84 | 94 | N. | .... | Fair |
| Ste. Marie | 29.92 | 72 | 78 | N. | .... | Fair |
| Springfield, Ill. | 29.92 | 78 | 92 | S.E. | Tr. | Fair |
| Springfield, Mo. | 29.84 | 86 | 92 | S. | .... | Clear |
| Tinkaburg | 29.90 | 78 | 94 | S. | .... | Clear |
| Washington | 30.06 | 76 | 84 | E. | .... | Clear |
| White River | 29.86 | 74 | 86 | S. | .... | Fair |
| Williston | 29.90 | 70 | 80 | S.W. | .... | Clear |
| Winnipeg | 29.88 | 62 | 64 | N. | .16 | Clo'dy |

**WEATHER IN CHICAGO.**

The temperature as observed yesterday by L. Manasse, optician, 46 East Madison street, was as follows: Thermometer—8 a. m., 73; 9 a. m., 74; 10 a. m., 76; 11 a. m., 77; 12 m., 78; 1 p. m., 79; 2 p. m., 79; 3 p. m., 79; 4 p. m., 79; 5 p. m., 79; 6 p. m., 79. Barometer—8 a. m., 29.83; 4 p. m., 29.84.

**MARRIAGE LICENSES.**

THE COUNTY CLERK ISSUED PERMITS TO wed to the following couples yesterday, the parties living in Chicago where no place of residence is given:

| | |
|---|---|
| Louis Ambler, Mae Bent | 24-26 |
| Jan Kowalski, Anna Wojciek | 35-30 |
| Allen C. Bennett of Blue Island, Ill., Jane Mahaffay of same | 30-27 |
| N. Emil Hokinson, Minnie Brindle of Rock Island, Ill. | 32-31 |
| Jerry Smith, Mollie Kenney | 32-31 |
| Lawrence H. Uncapher, Alta L. Castle | 31-28 |
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| Joseph

# The Tribune.

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THURSDAY, AUGUST 22, 1901.


**The Microscope in the Kitchen.**

A celebrated authority on domestic economy has recently stated that a first-class microscope should be a part of the equipment of every well organized kitchen. He would have the cook, before she puts a piece of beefsteak on to broil, examine it in order to see that no "taint or tissue change" exists. He urges that the daily supply of milk be microscopically examined in order to make certain that it is not contaminated by "pathogenic micro-organisms." The average housewife who hears these sage suggestions brought forward will be likely to give up the fight with incompetent and ignorant servants. She will feel that before the use of the microscope is made compulsory the women who profess to be cooks should learn something of the proper use of the gas stove. She will picture to herself the average cook with her eye glued to the eyeglass of a microscope while the steak burns to a crisp and the coffee boils over. She will admit that at some distant date the microscope may possibly play a proper part in the economy of the average household, but she will insist that the proper use of the frying pan, the oven, and the gridiron be taught before too much stress is laid on the prompt discovery of microbes and animalcules.

**The Board of Review is going to give the State Board of Equalization some. Never before has the right of the latter to assess the elevated roads been questioned. Never before have the local authorities undertaken to assess railroad real estate, as it is proposed to do now. There is a good deal of real estate in this county owned by railroads which is not in reality a part of their right of way, but which has been assessed by the State board as if it were. It has been assessed, too, at what is, in the opinion of real estate experts, altogether too low a figure. The action which the Board of Review is going to take, which seems to be quite warranted by the language of the revenue law, will add materially to the city and county assessments and will go a good ways towards enabling the former to collect taxes with which to meet this year's expenses. But the State Board of Equalization perhaps will not relish what it will be likely to consider an invasion of its domain, nor will the railroads which own the property the Board of Review is going to assess take kindly to the increased taxation which will ensue. It is evident that this year's work of the board is going to raise some interesting points for the courts to pass on. It is tolerably certain now that the local assessment is going to be larger than ever before, and if the Supreme Court shall decide that the State board has been putting too low a valuation on certain corporations, then the assessment will be larger still, and the 5 per cent limitation on taxation will cause little inconvenience to any taxing body, while it will be of great service to taxpayers.**

**Quadrennial Legislative Sessions.**

The Alabama constitutional convention has made provision in its draft of a new organic law for quadrennial sessions of the Legislature, the Governor to have authority to call special sessions when necessary. There is a good deal to be said in favor of this proposition in States where so ample a measure of self-government is granted to local communities that they do not have to be constantly running to the Legislature for new laws. Some States where there used to be annual sessions of the Legislature, but where sessions are biennial now, were a little doubtful as to the wisdom of the change when made. It did not take them long to discover that the change was for the better. Fewer laws were enacted, but the community was the gainer thereby. If Legislatures did not meet so often there would not be the incessant demand for new laws there is now. The people, aware that existing laws could not be changed speedily, would accommodate themselves to them and manage to get along quite comfortably. If Legislatures met quadrennially there would be a better opportunity than there is now for the thorough public discussion of proposed legislation. The inutility of many suggested "reforms" would become apparent before the Legislature was called on to take action concerning them. There is a lawmaking craze in this country and it rages with the greatest violence where lawmaking bodies meet the oftenest. If the Illinois Legislature were to meet annually the consequences would be sad indeed. If it were to meet only once every four or six years it would be all the better for the State and its people.

### KING EDWARD'S SPIRITUAL ESTABLISHMENT.

Mr. Labouchere, editor of London Truth, in a recent issue of his paper, says that, as he feels no misgivings as to the spiritual condition of the King, he cannot understand the necessity for surrounding him with so large an array of divines, and that, considering the differences in the Church of England, he trusts "that they will never be called together to give advice to his Majesty, for in this case it is hardly probable that unanimity of counsel can be hoped for."

It is quite evident that Mr. Labouchere does not care much for the divinity that "doth hedge a King." As a matter of fact, he declared upon another recent occasion that we are all "little insects, crawling round upon the rind of one of the most insignificant of the planets." But, making all allowances for his democratic notions, there is still much reason as well as consistency in his contention. King Edward has two reverend deans of the Chapel Royal, four reverend clerks of the King's closet, two domestic chaplains, fourteen chaplains in ordinary, thirty-three honorary chaplains, five priests in ordinary, and five honorary priests in ordinary, a total of sixty-five spiritual guides. His mother, who was a woman of the highest morality and most unflinching orthodoxy, had a much smaller clerical retinue, her divinity establishment including one dean, one subdean, one clerk of the closet, three deputy clerks of the closet, two organists, one domestic chaplain, two readers, and five chaplains, a total of sixteen.

It is sufficiently clear why Edward VII. should need a more imposing array of divines than Victoria. He has not such a past to lean upon and his future is not so certain. He has not given theology so careful or so long a study that his opinion upon a disputed tenet of the creed would have as much force as his opinion upon a nice point in cards or a technicality in a race. He needs a large clerical army, but since he became King it is said that he has become a model of deportment and a pattern of morality. If this be so, it is difficult to understand why he should need as King sixty-five spiritual guides, whereas in his giddy days as Prince of Wales he had only five, one domestic chaplain and four honorary chaplains. In reality one chaplain looked after the spiritual necessities of the Prince. As King it takes sixty-five. But why?

### THE SCARCITY OF POTATOES.

Potatoes have been selling for $1.75 a bushel in Chicago this week. A year ago the price was about 40 cents. This enormous advance, coupled with a corresponding rise in the prices of nearly all vegetables, presents a serious economic problem for large families with small incomes. Last year the potato crop of the United States was 210,000,000 bushels, or nearly three bushels per capita, for which the farmers received $90,000,000. The potato-growing industry is not one to be despised. This year the crop is one-third or one-half less on account of the unfavorable weather. Illinois, Wisconsin, and Michigan are the greatest producers of potatoes, with the exception of New York State. The drought in Western States was especially disastrous to vegetables.

The greatest sufferers from the high prices of potatoes are the small wage-earners. They have learned to depend upon potatoes almost as much as upon bread, yet at $1.75 a bushel this staple food is out of the reach of many. The best thing they can do is to fall back upon rice, which is an excellent substitute for potatoes and is still reasonable in price. Unfortunately, large numbers of wage-earners are incapable of making a sudden change of this kind in their diet. Many women who have depended upon potatoes all their lives do not know how to cook rice or hominy. They are as helpless with these substitutes as many of the Irish people were with the cornmeal that was sent to them from America during the potato famine, or as Hindoos, who are accustomed to rice, are when they are given wheat flour to cook. The scarcity of potatoes is likely to cause a good deal of hardship before the proper use of cheaper staples is learned.

That learning will require much time. The analytical chemist may explain laboriously to the "plain people" on the West Side or elsewhere that potatoes have 75½ and rice 72½ per cent of water; that the former have 22 per cent of starch and the latter has 24 per cent; that they have about the same percentage of albuminous matter, and are about equally nutritious. The "plain people" in question will reply that the two articles do not look alike and do not taste alike, and that they want potatoes and not rice or cornmeal. They scorn his percentages and his science and demand their old familiar friend, the potato. Nobody can realize, who has not looked into the matter, the intense conservatism of most people regarding eatables and drinkables. The State Pure Food commission will learn something of this conservatism if it seriously undertakes to induce "the poor to put aside their false idea of the necessity of potatoes" and take up with rice, corn, and hominy.

The high price probably will stimulate importations of potatoes, but the duty of 25 cents a bushel will prevent any considerable lowering of values on that account. No doubt the large purchases of new potatoes by cold storage firms have helped to cause the early advance in price. This is good for the farmers and is temporarily bad for the consumers, though it tends to equalize prices throughout the year. Apparently the farmers with a large acreage and a fair yield of potatoes are the only persons who have cause to take a complacent view of the situation. In December of 1900 they were receiving an average of 43 cents a bushel for potatoes on the farm. Next December probably they will be putting three times that amount into their pockets for every bushel they sell. This is one of the cases in which the drought hits the consumer harder than the producer.

### A HOUSE DIVIDED.

Whatever may be the final results of the present investigation of alleged illegal practices in the Police department it has already been demonstrated that thoroughly satisfactory work cannot be expected from the department so long as Francis O'Neill remains General Superintendent, while at the same time Captain Colleran is kept in his present quasi-independent position at the head of the Detective bureau. The feeling which exists between O'Neill and Colleran is plainly so bitter as to prevent harmonious work. Indeed, it is charged that men working in the Detective bureau are employed in blocking the efforts made by the Chief.

Proof that O'Neill and Colleran are at swords' points is found in the interviews with the two men on the subject of suppressing gambling. Chief O'Neill admits that the officers detailed to look after gambling-houses and who work directly under his direction have not been successful in finding gambling going on or in suppressing it. It is intimated that word of intended raids on gambling-houses is sent to the gamblers by detectives interested in thwarting his efforts. Captain Colleran, on the other hand, declares that he and his men have nothing to do with the suppression of gambling—that that is something the Superintendent has taken in hand.

As a matter of fact, Chief O'Neill is in the right when he answers Colleran by declaring that the Chief of the Detective bureau and his subordinates cannot evade responsibility by throwing the blame on him. It is the sworn duty of every police officer to prevent gambling, and when Captain Colleran says that he has nothing to do with the matter he, of course, begs the question.

These interviews make it clear that while these two men both remain in positions of power in the Police department the public will get poorer police service than it is entitled to. There should be but one head to the entire Police department. The Chief of Detectives should be altogether subordinate to the Chief of Police, and if the former cannot cooperate heartily with the latter for the public good, then charges should be preferred against him and he should go. That the Detective bureau should be a little independent principality whose head feels at liberty to work against or openly criticise the head of the department is something not to be tolerated.

### THEY DARE TO BE RIGHT.

The skilled steel workers at South Chicago are living up to the advice which Senator Sumner gave to Edwin M. Stanton when Andrew Johnson was trying to get him out of the War department. That advice was to "stick." The men at South Chicago are sticking to the position they took at the outset. By doing so they are asserting their manhood and maintaining their self-respect. They are also by remaining at work providing employment for thousands of less skilled workers who but for them and their devotion to principle would have nothing to do.

The action of these late members of the Amalgamated association needs no defense with intelligent, unbiased men. The statement made by them is made in the hope that it will open the eyes of some of the ignorant men who have been accusing them of "disloyalty." They say: "The principles of union labor are as dear to us as to any men in the country who earn their living by honest toil, but we do not think we should be expected to violate every rule of business integrity and personal honor for a matter of sentiment, for this is a time when we must not let our sympathies get away with our better judgment." They stand now where President Shaffer stood three years ago when he said the Amalgamated association believed in the observance of contracts. They cannot be blamed for their inability to change their principles with the ease and suddenness with which President Shaffer changes his.

This explanation may have no effect on the "hooting multitude," which holds that when a man joins a labor organization he must sacrifice honor and principle and must be like clay in the hands of the potter, at the bidding of its officers, or be marked as a traitor. The contumely to which these men who refuse to break their contracts have been subjected will not cease. It is hard for them to bear that contumely. Even when one is fully conscious of being in the right the scornful looks and bitter words of those who made up one's little social world cut to the quick.

Time will bring about the complete vindication of these men who have dared to defy the ignorant censure of the labor world. When this strike has been fought out and lost, and when President Shaffer has become, like William J. Bryan, a forsaken and discredited leader, remembered only because of the injury he has done the cause of labor, the bravery, devotion to duty, and true loyalty to labor of these South Chicago men will be recognized, though reluctantly, by those who are now assailing them in resolutions and speeches.

### THE WHEAT EXPORTS.

Since July 1 45,333,000 bushels of wheat and flour have been shipped to Europe from New York. These shipments, which exceed by 24,300,000 bushels those of the same period in 1900, are evidence of the urgent need which Europe has of American wheat. It is fortunate for that part of the world that the wheat crop in the United States is so good this year.

The present estimates are that the United Kingdom, France, Belgium, and Holland will produce this year 396,000,000 bushels, while they will need 664,000,000 bushels. Thus northwestern Europe will furnish buyers for about all the surplus wheat the United States will have to dispose of. It was believed earlier in the year that the Russian wheat crop would be unusually heavy. The latest reports are to the effect that this will not be the case. In that event Russia will not have much wheat to spare for the relief of Germany, France, or other European countries where the crops are not good, and they will be quite dependent, therefore, on the United States, Neither India nor Egypt will have any wheat to spare. This year, as in 1879 and in 1897, this country will have to feed Europe.

It is indeed fortunate for the United States that it has so much wheat to spare, and that there is a demand for it which is causing exportations of such unexampled magnitude. During the last fiscal year corn valued at $84,000,000 was shipped abroad. There will be a great falling off during the present fiscal year. Exports last month were 6,700,000 bushels, as against 15,900,000 bushels in July, 1900. The injury to this year's crop has sent up the price, and European countries which were buying corn extensively to feed their stock find it too expensive for their purposes now.

A decline in the volume of exports of iron and steel products, which aggregated last year $117,300,000, must be expected if the present strike shall last for any length of time. But the falling off in these exports and in those of corn will be made good by the increased volume of wheat exports. That cereal will be the best friend of the United States this year, as it has been on many other occasions.

### THE NEW YORK POLICE SCANDAL.

While the Society for the Prevention of Vice and Crime in New York may never reach the bottom of police corruption in that city, it is getting dangerously near the top. The arrest and conviction of Beissert, who was only a wardman, was followed by the indictment of Captain Diamond. This was a step upwards. Now warrants have been issued for the arrest of Wardman Dwyer and Sergeant Sheils and Wardman Glennon for neglect of duty in suppressing disorderly houses, one of them for accepting bribes and another for sending tips to gambling houses and poolrooms.

The significance of Glennon's arrest lies in the fact that, though only a wardman, he is the personal friend and confidential agent of Devery himself, and second only to him in his influence for evil and his opportunities for profiting by it. According to the evidence, Glennon was a policeman without police duty. He never made arrests. He never reported to any one. Apparently he had no superior officer. If the evidence against him be correct, he was at the head of the department of "graft." It was Glennon who paid money to the society's agents that poolrooms might be protected. Where did that money come from? It was Glennon who prepared lists of the gambling dens and kept them close at hand, so that the warnings of raids might not go astray. What else Glennon did will be disclosed before the grand jury. Whatever it was it was not police work.

The arrest of Glennon brings the trail to the doors of Devery, who may well be concerned over the pernicious activity of "Mr. Moss' highbinders." That Tammany itself is growing concerned is shown by the prompt transmission of a dispatch to Richard Croker at Wantage, England, announcing Glennon's arrest. Who would have thought that Glennon was a man of such importance?

### INCREASE IN COAL EXPORTS.

Exports of coal from the United States during the fiscal year just ended, as shown by the Treasury Bureau of Statistics at Washington, amounted to $22,317,496, as against $19,502,813 in 1900. The United States now stands third on the list of coal exporting countries, Great Britain and Germany being the leaders in this respect. The growth in this department of our export trade has been remarkable. Our coal exports have doubled in value since 1897, and have more than trebled in quantity during the decade.

Canada still continues to be by far the best foreign customer for Yankee coal. Of the $22,000,000 received last year for exports of coal no less than $15,000,000 came from the Dominion. In 1897 the Canadian trade was $9,000,000 out of a total of $11,000,000. Thus, while the Canadians have been increasing their purchases of American coal, there is now a larger trade with other countries than formerly. An accurate statement of our Canadian coal trade also must take note of the fact that we import $5,000,000 worth of coal from that country. But this still leaves a balance of $10,000,000 in our favor, which is nearly seven times as much as our coal trade with any other country. Mexico comes next with $1,598,000 paid for American coal in 1901.

Up to 1897 our exports of coal to Europe practically amounted to nothing. Since then there has been an encouraging increase in that quarter. The exports to the various countries on that side of the Atlantic last year reached a total value of nearly $2,000,000. There is a market for American coal in Europe, but it will not become available to any considerable extent until proper vessel facilities are provided for shipping coal abroad as cheaply as the British mine owners do. It was expected that Mr. Morgan and his friends would promote an enterprise of this kind, but thus far they have failed to do it. So long as the vessels to carry our coal abroad are lacking, the trade will have little chance to grow, and Canada will continue to be the consumer of nearly three-fourths of all the American coal shipped out of the country.

A SOCIETY for the Beautifying of Center Pier Extensions of River Bridges could find plenty of work to do in Chicago.

CAPTAIN STREETER may become so bumptious that a compulsory bath will be necessary in his case.

ARE the South Chicago steel workers so lost to all sense of what is right and honorable that they prefer to stick to their contracts?

NO, "PLAIN CITIZEN," we can't use the suggestion that "the Chief of Detectives may be said to have Burke's collar on." The name isn't spelled that way.

THE Democrats of central Illinois will not determine the future policy of the party until they have their next annual fish-fry.

MARK HANNA has gone to Hay Lake. The able Democratic editor may not know where Hay Lake is, but he will be certain that Mark Hanna is there in furtherance of some deep, dark, sinister design.

"THE free Midway," says the Buffalo Evening News, "is too free." This may be merely the natural reaction from the expensiveness of the other Midway.

It is not a cinch yet, Captain Comiskey, by any means.

OF course it is possible to live without potatoes.

EVEN cabbage may be dispensed with.

BUT we must have that pennant.

## IN A MINOR KEY.

**Unreasonable.**

"Look here!" angrily exclaimed the householder, pointing to a cigar stump that lay on the floor of the back porch. "That was in the lump of ice you left here yesterday morning!"

"Well," belligerently replied the iceman, "what did you expect to get for 15 cents? A box of perfectos?"

**Defeats the Object.**

"Isn't it nice," said the girl in the steamer chair, "to know we can hear from home by wireless telegraph after we are a hundred miles out, and can communicate with shore on the other side before we are within a hundred miles of it?"

"It doesn't strike me that way," growled the man with the sou'wester. "All I ever cross the ocean for is to get out of sight and hearing of land for a week."

**His Provincialism.**

"From the Nawth, I believe?" said Colonel Hankthunder.

"Yes, sir," the other man replied.

"I knew it, suh, by yo' peculiah way of pronouncing yo' ah's."

**Persistent Husband.**

"And you have been married seventy-four years, have you, Uncle Gabe?" the caller said. "I never would have imagined it. Your good wife doesn't look as if she were more than half that age."

"She hain't de fust wife, sah," explained Uncle Gabe, briefly.

"O! She's the second, perhaps?"

"No, sah."

"The third, maybe?"

"No, sah."

"Not the fourth, surely?"

"No, sah," said Uncle Gabe, with evident reluctance. "She's de fo'teent', sah."

**Groundless Rumor.**

Patrolman—"Chief, I heard we was going to have a clambake next month."

Chief of Police—"I hadn't heard of it. But we are likely to have a few lobsters fired."

**No Evidence of Faith.**

"Where are all the people?" asked the drummer, noticing the deserted appearance of the streets.

"They've gone to the town park to pray for rain," answered the western Missouri merchant.

"Do you reckon it will do any good?"

"I don't believe it will," said the merchant, gloomily. "I haven't sold a single umberell."

## PERSONALS.

Señor Tarrès, a Madrid engineer, has invented a little calculating machine which is stated to work out in thirty seconds a solution of the most formidable trinomial equation up to six degrees.

The death of the French naturalist, M. Lacaze Duthiers, leaves vacant a chair of zoology at the Sorbonne, a professorship at the Academy of Medicine, and a similar position at the Academy of Sciences.

The Commune of Marnes, where Pasteur lived during the last years of his life and where he made his chief experiments, has made an appeal to his friends and admirers for funds for a monument to him.

Mrs. Henry T. Gage, wife of the Governor of California, is descended on her mother's side from the earliest Spanish settlers in Los Angeles, and her father, whose name was Raines, was one of the State's first settlers.

King O'Malley, the only member of the first Australian Commonwealth Parliament against whose return a petition has been lodged, was the second most popular candidate in Tasmania. It is alleged that he was a New-Yorker and never became a British subject.

Austin Dobson, who recently resigned his office as principal of the Fisheries and Harbor department of the London Board of Trade, by his resignation terminated a public service of forty-five years. Mr. Dobson will go abroad for several months, and on his return to England will devote himself to a life of Samuel Richardson, for which he has collected a large store of material.

## LITERARY MYSTERIES CLEARED UP.

THE New York Times makes the statement in the last issue of its literary supplement that it has received "a most singular and astonishing communication from a gentleman who signs himself 'Secretary for the Anonymous Literary League (Limited).'" This correspondent writes:

"As no useful purpose is likely to be served by any longer maintaining the anonymity which has hitherto surrounded the production of a large number of literary works that has appeared under our auspices in the course of the last few years we think it well to make it public that we are jointly and collectively the authors of the works of 'Fiona McLeod,' 'Elizabeth and Her German Garden,' 'An Englishwoman's Love Letters,' 'The Martyrdom of an Empress,' and 'The Tribulations of a Princess,' as well as numerous no less important, though perhaps less celebrated works, purporting to be from the pens of Andrew Lang, S. R. Crockett, J. M. Barrie, Ian Maclaren, Mark Twain, and others, who have had no existence outside the brains of our talented and versatile staff."

After relating at some length the causes that led to the selection of the name "Andrew Lang" as a nom de guerre, and also the titles of the first publications of the society, the writer reveals the evolution of the "Kailyard" series. He says that Mr. Sparks—the President of the league—made the acquaintance of a young Scotch clergyman, who, it seemed, was just the man needed to strengthen and develop the growth of the league. The services of Dr. Robinson Macnichol were at once engaged, and it was at his instigation that the Kailyard school of fiction was floated. Dr. Macnichol spent some months at our works in Kirremuir (afterward known as Thrums), and in the heart of Perthshire (located later as Drumtochty), and then went to London, where it was believed he could best further the interests of the scheme. Dr. Macnichol's success in promoting and carrying to a great height the Kailyard literature is a matter of history. In coöperation with our managers of the works at Kirriemuir and Perthshire, he began tentatively to issue works of fiction under the pen name of Gavin Ogilvy and some years later of Ian Maclaren. In the case of the latter, the popularity of "Beside the Bonnie Brier Bush" was made doubly famous and lucrative through Dr. Macnichol's brilliant idea to send a well known English clergyman through the length and breadth of Great Britain and America on a lecturing tour, representing the authorship of this and other books by Ian Maclaren.

"I need scarcely go into the matter of our Crocketts. There has been some doubt as to whether Dr. Macnichol or one of our staff in Glasgow (who was a stickit minister) originated the idea. But it does not much matter. The Crocketts were produced from by-products with great rapidity and in bulk by the general staff, when no more important work was on hand. I see from 'Who's Who,' that a gentleman of the name of Samuel Rutherford Crockett, residing at 'Bank House, Penicuick, Midlothian,' claims to have written all the novels that have appeared since 1893 with the name of S. R. Crockett on the title page. It is a harmless delusion on his part, and it must be obvious to any reflective person that one pen or one head, even when aided by a multiplicity of typewriters, could not have produced all the works in question.

"For years we have turned out Langs and Crocketts in bewildering variety, and it has naturally created a great deal of amusement among those in the secret to read frequently in the newspapers that Andrew Lang was golfing at St. Andrews, or fishing on the Tweed, or traveling in the Highlands; that S. R. Crockett was visiting Lord Rosebery, or wandering in Spain with his camera, while, in sober earnest, the half-dozen industrious gentlemen in our employ who produced the works ascribed to these wholly mythical individuals were at the moment perhaps working hard in their shirt sleeves at the completion of a history, a novel, a collection of stickit minister stories, or the compilation of a fairy book."

The "Gloom Department," the writer says, was organized under Dugald Macallister, a native of Skye. He continues: "The first product of the new department was 'Pharais: A Romance of the Isles,' which was speedily followed by 'The Sin Eater,' 'The Washer at the Ford,' and other works of a kindred nature, which will be familiar to students of so-called Celtic renascence.

"For the production of the Gloom it was necessary to open a small factory in the Isle of Lewis, near Skye, so that the native might be studied at first hand. Our workmen labored there under unparalleled hardships, due to the climate and the isolation from the mainland, but I am gratified to say that they never grumbled, and though recently our output of Fionas has been restricted, they were for a time to be heard of everywhere.

"At Dr. Macnichol's suggestion we started as a relief to our 'Gloom Department' another product of Highland fiction, for the production of which we were successful in capturing a young Highlander named Donald MacArthur, who was running wild on the shores of Loch Awe. He was full of romance and Highland mist, and had the second sight. Under the pen name of Neil Munro we were successful in getting Blackwood's Magazine to publish a series of stories told to us in the rough by young Donald. These aroused the admiration of Mr. Kipling and Mr. W. E. Henley, and afterward we sent them out in book form under the title of 'The Lost Pibroch.' These have been followed since by 'John Splendid,' 'Gilian, the Dreamer,' and 'Doom Castle,' and have amply fulfilled our expectations and served their purpose.

"Who Fiona Macleod was remained for years a mystery, even to her publishers, and the truth is, indeed, now for the first time published."

"A number of subsequent adventures in anonymity were scarcely so successful, but we made a great hit with what we called our Elusive Eliza Series; in other words, the books of the 'Elizabeth and her German Garden' character. The directors had long seen an opening for a garden book which would not convey so much sordid information, and would throw a sentimental veil, so to speak, over the unpleasant necessity for slug hunting, weeding, and keeping the gardener sober. To this end our Mr. Simpson (who had some horticultural experience with a small plot of ground in his back yard), organized the garden department, and early in the spring of 1899 'Elizabeth and Her German Garden' came forth to be met with rapturous acclamations of the critics, who to this day have failed to discover that a knowledge of all the practical gardening in that volume and its successors from the same department could be acquired with the simple aid of a three-foot window flower box and some back numbers of 'The Amateur Gardener' and 'Country Life.'"

There are further confessions, but these will suffice as an explanation to the puzzled public of more than one literary mystery.

### EXPERIMENT WAS A SUCCESS.

"My wife has a new fad," announced the fat man with the red face, as he cheerfully stirred the cooling mixture before him with a long straw. "She is going in for hypnotism now, and it has my sincere and emphatic indorsement. She has taken twelve lessons from a noted professor of the art, and is now a full-fledged hypnotist, or thinks she is, which amounts to the same thing as far as she is concerned. I was her first subject, and her success with me not only pleased her but astonished her as well. At first I rebelled at being experimented with, thinking it all tommyrot; but I am now prepared to indorse the art to its full extent. She got me in a chair and then, standing in front of me, went through a lot of monkeyshines before my face with her hands.

"'Now,' she said, sternly, 'you cannot leave your chair.'

"Just to see what her game was I gave her the glassy eye and made no move. Her eyes gleamed with triumph, and then she said:

"'Listen to me! You must no longer drink intoxicating liquor! If you do it will make you sick. You will find it is impossible to lift a glass of the vile stuff to your lips. You cannot even enter a place where it is sold!'

"Then she brought me out of the trance by snapping her fingers, and announced that her experiment was a complete success.

"Now the dear woman remains at home, serenely confident that I am no longer able to indulge in the flowing bowl, and my plea of being detained late at the office goes without question. Let's have another!"—Detroit Free Press.

**Slothful Amateur.**

The man who tried to bribe a Long Island Judge with a paltry $5 deserved to go to jail.—Boston Advertiser.

# What the Police call "Legitimate Graft"

BEFORE the average citizen can understand the stories of corruption in the Police department which are now current he should know something about what even police officers who are "on the square" call "legitimate graft."

As a matter of fact, the average member of the Police department looks on the world from an entirely different angle from that which the ordinary civilian occupies. The man who wears a police star gets many things for nothing which the every-day citizen pays for. Some of these gratuities come to the policeman because of the provisions of city ordinances. Thus any policeman in the City of Chicago who is in uniform may ride free of charge on any street car within the city limits. That is his legal right. There are other similar privileges which also come within the specific provisions of the law. Then there are other special favors which a policeman can get by asking for them, which come within the provisions of what the force calls "legitimate graft." With practically no exceptions all policemen take advantage of this "legitimate graft."

AT THE DOOR OF A THEATER.

Outside of this so-called "legitimate graft" police officers often stray. They are led up to the line by almost imperceptible steps. When they yield to temptation and start "grafting on the side" they are likely to be called up before the Civil Service commission, and they may even be indicted by the grand jury, tried and convicted, and sent to Joliet.

Suppose a new man passes the civil service examination, is given a place on the force, buys a uniform, and reports for duty. On the way to his station for the first time he notices that the street car conductor does not ask him for any fare. He rides free. After roll call he starts out of the station and an old "copper" asks him to go across the street and have a drink. He accepts the invitation and he notices that after the drinks have been consumed no money passes over the bar. So drinks are free as well as street car rides. At midnight he may run across the man on the next beat, who has been "a harness man" for several years. He asks the new man to have lunch with him. They go to the best restaurant in the neighborhood and eat the best there is on the bill. After the meal the old "copper" takes his guest to the cashier's desk and introduces him. The new man notes again that no payment for the meal is offered or expected. So it costs nothing to eat if you wear a nickel plated star.

LEVYING TRIBUTE ON THE FRUIT STAND.

It is the same way at the theater. The policeman's star is sufficient to secure admission, provided "the graft is not worked too hard." Thus early does the new copper hear the magic word. Admission to prize fights and similar exhibitions is, of course, even easier to obtain than to the theaters, and in the same way.

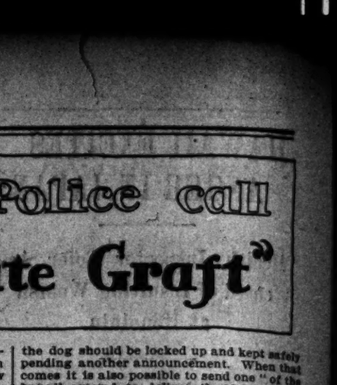
Perhaps some night while walking his beat the new "copper" picks up a dog which is plainly a stray and a pet. If he is "a wise copper" he ties a string to the dog and takes it to the corner saloon or drug store, where it is tied up for the time being. Next morning and next afternoon he reads the "Lost and Found" columns in the papers, keeping an eye carefully open for anything answering the description of the animal he has picked up. Perhaps he finds what he is looking for with the welcome announcement that "$10 reward will be paid for its return and no questions asked." The lost pet is taken back and the new policeman accepts the $10 on the assurance of his older and more experienced colleague that "that is perfectly legitimate graft."

RETURNING STOLEN PROPERTY.

A week or two later he may see the same dog running along the street three or four blocks from home. He is uncertain whether or not it is lost. Presumably it would not be so far away from its mistress unless it had run away. With the memory of the $10 reward in his mind it is easy to conclude that the dog should be locked up and kept safely pending another announcement. When that comes it is also possible to send one "of the boys" around to deliver the dog, as then there may be no uncomplimentary remarks. There was a policeman once, on the South Side—he is no longer a member of the force—who had a regular income of $10 a month from one curly poodle dog owned by an elderly widow—but that story has been told before.

"It is matter for the conscience of each 'copper' to decide where to draw the line between legitimate graft and that which is not legitimate." That is the way an old detective puts it. In so doing he lays bare the temptation which besets the feet of every man in the Police department. The average citizen knows precious little about graft of any kind, and is, fortunately for his morals, not called upon to draw any line which may lead him to either side of the penitentiary gate.

Take another example of a case which may easily arise in the experience of a policeman. A more or less prominent citizen, it may be presumed, has been visiting a section of the city where he would be ashamed to be seen. During his visit his gold watch and chain and possibly his diamond stud are stolen. If he makes a complaint at the police headquarters it is possible that it will be made public, and he will get notoriety, which he wishes to avoid. At the same time the property stolen is worth three or four hundred dollars, and the prominent citizen does not care to lose it. Perhaps he has a casual acquaintance with the new "copper." He sends for his friend on the police force, gives him a list of the property stolen, and tells him where it was taken. "Can the policeman recover it?" He will try. He visits the place at which the theft was committed, and, if he is sufficiently shrewd, gets the stolen goods promptly returned. He takes the watch, chain, and stud back to the prominent citizen, who is profuse in his thanks and wishes the policeman to accept $20 as a slight token of his regard. The policeman takes the money. In police circles that is regarded as perfectly "legitimate graft." But some other officer may suggest to him that it would be just as easy to get twice as much money by going back to the thieves and promising not to prosecute in consideration of $100 in hand paid. That would be getting across the border line into the territory of dangerous "grafting," but it is easy to do, and men often yield to the temptation.



FINDING A LOST DOG.

When the "harness man" becomes a "bull" or a "fly" and changes his uniform for "plain clothes" the opportunities for grafting of all kinds are multiplied. He soon makes the acquaintance of the "special agents" of the various railroad companies, and through them and in other ways it becomes easy for him to get railroad passes all over the country. Sooner or later he is likely to get an assignment to go to some distant city for a prisoner who has been arrested and is being held there. First he applies for and gets passes for himself and his prisoner. When he gets home, after riding free over the railroads, he is told that he can as well as not collect what it would have cost him if he had paid the regular railroad fare, and he is told, also, that that is the regular procedure. He makes out an expense account, collects the money, and perhaps distributes it. He will be assured that this course of procedure is regarded among policemen generally as perfectly legitimate "graft."

A large part of the life of a detective is necessarily spent in associating with criminals and in hanging about their resorts. He becomes familiar with crime and with the methods of different "grafters." If he is shrewd enough and sound enough in character he does not allow himself to be corrupted, but more often he is at least tainted by his surroundings. He may despise the "cheap grafter" who "pinches" a few apples or a handful of peaches from a fruit stand under the eyes of the keeper, and he may no longer levy daily toll on the newsboy on his beat, but if he is free from graft of all kinds, "legitimate" as well as criminal, he may be set down as a man of extremely strong character.

### THE NEW "SONG OF THE SHIRT."

New Zealand has been called the advance experiment station of liberalists. In those far-off islands of the sea, which were almost uninhabited two generations ago, save by savages, may be found some of the most interesting developments in the social and industrial world.

With fingers weary and worn,
With eyelids heavy and red,
A woman sat in unwomanly rags,
Plying her needle and thread.

So wrote Thomas Hood of the English seamstress, but it has not yet ceased in America to be a true picture. What happens when the sweat shop operator reduces the pay of a sewing woman? She moves from her dark little closet to one still smaller and dingier; eats less and works longer hours. It is impossible in New Zealand. Around the sewing woman of that colony the law has drawn a protecting circle.

If the employer of the sewing woman reduces her wages unduly, the circle of which she is a member invokes the law. The man is compelled to appear before an industrial court to justify his act, and if required he must produce his books. Meanwhile the sewing woman sits in the factory, well lighted, heated, and ventilated, continuing her work and receiving full pay till the case is decided. To each side full justice is done.

Such is the new "Song of the Shirt." Experiments in the interest of labor in all industries, begun in New Zealand seven years ago, have proved so successful that since their adoption not a single violent labor dispute has occurred.

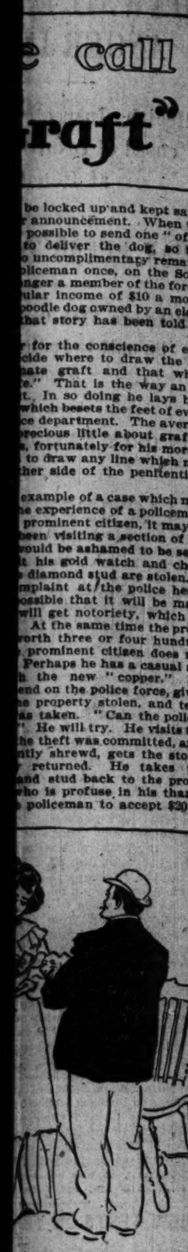
Indeed, the principal argument urged in New Zealand against the long proposed federation of that country with Australia is that the smaller island would thereby lose the marked benefits of its voluntarily adopted systems of industrial arbitration.—Youth's Companion.

**Illusion.**

Down by the sea she is a queen,
And he a prince of noble mien;
The moonlight makes a path of gold
Unto her throne, and wealth untold
Is scattered o'er the glistening strand.
They speak no word, but understand
That life is all that life should be—
Down by the sea.

When back in town—she squints a bit
And her complexion doesn't fit
The color of her wavy hair.
And he has weight, alas, to spare;
His legs bow slightly when he walks—
'Tis thus that disappointment stalks
And changes smiling to a frown,
When back in town.

—Washington Star



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...in town—she squints a bit ...mplexion doesn't fit ...her wavy hair, ...weight, alas, to spare; ...slightly when he walks— ...at disappointment stalks ...she is smiling to a frown, ...back in town.

...Star

# SCHLEY PROTEST GOES TO COURT.

## Howison to Remain on List of Judges Until Opening of the Inquiry.

## MAY THEN BE DROPPED.

## Navy Department Unable to Change Makeup, According to Acting Secretary.

## LETTER TO REAR ADMIRAL.

WASHINGTON BUREAU CHICAGO TRIBUNE, Washington, D. C., Aug. 21.

Acting Secretary of the Navy Hackett today disposed of Rear Admiral Schley's letter of Aug. 19, which inclosed a newspaper clipping in regard to alleged statements of Rear Admiral Howison, the third member of the Schley Court of Inquiry, and which requested that a copy be submitted to Rear Admiral Hewison. The action taken by Mr. Hackett is that the Navy department, having already constituted the court, "should not, at this stage of the proceedings, undertake to hear and determine questions that may arise respecting the competency of its members."

**Schley's Protest on Howison Must Await the Court.**

Mr. Hackett made public late this afternoon the department's correspondence with Rear Admiral Schley on the subject. The first letter is from Rear Admiral Schley, in which he says that if the newspaper statements, representing Rear Admiral Howison as having expressed certain opinions, be true, it would, in the judgment of his counsel, disqualify Howison for serving as a member of the court.

Immediately upon receipt of this letter Mr. Hackett talked with Captain Parker, one of Rear Admiral Schley's counsel, who stated that he intended to go to Boston to make a thorough investigation of the alleged statements, and wished that no step be taken by the department until the result of his visit could be communicated to Mr. Hackett.

The Acting Secretary at once forwarded the letter to Rear Admiral Schley, stating the interview with Captain Parker and asking if it was Admiral Schley's desire that action be withheld for the present. Rear Admiral Schley yesterday replied that it was his belief that action should not be withheld. He renewed his request that his letter be sent to Real Admiral Howison.

Upon the receipt of Rear Admiral Schley's second letter, Mr. Hackett consulted with officers of the Navy department as to the practice of the service in the conduct of courts of inquiry. He learned that the custom had always been not to make challenges until the convening of the court. After careful consideration of Rear Admiral Schley's letter he decided that since it constituted a questioning of Admiral Howison's right to sit upon the court, it is not, therefore, properly before the Navy department for action, but will be sent to the President of the court for its information.

Mr. Hackett therefore prepared a letter to Rear Admiral Schley, setting forth the action of the department in selecting Rear Admiral Howison as the third member of the court of inquiry, and the reasons for not transmitting Rear Admiral Schley's request to Rear Admiral Howison.

The letter to Rear Admiral Schley is as follows: "In reply to your letter of the 19th inst., inclosing a newspaper clipping and requesting the department to send it to Rear Admiral Howison, together with a copy of your letter, you are informed that the appointment of Rear Admiral Howison as the third member of the court of inquiry was accomplished only after taking great pains to secure absolute impartiality in the officer selected.

**Third Member Held Impartial by Navy Department.**

"To a question unofficially put as to his availability, in case the department should require his services, Rear Admiral Howison replied: 'I know of no reason why I should not be available for such duty, should the department so decide. I have made no public utterance relating to the subject, and I have seen none of the official reports and papers bearing upon the questions to be decided by the court.'

"Your counsel, Captain Parker, before the appointment had been announced, mentioned to the acting Secretary the names of certain Rear Admirals, any one of whom, he said, would be perfectly satisfactory to Rear Admiral Schley. One of the names so mentioned was that of Rear Admiral Howison. It may be added that of four officers consulted by the department the names of three were upon the list thus mentioned by your counsel.

"This much has been detailed in order to remind you of the fact that a fair-minded officer of excellent reputation and of unblemished character has been found in the person of Rear Admiral Howison, who, at the date of his appointment, appears to have enjoyed the confidence of both the department and yourself.

"Your request is based upon a newspaper clipping that purports to contain statements in regard to the truth of which you do not yourself express an opinion. You ask the department to lay before Rear Admiral Howison a statement, wholly unsubstantiated, that appears to have been made by some person unknown, at a time and place likewise unknown.

"The department is unable to view your request in any other light than that of a preliminary challenge of the fitness of Rear Admiral Howison to serve as a member of the court. It will be treated as is usual in courts of inquiry. The established practice in the military as well as in the naval service has fixed the method in which the right of challenge before court-martial and courts of inquiry shall be exercised.

"The department, having constituted the court, should not, at this stage of the proceedings, undertake to hear and determine questions that may arise respecting the competency of its members. Such a proceeding would be irregular, all questions of this nature being left to the determination of the court itself. This correspondence will be transmitted to the President of the court for its information."

**Challenges Are Possible When Inquiry Begins.**

Mr. Hackett does not enter into a discussion of the details of the practice of the department in the matter of the challenge of officers of courts of inquiry. It is the opinion of the department, however, that a challenge does not mean simply a demand that a member be removed, but may consist of questioning the right of an officer of the court taking part in the proceedings.

The practice in the naval service is that challenges are not made until the court convenes. When the court opens one of the first questions asked is whether there is any objection to the formation of the court. This is the time for any objection or any inquiries as to the utterances of any of the members of the court or their fitness to conduct the inquiry.

Further, it is said at the Navy department that the rules permit the challenging of any member of the court should something not known before the court was convened, be discovered to raise a question as to the member's eligibility.

According to the best information on the subject there is nothing now for Rear Admiral Schley to do but wait for the court to convene, and at the proper time bring the matter to the attention of the court itself. The court, however, will not await further action on Schley's part, but, having his letter to Mr. Hackett, will take it up at the first day's session.

Rear Admiral Howison will be questioned by his colleagues as to the charges that he made the statement attributed to him in the newspaper clipping. Should Rear Admiral Howison disclaim these statements the court will then proceed with the hearing, but should it develop that he was correctly quoted as saying "Schley is not respected as Sampson is. To Sampson belongs the credit for the victory," the result of the court's inquiry as to his utterances will be transmitted to the Navy department and another member will be selected to succeed him.

The War department mail from Manila brings some interesting stories of a rebellion started against military authority. Several civilian teamsters employed by the Quartermaster's department have been placed under arrest at one of the army stations by a Quartermaster in charge of government work at that place. The teamsters have protested that this treatment is illegal and that they are not under the same rules as apply to enlisted men.

**Teamsters Rebel Against Military Rules in Manila.**

It seems these employes were ordered to perform certain work, to which they objected, and they asked for their money and their discharge. This was refused and they were placed under arrest.

The action is in entire accord with the articles of war. Civilian employés in a military jurisdiction come under the same regulations as soldiers. They may be kept in confinement not more than eight days awaiting trial. The teamsters in the Philippines, therefore, have no legal ground for complaint.

Caterpillars have attacked the elms in the White House grounds, and their ravages have within a few days extended to the shade trees in parks and avenues in other parts of Washington. As in the case of fleas, myriads of which invaded the homes of Washington two or three weeks ago, Professor L. O. Howard, entomologist of the Department of Agriculture, has come to the rescue with a Latin name for the caterpillar, and calls it the product of the tussock moth known as orgyia leucostigma.

**Caterpillars in Myriads Strip Trees of Leaves.**

But the caterpillars continue their operations, and many of the most beautiful trees in the White House grounds and elsewhere have been almost stripped of their foliage.

To check the ravages Superintendent Lanham of the Park commission assigned a large force of men today to the work of knocking the caterpillars from the trees and then washing the trees by means of a hose attached to the fire hydrants.

## INVITATION SENT ALL NATIONS.

### President McKinley Issues a Proclamation Announcing the Louisiana Purchase Exposition.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 21.—The State department has issued a proclamation, signed by President McKinley, inviting the nations of the world to participate in the Louisiana Purchase Exposition to be held at St. Louis in 1903. The proclamation says: "I do hereby invite all the nations of the earth to take part in the commemoration of the purchase of the Louisiana Territory, an event of great interest to the United States and of abiding effect on their development, by appointing representatives and sending exhibits to the Louisiana Purchase Exposition as will most fitly and fully illustrate their resources, their industries, and their progress in civilization."

## GIVES OUT ICE ANALYSES.

### City Chemist Bisbee Tells of Some Cases in Which Impurities Were Found.

City Chemist Bisbee yesterday gave out some ice analyses that the Health department had made in June and July and regarding which the department already has given warning to the various companies. According to the city chemist, excessive numbers of bacilli have been found in three or more cases.

"Good city water has not more than 100 bacilli to the cubic centimeter," Mr. Bisbee said. "Water called 'usable' sometimes has as many as 1,500, but city water is never called 'usable' if there are any sewage bacteria found in it. Freezing has a tendency to expel impurities from water, and therefore ice should contain fewer bacteria than the same amount of water. Twelve hundred bacteria to the centimeter are a great many."

Bacteria were found, according to the record in the Health department, in ice intended for domestic use in the possession of the following companies:

| | |
|---|---|
| Knickerbocker Ice company | 1,200 |
| Knickerbocker Ice company | 1,300 |
| Phil. Novak | 1,800 |
| Zuttermeister company | 2,000 |
| Knickerbocker Ice company | 1,100 |
| T. A. Sprouls & Co. | 1,150 |

In ice labeled as intended for cooling purposes, bacteria per cubic centimeter were reported found as follows:

| | |
|---|---|
| George Taylor | 11,000 |
| Phil. Novak | 1,800 |
| Knickerbocker Ice company | 10,000 |

The laws prescribe that in pure ice there shall be no nitrates. Traces of nitrates are reported by the city officials as being discernible in samples of Harry Lawler, 73 North Union street, and C. F. Burggren, 1017 West Polk street.

## CAROLINA MOB HANGS NEGRO.

### Wadesboro Citizens Lynch Man Who Tried to Cut Throat of White Woman.

Charlotte, N. C., Aug. 21.—Luke Hough, a negro, was hanged near Wadesboro, N. C., tonight by a crowd of enraged citizens. His body was then riddled with bullets. His crime was an attack on Miss Lena Keith. He approached his victim while she slept, broke a chair over her head, and then tried to cut her throat. To negro admitted his guilt.

Springfield, Mo., Aug. 21.—Springfield negroes fear the mob at Pierce City, which has stopped rioting there, may come here after Lark, the porter arrested yesterday. A warrant for Lark, charging him with cutting Miss Wild's throat, was received here this morning, but he will not be given up.

Some one posted a notice in a negro settlement here last night ordering all blacks to leave Springfield by Saturday night.

Negro porters are flocking here from the west. They say they tried to locate in Marionville, but were ordered to leave.

William Favors, the negro porter under arrest at Oklahoma, refuses to go back to Pierce City without requisition papers.

## CONDEMN MANY PEACH TREES.

### Michigan Commissioners Find "Yellows" Prevalent in Many Orchards in the Vicinity of Coloma.

Coloma, Mich., Aug. 21.—[Special.]—Hundreds of trees have been cut down and destroyed and hundreds more will be sacrificed before the season closes because of yellows. The Yellows Commissioners, a board of three practical fruit growers, are busily engaged in visiting orchards, marking the trees they believe to be infected, and ordering their destruction.

## TO PRISON FOR FIFTEEN YEARS.

### Jack Winters, Who Stole $320,000 in Gold Bullion at Vallejo, Cal., Receives His Sentence.

Martinez, Cal., Aug. 21.—Jack Winters, the man who got away with $320,000 in gold bullion from the Selby smelting works and afterwards confessed, was sentenced today to fifteen years imprisonment at Folsom.

**Stops Shipment of Tramps.**

Superintendent Lawson of the Milwaukee division of the Northwestern road has stopped the shipment of tramps out of Racine and Kenosha. Citizens of Waukegan complained of the inroads made in that town by the "wearies." All trains are searched at the three points mentioned and tramps found on board are arrested.

**September Vacation Rates.**

Chicago and Northwestern Ry. Madison, Milwaukee, and Waukesha, $4.00; Devil's Lake, $4.05; Green Lake, $5.15; Forest Lake, $5.00; Neenah, $5.35; Marquette, $10.85; Colorado and the Black Hills, $25.00; Utah, $40.00; Gogebic Lake, $10.05; and half rates to all tourist and fishing resorts in Wisconsin and Michigan. Minimum rate, $4.00. Dates of sale Sept. 1-10; return limit Oct. 31. San Francisco-Los Angeles and return, $50.00, Sept. 1-27. Tickets at 212 Clark street and Wells Street Station.

# TEST FOODS ON CHILDREN.

## EFFORT TO DETERMINE EFFECT ON MENTAL GROWTH.

### Experiments Will Be Made at Chicago Hospital School to Secure Data Regarding the Proper Selection of Diet for Boys and Girls—Dr. John Dodson and Other Professors in Rush Medical College to Make the Observations—Divide Subjects in Groups.

Dr. John Dodson and other professors in Rush Medical College are preparing to try a series of unique experiments to determine the effects of different foodstuffs upon the mental development of children. The experiments will cover a period of several months and are expected to give valuable data regarding the proper selection of food for growing children.

The Chicago Hospital School, 5201 Drexel avenue, which is affiliated with the medical college, will be the base of the experiments. The children will be divided into two or three groups, and food of a certain kind will be given to each group. Daily observations will be made regarding the progress made by the children in their studies. After a few weeks the food will be changed about between the groups, so that the personal element may be eliminated so far as possible, to obtain correct generalizations.

**First Tests of the Kind.**

No experiment of this kind ever has been tried under exactly the same conditions, as the hospital school is unlike any other institution in the country. Its purpose is to give simultaneously medical treatment and educational training to boys and girls who, by reason of ill-health or natural defects, are a little below the mental and physical standard of normal children.

Nurses and teachers are employed in about equal numbers, and the entire work is under charge of Miss Mary Campbell, a young woman who is well known to psychologists through her experiments at the School for Feeble-Minded Children at Chippewa Falls, Wis.

**Affiliates with Bush College.**

The Hospital School was established two years ago and recently was affiliated with Rush Medical College. It is only within a few months its possibilities as a psychological and physiological experiment station have been recognized by the members of the medical faculty. Dr. Dodson, who is the dean of medical students at the University of Chicago, has been elected a member of the Board of Trustees of the Hospital School as the representative of the medical college.

The close relations of the Hospital School with the higher institutions has just been emphasized by the presentation of two scholarships, one of $300 a year in Rush and the other $200 a year in the university, open to all medical students. The latter scholarship has been awarded for the coming year to Frank Horton, a well-known athlete.

## PEACHES CHEAPER THAN HOME-GROWN POTATOES.

### Price of Tubers Takes Another Jump of 25 Cents as Result of Partial Crop Failure South, Southwest, and West.

Potatoes took a further jump of 25 cents a sack yesterday for the home grown article, reaching $1.75@2.00, and placed potatoes ahead of peaches in the South Water street market. This is an advance of 40 cents a sack in two days and equal to from 20 to 25 cents a bushel.

The unusual condition of peaches being cheaper than potatoes is caused principally by a partial failure of the potato crop in the South, Southwest, and West, where whole sections of country now depend in a measure on the Chicago market for their supply. Farmers in the Northwest are credited with holding off in their shipments so that the present situation almost amounts to a potato famine.

The heavy movement of Michigan peaches has begun and prices for the best varieties are quoted at 20 cents for one-fifth bushel baskets, or 40 cents less a bushel than good potatoes.

"Early in June potatoes reached $1.80 a bushel," said a prominent commission merchant yesterday, "but the stringency of the situation only lasted for a few days and prices dropped to 90 cents in a week. The only thing that makes the present local situation bearable is the fact that peaches and other fruits and vegetables are plentiful and cheaper."

## ALD. RECTOR'S SIGHT GONE.

### Affection of Optic Nerve Renders Him Blind—Still Hopeful of Being Restored.

Alderman Charles H. Rector of the Thirty-fourth Ward is reported to have become entirely blind. For a long time Mr. Rector has suffered from an affection of the optic nerve.

Alderman Stanley Kunz met Alderman Rector on Tuesday and learned from him that his sight was gone. "He was on his way to see an oculist," Alderman Kunz said, "and is as blind as Alderman Kent. Mr. Rector hopes to have his sight restored, however."

Alderman Rector came prominently before the public last spring as a consequence of remarks made by him in the Council, charging that a certain Alderman is in the pay of a traction company. The Council adjourned shortly after, and Mr. Rector retired for the purpose of having his eyes treated.

William F. Adams, an inspector in the employ of the Northwestern Elevated road, may lose his eyesight as the result of an electric shock received on Tuesday afternoon from the third rail. He is at the Alexian Brothers' Hospital, and the doctors there think he will lose his eyesight.

## PRESIDENT OSGOOD REMAINS.

### John W. Gates and Associates in Directorate of Colorado Fuel and Iron, but Officer Remains.

Denver, Colo., Aug. 21.—[Special.]—John W. Gates and associates are in the directorate of the Colorado Fuel and Iron company, according to the returns of today's meeting. President Osgood remains, in spite of the prediction that he would resign—a fact that leads to the belief that the Gates vote was far from holding control.

Henry R. Wolcott retired as attorney, owing to his protracted absence from Denver, and Ben T. Cable of Rock Island, J. T. Kebler, Denver, and Ernest Thalman, New York, also retired from the directory, their places being taken by John J. Mitchell, John Lambert, and J. W. Gates of Chicago and John A. Blair, New Jersey. Two hundred and eight thousand out of 250,000 shares were represented.

The Executive committee issued a circular stating that the control of the company had not passed East, as evidenced by the election of a majority of Denver men.

## DOUBT CALL TO DR. E. A. SCHELL.

### Members of People's Church Discredit Rumor of an Assistant for Dr. H. W. Thomas.

The rumor that Dr. Edwin A. Schell, former general secretary of the Epworth league, had been extended a call to become assistant pastor to Dr. H. W. Thomas of People's Church, is discredited by members of that organization. "I think the rumor is a false one," said Dr. Hedley Hall, who is supplying the pulpit while Dr. Thomas is out of the city. "I have heard nothing of it, and feel sure I would have been informed had there been any truth in the report."

**Important to Mothers.**

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years. The Kind You Have Always Bought.

## Marquise de Fontenoy Letter.

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IT is a singularly graceful compliment that King Edward has paid to his Plenipotentiary in Egypt in granting him the title of Viscount Errington, to be borne as a subsidiary dignity to the Earldom of Cromer. For Errington was the family name of the late Lady Cromer, to whom her husband was most deeply attached. She was ill for a considerable time before her demise, and when it was seen that her recovery was impossible and her death a matter of a few months at most her husband brought her home to England, offered his resignation, and announced his determination to devote every moment of his time to that wife whom he loved so dearly and whom he was about to lose.

This happened at a moment when the Egyptian difficulty had assumed a particularly critical form and when England was threatened not only with a native insurrection in the land of the Nile, but likewise with complications with France and other continental powers about Egypt. It was a matter of the most vital importance to England that Lord Cromer should be at Cairo at that juncture. He would not, however, bear of leaving his wife.

Finally Lady Cromer herself became aware, in some way or another, of the call upon his services and of the appeal to his patriotism. She was just as reluctant to leave him as he was to leave her during the few remaining weeks to which she knew that her existence was limited. But she realized the importance of his being in Egypt at the time, and that his determination to stay with her in England until she died was the only obstacle in the way of his return to his post. So she compelled him, by her entreaties, to withdraw his resignation and to allow her to accompany him back to Egypt. She pointed out to him that, no matter whether she remained in England or returned to Egypt, her life could not be prolonged beyond a few weeks, and that, inasmuch as she had made up her mind to return with him to his post, there was no reason why he should not respond to the call of patriotism and of duty.

He yielded to her wishes and they traveled back to Cairo together, she in a dying condition, surrounded by every comfort that the love of her devoted husband and the gratitude of the English government could devise. Thanks to Lord Cromer's presence at Cairo, the most dangerous crisis which England had been called to confront since she obtained control of Egypt was satisfactorily solved, and, four weeks after her arrival at Cairo, Lady Cromer breathed her last, mourned by all who knew her.

So it is singularly fitting that King Edward in raising Lord Cromer to an Earldom should have recognized and commemorated the patriotic self-sacrifice of the late Lady Cromer by granting to her husband, as his second title, the dignity of Viscount Errington—the name of an ancient and illustrious family which became extinct with her death.

The mausoleum in which Empress Frederick lies entombed is situated at the entrance of the Friedenskirche at Potsdam, and is built on the design of the circular chapel of Innishen in the Tyrol. The Emperor and Empress Frederick had seen the little chapel in the Tyrol and determined to reproduce it as their family tomb at Potsdam. It is constructed of Silesian marble, and the dome is supported in the interior by ten columns of syenite. It contains the tombs of Empress Frederick's two sons, Sigismund and Waldemar, who died in childhood, likewise the marble sarcophagus of Emperor Frederick, and now that of his consort.

Prince Herman Hohenlohe Langenburg, who, as a son of the late Queen Victoria's half sister, was a nephew of her British Majesty, and who, as brother of the late Duchess of Schleswig Holstein Augustenburg, is an uncle of the present German Empress, has offered his resignation as Stadtholder and Viceroy of Alsace and Lorraine, and has announced that under no circumstances will he consent to remain any longer in office.

His reluctance to do so is easy to understand, for he is rich, the head of the great house of Hohenlohe, with his son Ernest exercising sovereign away and enjoying sovereign rank as regent of the Duchies of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha, and he evidently thinks it "infra dignitate" that he should be called upon as a mere functionary to receive orders from the Minister of the Interior at Berlin and from the Chancellor. His wife, I may add, is a Princess of the reigning house of Baden.

Two names are mentioned as those of his probable successor. One of them is that of Count Waldersee, who is to be raised to the rank of a Prussian Prince in recognition of his services in China, while the other is Prince Adolph of Schaumberg Lippe, the Kaiser's brother-in-law and former regent of the principality of Lippe, the ruler of which is under restraint as a lunatic.

Count Waldersee's exaggerated compliments recently addressed to the French nation lend considerable color to the report that he is about to be appointed to the post, in which case we should see a New York girl occupying the position of first lady of Alsace-Lorraine, for the Countess Waldersee is a daughter of the late David Lee of New York. But the Count is aged and broken, too old, in fact, for the post, and this, together with the Kaiser's anxiety to find some suitable position for his brother-in-law, Prince Adolph, leads me to believe that it is the latter who will receive the office.

It may be remembered that the Prince married the second sister of the Kaiser, after she had been jilted on the eve of her marriage by Alexander of Battenberg, the first ruler of Bulgaria. Prince Adolph usurped the regency of Lippe, backed by the Kaiser, but was forced to surrender it to a nearer relative of the demented sovereign of Lippe by a tribunal composed of the sovereign Princes of the confederation known as the German Empire.

## SEES NO EXCUSE FOR A LIE.

### "Mother" Appeals to Educators to Fight Tendency to Falsehood Among Their Pupils.

Chicago, Aug. 21.—[Editor of The Tribune.]—"When is a lie not a lie?" asks Dr. Andrews of the students of Chicago University. His replies are so far fetched that parents, teachers, and educators have a right to protest against advocating "white lies" in any way, shape, or form. For, heaven knows, too many children come into this world inheriting this tendency from one or both of their parents.

Leave it to holy writ and its commandments—"Thou shalt not lie; thou shalt not steal; thou shalt not bear false witness," etc.

If one commences to trifle with lying, why not with stealing, false swearing, and so on through the entire decalogue?

One minister, in reply to Dr. Andrews, says he "hardly knows where to draw a definition of lying or untruth." What can be the matter with that good preacher's mind? Surely he cannot be one of those ministers of the gospel Mr. Andrews would have "hanged and quartered because he is too mean to live!" No, no! A definition of lying or falsehood, to my mind, is quite as easy to give as it is of stealing or killing.

Luther Laflin Mills has it just right when he says in part: "In this day of moral development and growth Dr. Andrews' statement is more than a surprise, for it is in distinct antagonism to the efforts of good men everywhere in the encouragement of sincerity and truth."

What a deplorable doctrine for a young man, leaving a university about to enter upon a business life that he can with safety take the first step in his career by tampering with this commandment, "Thou shalt not lie," or for a young woman who is compelled to support herself and perhaps others dependent upon her to take the first step in resorting to deceit, intrigue, and lying, so that her conscience becomes blunted, her heart is hardened, and she too frequently goes on to reap the reward which must come sooner or later.

O, for the sake of the youth in whom our hopes depend, for the security and perpetuity of everything that goes to make for stanch character, good government, and continued prosperity in this, our beloved city, State, and country, let us have truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth, so, O, God, help us, is the earnest desire of MOTHER.

**BUSINESS NOTICES.**

Stops Diarrhoea and Stomach Cramps. Dr. Siegert's Genuine Imported Angostura Bitters.

"With my last interview with King Edward still uppermost in my mind, I may be allowed to say that nobody takes a greater interest in this race of ours than Edward VII., and that the American nation has no greater admirer than he. That he wishes good luck to Shamrock II. on patriotic grounds is only natural. But if I may make a guess at another motive for his Majesty's desire that she may win, it would be this: Her victory would mean the return visit of American boats to our shores, and a royal welcome to American yachtsmen."

# LIPTON IN Collier's

Sir Thomas Lipton arrived on the Teutonic yesterday. He has prepared a statement of his hopes and ambitions concerning Shamrock II., which is published in Collier's Weekly—out to-day. What he says may be taken not only as an expression of his own kindly feelings toward American sportsmen, but also as

**A Message from King Edward VII.**

to our yachtsmen. The King has taken a deep interest in the outcome of the pending aquatic struggle, and offers one gracious reason, among many, why he hopes for Sir Thomas Lipton's success.

*Price 10c. All News Stands.*

**OUT TO-DAY.**

## AT THE COUNTY FAIR.

### ROGERS PARK'S NOVEL ENTERTAINMENT WILL OPEN TODAY.

### Many Coaching Parties from the City Will Attend the North Shore Entertainment—Numerous Dinners at the Midlothian Club for the Visiting Players at the Golf Tournament—Miss Helen T. Collins and Jefferson D. Kearney Married.

All was bustle and preparation yesterday on the grounds of the North Shore County Fair, which will open today for the benefit of St. Jerome's Church. Rogers Park has enlisted aid from far and near to make the affair a notable success. The merry-go-rounds, the cane racks, booths, and lemonade stands are all in place, and there will be new features, such as an old-time county fair never before dreamed of. Coaching parties will go out today from all parts of the city. Among those who will give them are:

| | |
|---|---|
| F. P. Brosseau, | Dr. J. B. Murphy, |
| W. J. Fortune, | John T. Connery, |
| Thomas F. Keeley, | E. J. McArdle, |
| John Kehoe, | E. J. Magerstadt, |
| R. B. Burke, | Fred McNally, |
| Ald. W. F. Brennan, | Thomas Webb, |
| Charles Wacker, | E. R. Ellicott, |
| Dr. C. Garvey, | William Quinlan, |
| George Bersick, | Daniel Donahoe, |
| Rudolph Reifer, | Daniel J. Healy, |
| Dr. John Guerin, | George Kersten, |
| Joseph Flannagan, | Charles Plamondon, |
| Andrew J. Ryan, | John D. Hopkins, |
| Joseph Conlan, | Eugene Keeler, |
| Samuel Alschuler, | Alderman Dunn, |
| Alderman Ailing, | Justice Prindiville, |
| P. S. O'Bryan, | George Clausenius, |
| Alderman Williston. | |

Mrs. G. E. Van Woert was hostess at the tea yesterday afternoon at the Midlothian club. The hour was 4 till 5 o'clock, and the rain-storm cleared away in time to permit serving the tea on the veranda as planned. Mrs. Van Woert was assisted by Mrs. Reuben H. Donnelley and Mrs. Wallace L. Dowolf. There was music both afternoon and evening, a number of dinners being given for the visiting players at the tournament.

A wedding yesterday, privately celebrated, was that of Miss Helen Terese Collins of 4623 Evans avenue and Mr. Jefferson D. Kearney. The ceremony took place at Corpus Christi Chapel, Forty-ninth street and Prairie avenue, at 4 o'clock, the Rev. Father Hennessey officiating. Mr. and Mrs. Kearney will be at home after Oct. 1 at 979 East Fifty-third street.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Whitney of La Grange announce the marriage of their daughter, Miss Grace Rood, to Louis P. Walters of Western Springs, on Tuesday, Aug. 20, at the Emanuel Episcopal Church in La Grange. The Rev. Dr. Cooper of Cleveland read the marriage service, and the bride was attended by her sister, Miss Mabel Whitney, as maid of honor. Mr. Stuart H. Lamp was the best man. Mr. and Mrs. Walters will live at Western Springs.

Mr. and Mrs. Louis Johnson Hall, who were married yesterday in Brookline, Mass., will go on an extended trip through the East and Canada before returning to Chicago, their future home. Mrs. Hall was Miss Alice Cady, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Calvin Brainerd Cady. Mr. Hall is the son of Mrs. J. Sherman Hall of 3701 Sheridan road, Chicago.

Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Miller will give a garden fête on Saturday afternoon on the grounds of their residence at 1161 West Congress street.

Mrs. E. E. Ayer and her daughter, Mrs. Frank Johnson, are among the present Chicago visitors at the Buffalo exposition.

Mrs. Arthur Edwards and the Misses Edwards of 2818 Indiana avenue will sail for Europe on Aug. 31. They will spend the winter in Italy.

Mrs. George S. McReynolds and Mrs. J. M. Cutter will sail on Sept. 11 for a trip to Europe. They go first to Carlsbad.

Dr. and Mrs. Norval Pierce are visiting Dr. and Mrs. Clinton Locke at Wequetonsing.

## FINED FOR KILLING A QUAIL.

### First Test of New Game Law Causes Roy Barrows to Pay $34 for One Small Bird.

Roy Barrows, 9135 Emerald avenue, was fined $25 and costs before Justice W. T. Goe of Morgan Park yesterday for killing a quail. Barrows shot the bird last Sunday at One Hundred and Seventh street and Kedsie avenue. The fine and the costs made the quail cost the young hunter $34. The case was the first test of the new game law in Cook County. The law became effective on July 1, and contains no provision protecting quail. The argument of Assistant State's Attorney Carey was that, as the new law does not repeal any statute affecting quail, the old law which grants them protection is still operative.

## ROCK ISLAND TRAINS COLLIDE.

### Stock and Freight Cars Meet at Eighty-eighth Street, but Men and Animals Escape Unhurt.

A train loaded with stock crashed into a freight train on the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific railroad at Eighty-eighth street early yesterday morning, derailing the engines and damaging several cars. The train crews escaped injury. The stock was unhurt.

Prescription No. 2,551, by Ayer & Amend, will not cure all complaints, but it will cure rheumatism.

**Phenomenal Shoe Bargains.**

Sale Lasts but a Few Days Longer.

Ladies' Black Boots, regular stock, new, fresh goods, popular styles, three dollar kinds ..... $1.95

Ladies' Black Oxfords, light or heavy soles, two-fifty kinds ..... $1.65

Any Russet Boot or Oxford in the house, one uniform price ..... $1.48

BAILEY & CO.

147 STATE STREET

**Will It Last?**

The Bargain Stock of Pianos at W. W. Kimball Co.'s August Sale—May Be Gone Before Sept. 1.

*Ten selections made from it in one afternoon this week, and a rainy one at that.*

The New Scale Kimball Piano easily captures a large portion of our callers.

They say, "The piano that holds the post of honor in the capital city of our nation and is used in the home studies of Jean de Reszke, Mme. Nordica and Emma Eames, is all that can be desired."

The price is just the cost of labor and material with one small manufacturers' profit added.

A large assortment of standard Eastern-made pianos. Among the lot, Hallet & Davis, Steinway, Chickering, Knabe—others new as low as $125.00, at $5.00 per month.

56 New Kimball Organs, to close out sample styles, from $35.00 up. Our stock of used organs includes Mason & Hamlin, Estey, Wilcox & White, and several others. Terms, $2.00 per month.

W. W. KIMBALL CO.

Established 1857.

Wabash-ave. and Jackson-blvd.

**LIVER PILLS**

DR. RADWAY & CO., New York

Dear Sirs: I have been sick for nearly two years, and have been doctoring with some of the most expert doctors of the United States. I have been bathing and drinking hot water at the Hot Springs, Ark., but it seemed everything failed to do me good. After I saw your advertisement I thought I would try your pills, and have nearly used two boxes; been taking two at bedtime and one after breakfast, and they have done me more good than anything else I have ever used. My trouble has been with the liver. My skin and eyes were all yellow; I had sleepy, drowsy feelings; felt like a drunken man; pain right above the navel, like if it was bile on top of the stomach. My bowels were costive. My mouth and tongue sore most of the time. Appetite fair, but food would not digest, but settle heavy on my stomach, and some few mouthfuls of food come up again. I could only eat light food that digests easily. Please send "Book of Advice." Respectfully,

BEN ZAUGG, Hot Springs, Ark.

**Radway's Pills**

Price 25c a Box. Sold by Druggists or sent by Mail.

Send to DR. RADWAY & CO., 55 Elm Street, New York, for Book of Advice.

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**THE BEST OF EVERYTHING.**

Chair, Parlor, Buffet Parlor and Dining Cars and Sleepers.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 3.00 AM | FAST MAIL. For River points, Ashland and Superior. Sleepers, Dining Car. | |
| 3.00 AM | FAST MAIL. Beloit, Janesville, Madison, La Crosse, Winona, Minneapolis and South Dakota. | |
| 9.00 AM | BADGER STATE EX. Beloit, Janesville, Madison, La Crosse, Winona, Minneapolis, St. Paul, Minnesota, Dakotas. | |
| 9.00 AM | MINOMINEE EX. For River points, Green Bay, Marinette, Menominee. | |
| 10.00 AM | COLORADO SPECIAL. One night to Denver. Fast time to Portland, Ogden, Salt Lake, Denver, Colorado Springs, Pueblo, Las Animas. | |
| 11.30 AM | WISCONSIN MAIL. For River points, Green Bay, Marinette, Menominee. | |
| 3.00 PM | WISCONSIN SPECIAL. For River points, Green Bay, Marinette, Menominee. | |
| 5.00 PM | ASHLAND LIMITED. For River points, Ashland, Northern Wisconsin. | |
| 5.30 PM | IOWA EX. Clinton, Cedar Rapids, Des Moines, Council Bluffs, Omaha. | |
| 6.30 PM | WISCONSIN MAIL. For River points, Green Bay, Marinette, Menominee. | |
| 6.30 PM | NOR

# WHEAT HAS CENT RALLY.

**RENEWED REPORTS OF POOR RUSSIAN CROP A FACTOR.**

**Lighter Offerings of Grain in Country and a Pause in September Liquidation Start Shorts to Covering—Corn Sags Lower on Improved Crop Prospects—Indications That Argentine Competition for European Trade Will Be Less.**

Wheat demonstrated yesterday that it was capable of better things than a continual decline by starting upward, after a 5c break and scoring a natural rebound of 1c from the bottom, with net gains of ¼c to ⅝c at the close. An early dip on weak cables and some local selling disclosed the fact that there was little pressure of September liquidation on the market and it developed strength steadily under covering by shorts on a large scale and some buying for a reaction or a long turn. Of most importance in turning the course of the market was a radical change in sentiment in the Northwest, which has been a heavy seller for several days and became as prominent on the buying side. There were heavy rains in the Dakotas, delaying thrashing, the weekly crop bulletin called attention to shrunken berries and disappointing returns in North Dakota, and Minnesopolis reported a good cash demand by millers and elevators. September was rushed down to 69⅝c early and sold up to 70⅝-⅝c, closing at 70⅛c bid, a gain of ⅝c from the previous close. December recovered from 72c, which represented a loss of 4⅞c within a week, to 73⅛c, closing at 73c, a net gain of ⅝-⅝c. One of the early cards played to help the market was the report that diplomatic negotiations between France and Turkey had been broken off, but it did not have much effect.

Dec. Wheat Range.

**Russian Crop News Bullish.**

There was buying of a more substantial nature on an Antwerp cable reiterating recent news concerning the Russian crop, declaring Russian wheat news is bad. New crop expected to be small. "Offerings of wheat in the Southwest had grown smaller with the break and there was no pressure for the moment of spring wheat marketings. It was claimed foreigners were buying of futures, St. Louis houses took back wheat sold on the break, and local bulls were encouraged to begin accumulations anew. The difference between September and December widened to 2¾-½c, but this was attributable less to any pressure on the September than to buying of December by sold out longs. Sentiment was so much more bullish and the liquidation apparently so complete that a further falling off in export clearances to 209,364 bu had no depressing effect. Primary receipts were also a shade larger than those of last year, 1,215,991 bu, compared with 1,203,175 bu. There was a fair cash inquiry, with sales of 163,000 bu reported, and there was an idea among the bulls that foreigners ate more active buyers of grain than the business actually reported would indicate. The fact that exports of wheat alone since July 1 had been at the rate of 75 loads or 600,000 bu a day for 62 days, while no such business was reported, was an argument used to enforce this point. The seaboard put the day's business at 304,000 bu. Liverpool was ⅝d lower for futures, spot unchanged to ½d lower. Paris was 1½c lower and Antwerp 5c.

**Corn Yields a Little.**

Corn resisted the influence of strong markets in wheat and oats, the close showing losses of ¼-½c. The weekly crop bulletins were the bearish faction reciting general improvement for late corn, while for Iowa it was stated the improvement was beyond anything thought possible Aug. 1. September sold down to 56⅝c, rallied to 57¼c, and closed at 57¼c, a loss of ¼c. December and May corn were a shade weaker, closing at 56¾c and 61⅝c respectively, ½c under best prices and showing losses of ¼-½c. There was some country selling of long corn on the crop bulletins and more favorable reports from Nebraska, and Comstock sold a line of nearly 1,000,000 bu. But under buying by Patten and a scattered, general demand the market rallied, getting some help from wheat. Cables from Rosario, Liverpool, and London, all agreeing that Argentine port stocks were light and offerings would be scarce in the future, were a help to the bulls, indicating that the recent improved European demand for American corn may continue. Corn bulls are also keeping their weather eyes open for a possible early frost to prevent the maturing of late corn, and had the encouragement of a Western weather prophet, who predicted ten days of intense heat and drought for the corn belt, to be followed about Sept. 1 by severe frost. Primary receipts were heavier, 923,570 bu, compared with 897,444 bu last week, and clearances, if not the smallest on record, perilously near it, at 8,566 bu. Local sales were 200,000 bu, including 150,000 bu to a local industry, and seaboard sales were 80,000 bu.

Oats had an early break with corn, but met a good commission demand, which outweighed some country selling. September ranged between 30½c and 31¼c and closed unchanged at 31½c. May sold from 33¾c to 34c and closed at 33⅞c, a gain of ⅛-¼c. Patten was a buyer of May, selling some September, and the Continental Packing company took May. Local arrivals were 171 cars, with 225 expected today. Seaboard clearances were 15,000 bu and local cash sales 80,000 bu.

**Provisions Are Firmer.**

Provisions were fairly active and stronger. Armour was credited with buying January ribs through brokers, and the Cudahys, who were sellers of January ribs and lard on Tuesday, were in the market as buyers of same lines. There was a good demand for October lard. September pork lost 30c from Tuesday's close, while January gained 12½c. Deliveries of lard and ribs showed gains of from 2½c to 7½c.

Hogs were 2½c to 5c lower on receipts of 32,000, compared with 25,000 a year ago. Estimated arrivals today are 30,000. Total Western receipts were 73,500, compared with 53,100 last year. Shipments of cut meats were 8,130,243 lbs, compared with 3,165,372 lbs a year ago; of lard, 2,070,421 lbs, compared with 1,753,476 lbs.

Rye was easy and dull. September sold early in a small way at 57c and closed at 57½c. December sold at 60c, closing there. Receipts were 13 cars.

Barley was firm with an active demand for spot cash and good inquiry for lots to arrive. Receipts were 14 cars. Screenings were quoted at 50@54c; feed, 55@56c; malting grades—medium, 58@60c; choice, 60@62c; fancy, 63@65c. Round lots are reported in the Northwest as selling above the Chicago market. A local dealer who bought a lot of malting in Minneapolis on Tuesday at 63c was offered ½c premium for it yesterday, but the offer was declined.

Timothy was stronger for September and about 2½c higher. The cash range was $4.50@5.85. September sold at $5.33½@5.35, and closed at $5.35. October closed at $5.20. October clover new seed was nominal at $10.00@10.25.

Flaxseed was firm and from 1c to 2c higher. Trading was medium with an improvement in the speculative demand for new seed. There was a notable increase in the cash inquiry. No. 1 Northwestern closed at $1.67, a gain of 2c; No. 1 Southwestern at $1.62, a gain of 1c; September sold at $1.59@1.60, closing at $1.59 bid, a gain of 1c; October closed at $1.55 bid, a gain of 2c. Receipts were 17 cars in Chicago, 29 cars at Minneapolis, and 8 cars at Duluth.

**Movement of Produce.**

The following were the receipts and shipments of flour, grain, and provisions for the last twenty-four hours, as compared with the same time last year:

| Articles. | Receipts. 1901. | Receipts. 1900. | Shipments. 1901. | Shipments. 1900. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Flour, brls | 40,658 | $1,418 | 52,191 | 12,306 |
| Wheat, bu | 474,880 | 267,550 | 247,476 | 142,452 |
| Corn, bu | 822,750 | 80,138 | 6,516 | 50,000 |
| Oats, bu | 832,450 | 342,905 | 313,940 | 679,925 |
| Rye, bu | 16,200 | 6,000 | 3,000 | ..... |
| Barley, bu | 41,000 | 2,700 | 2,700 | 23,619 |
| Timothy seed, lbs | 200,100 | 219,060 | 194,215 | 150,062 |
| Clover seed, lbs | ..... | 41,688 | 30,116 | ..... |
| Other grass seed, lbs | 41,200 | 18,000 | 3,000 | 7,535 |
| Flaxseed, bu | 33,550 | 31,050 | ..... | 51,076 |
| Provisions, lbs | 891,970 | 398,938 | 3,130,245 | 3,165,372 |
| Coffee, lbs | 675 | ..... | ..... | 8,276 |
| Sugar, lbs | 672,500 | 764,856 | 3,485,071 | 4,091,907 |
| Hides, No | 14 | ..... | 16 | 37 |
| Cattle, No | 22 | ..... | 62 | 278 |
| Hogs, No | 20 | 20 | 631 | 173 |
| Sheep, No | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... |
| Horses, No | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... |
| Lard, lbs | 856,081 | 37,440 | 2,070,421 | 1,753,476 |

The receipts and shipments of wheat and corn at the points given were as follows:

| Western points. | Receipts—Wheat. | Corn. | Shipments—Wheat. | Corn. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Chicago | 474,880 | 822,750 | 247,476 | 80,138 |
| Milwaukee | 16,000 | 1,800 | 10,000 | ..... |
| Minneapolis | 288,800 | 2,310 | 32,560 | ..... |
| Duluth | 39,750 | ..... | 22,750 | ..... |
| St. Louis | 122,000 | 60,000 | 97,000 | 54,000 |
| Toledo | 78,467 | 61,014 | 1,385 | 39,607 |
| Detroit | 16,762 | 4,000 | ..... | 3,564 |
| Kansas City | 156,000 | 16,500 | 126,900 | 50,250 |
| Peoria | 28,000 | 51,000 | 2,100 | 14,000 |
| Totals | 1,225,991 | 535,370 | 481,756 | 211,555 |
| Seaboard: | | | | |
| New York | 59,250 | 8,700 | ..... | 3,196 |
| Boston | 96,781 | 1,178 | ..... | ..... |
| Philadelphia | 98,827 | ..... | 85,855 | ..... |
| Baltimore | 158,222 | 1,650 | ..... | 400 |
| New Orleans | 86,000 | ..... | ..... | ..... |
| Galveston | 96,700 | ..... | 56,000 | ..... |
| Totals | 528,780 | 12,028 | 141,855 | 3,596 |
| Grand total | 1,744,771 | 544,998 | 625,611 | 215,155 |
| Same days 1900 | 1,879,906 | 775,099 | 961,143 | 614,803 |

**Figures for the Day.**

Grain and provision futures ranged as follows:

WHEAT.

| | Aug. 20. | High. | Low. | Closed yesterday. | Closed Aug. 22, 1900. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Sept. | 70 | 70⅝-¾ | 69⅝ | 70⅛ | 73⅝ |
| Dec. | 72¾-⅝ | 73⅞-¼ | 72 | 73 | .... |
| May | 75⅞ | 76¼ | 75¼ | 76⅛ | .... |

CORN.

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Sept. | 57⅛ | 57⅜ | 56⅝ | 57⅛ | 29¾ |
| Dec. | 56¾-⅝ | 56⅞ | 56⅝ | 56⅝ | .... |
| May | 61¼-⅜ | 61⅝ | 60¼ | 61⅜ | .... |

OATS.

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Sept. | 35⅛ | 35⅜ | 34⅞ | 35⅛ | 22 |
| Dec. | 30⅝-¼ | 30⅝-¾ | 30⅜ | 30⅝ | .... |
| May | 35¾-⅜ | 33⅞ | 33½ | 33⅞ | .... |

PORK.

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Sept. | 14.72½ | 14.45 | 14.37½ | 14.42½ | 10.90 |
| Jan. | 15.47½ | 15.57½-.60 | 15.40 | 15.55 | 11.05 |

LARD.

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Sept. | 8.82½ | 8.90-2½ | 8.85 | 8.90 | 6.70 |
| Oct. | 8.90 | 9.00 | 8.92½ | 8.97½ | 6.75 |
| Jan. | 8.80 | 8.87½ | 8.77½ | 8.85 | 6.45 |

SHORT RIBS.

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Sept. | 8.22½ | 8.27½ | 8.25 | 8.25 | 7.00 |
| Oct. | 8.30-2½ | 8.37½ | 8.32½ | 8.35 | 6.95 |
| Jan. | 7.95 | 8.00 | 7.92½ | 7.97½-8.00 | 5.85 |

GRAIN INSPECTION.

| | No. 2 and better. | No. 3. | Low grades. | Total. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Winter wheat | 68 | 53 | 2 | 129 |
| Spring wheat | 1 | 28 | 6 | 35 |
| Corn | 3 | 140 | 9 | 104 |
| Oats | 46 | 105 | 20 | 171 |
| Rye | 11 | 1 | 1 | 13 |
| Barley | ..... | 14 | ..... | 14 |
| Totals | 133 | 350 | 43 | 526 |

Inspected out—86,000 bu and 31 cars wheat; 8 cars No. 2 new, No. 1 Northern spring; 80,000 bu and 92 cars corn. From unlicensed elevators—5,000 bu No. 4 red; 136,000 bu corn.

**Cash Produce Transactions.**

FLOUR—Steady, with little demand. Spring, special brands, $4.10@4.20; hard patents, $3.60@3.70; soft, $3.40@3.50; winter patents, Southern, $3.40@3.50; straights, $3.20@3.30; white rye, brls, $2.70@2.80; dark, $2.50@2.60.

WINTER WHEAT—About ½c higher, with fair demand. Sales in store and to go: No. 2 red, 71c; No. 3 red, 70½c; No. 4 red, 68¾c; No. 2 hard, 50,000 bu on p. t. Free on board: No grade red, 69½c; no grade white, 69c; No. 4 red, 65@67½c; No. 3 red, 70¾c; No. 2 red, 71@71½c; No. 2 hard, 70¾@70¾c; mixed No. 3, 68c. Billed through: No. 4 red, 68c.

SPRING WHEAT—About ½c higher, with good demand. Sales in store and to go: No. 1 Northern, new, 100,000 bu on p. t.; 15,000 bu old about 1½c over September price. No. 3, 69c. Free on board: No. 4, 67c; No. 3, 69¼@70½c. Billed through: No. 4, 64¼@69½c.

CORN—About ¼c lower, with fair demand and moderate offerings. Sales in store and to go: No. 2, 56¾c; No. 3 yellow, 57@57½c; 50,000 bu for shipment at ¼c over September; No. 3, 56¾@56¾c, 150,000 bu from store for local industries on p. t.; No. 3 white, 58¾@59c; No. 3 yellow, 57¼@57¾c. Sales on track and free on board: No. 3, 58¾@59c; No. 3 yellow, 57¼@57¾c; No. 2 yellow, 57½@58c; No. 3 white, 59@59½c. Billed through: No. 3, 58¼@58¾c; No. 2 yellow, 57¾@57½c; No. 2 yellow, 57¼c; No. 3 white, 58¼@59c.

OATS—Weaker, about ¼c lower and firmer, with fair demand. Sales in store and to go: No. 4, 35¼c; No. 3, 35¾@35½c; No. 3 white, 37¾@38c; No. 2, 35½@35¾c; No. 2 white, 38c; grade not named, 80,000 bu on p. t. Sales on track and free on board: No. 4 white, 37½@38c; No. 3, 32½c; No. 3 white, 37¾@38½c; No. 2, 35¾@36c; No. 2 white, 37¾@38¼c. Billed through: No grade, 37c; No. 4 white, 36¼@37¼c; No. 3 white, 36¼@37¾c; No. 2, 35¼c; No. 2 white, 36½@38¼c.

RYE—Easy and a trifle lower, with light demand. Sales in store and to go: No. 3, 57½c. Free on board: No. 2, 57½@58½c. Billed through: No. 2, 57@58½c.

BARLEY—Firm with good demand. Sales free on board, 56@64c. Billed through, 56@57c. To arrive, 61c.

LARD OIL—Steady. Extra winter strained, 67c.

PROVISIONS—Active and firm, with good demand. Cash lots mess pork were quotable at $14.40@14.45; repacked, 15@20c discount. Lard, $8.87½@8.90; short ribs, $8.10@8.30, according to weight.

COOPERAGE—Steady, at 82½@85c for ash pork brls and 85@87½c for oak, and $1.02½@1.05 for lard tes.

WHISKY—Basis for finished goods, $1.30.

HAY—Quiet and steady, with moderate demand. Receipts were 1,373 tons; shipments, 50 tons. Sales, including those on track, were: Choice timothy, $13.50@14.00; old, $14.50; No. 1 timothy, $12.50@13.00; No. 2 timothy, $11.50; not graded timothy, $11.00@12.50; upland prairie, $12.00; Arkansas, $11.50@11.75; No. 3 prairie, Nebraska, $11.00; State, $9.00; No. 3 prairie, State, $8.50; No. 4 prairie, State, $7.50; not graded prairie, Nebraska (heating), $10.00.

Estimated arrivals for today are 170 cars wheat, 230 cars corn, 225 cars oats, and 30,000 hogs.

A membership changed hands yesterday at $2,600 to the seller, a further advance of $50.

Of the 23,000,000 bu reduction in the visible supply of wheat as compared with last year, about 22,000,000 bu comes out of the supplies at Minneapolis and the four lake ports of Chicago, Duluth, St. Williams, and Buffalo, which have 11,019,000 bu, compared with 31,970,000 bu last year.

George H. Phillips has had favorable responses from creditors to the amount of $190,000, out of a total of $210,000, to the proposition to take stock in the George H. Phillips company to the amount of their claims. Mr. Phillips and his friends hope no objection will be interposed by the directors to the company's doing business with a doubled capital, but cash assets somewhat reduced.

## RECORD PRICES FOR POTATOES.

**In the General Trade of the Day Tubers Sold at a Higher Rate than Peaches.**

Produce lines were generally steady yesterday, with good demand and brisk trading. The market was well supplied with all varieties of peaches and other lines except potatoes, which were scarce and about 25c a sack of 80 pounds, making the price $1.75@2.00 the highest of recent record. Small lots sold at $1.25@1.40 a bu. Receipts were 15 cars, with the demand far ahead of the supply. Stocks are so well cleaned up, owing to heavy shipping orders in addition to the local consumption requirements, that dealers anticipate a further advance.

Butter lines were easier, with fair demand and good receipts. Eggs were easy and a shade lower.

Quotations on round lots were as follows:

DAIRY PRODUCTS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Eggs, loss off, cases returned | 13½@14c |
| Eggs, at mark, cases returned | 13c |
| Ctry rccandled | 14@14½c |
| Seconds, case | 75c@$1.50 |
| Cheese, Y. A. | 10¾@10¾c |
| Cheese, twins | 9¾@10c |
| Iced chickens, scalded | 7@8c |
| Do, dry picked | 7¼c |
| Do, roosters | 4½@5c |
| Iced turkeys | 6@8c |

POULTRY.

| | |
|---|---|
| Live turkeys, lb | 6@8c |
| Chickens | 8c |
| Do, spring, lb | 15@17½c |
| Geese, doz | $3.00@4.50 |

FISH.

| | |
|---|---|
| Black bass, lb | 11@12c |
| Carp | 4½@5c |
| Pike | 7@8c |
| Pickerel | 4@5c |
| Eels | 5@8c |
| Perch | 3@4c |

VEALS.

| | |
|---|---|
| 50@60 lbs | 5@5¼c |
| 60@70 lbs | 5@6c |
| 90@100 lbs | 6@7½c |
| 100@110 lbs | 8@8½c |
| 75@150 lbs | 5@6¼c |
| 150@200 lbs | 5@6c |

FRUITS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Apples, good to Choice | $1.50@2.25 |
| Apples, fancy | $2.75@3.50 |
| Lemons, Cal., re-packed | $4.00 |
| Do, Messina | $3.00@5.00 |
| Pineapples, Fla., crates | $3.50@4.00 |
| Oranges, Valencias | $4.00@5.00 |
| Blueberries, Mich., 16 qts | $1.25@1.50 |
| Grapes, Malaga, Cal. | $2.00@2.25 |
| Do, Arkansas, 4-bskt cases | 75c |
| Do, Ives, 111., 8-lb bskt | 12@15c |
| Do, Niagaras, 6-bskt cases | $1.00@1.25 |
| Bananas, bch | $1.25@1.50 |
| Bartlett pears, Cal., box | $2.40@2.85 |
| Cherries, 16 qts, sour, per bu | $1.40@1.75 |
| Peaches, Mich., bskts | 12@22c |
| Do, Ill., 4-bskt cases | 30@45c |
| Do, Ky., bu | 75@80c |
| Do, Ga., 4-bskt cases | $1.25@1.50 |
| Gems, Ill., ¼ bu, 25@30c | |
| Do, crates, 45-55 | 75c@$1.10 |
| Rocky Ford, Colo., crates | $2.75@3.00 |
| Watermelons, Georgia, per car | $110@160 |

VEGETABLES.

| | |
|---|---|
| Beans, navy, hand-picked | $2.80 |
| Beans, lima | $2.10@2.75 |
| Celery, Mich., cases | 30@40c |
| Cucumbers, Ill., ¼ bu | 20@25c |
| Cabbage, new, home-grown, crates | $2.25@2.50 |
| Do, per 100 | $4.00@7.00 |
| Carrots, new, 100 bunches | $1.00 |
| Onions, 70-lb sacks | $1.10@1.25 |
| Sweet corn, 5@8 doz | 50@60c |
| Beets, new, 100 inches | $1.00@1.25 |
| Green peas, ¼ bu | $1.75@2.00 |
| Do, leaf, in cases | 30@35c |
| String beans, new, ¼ bu | $1.25@2.00 |
| New potatoes, early Ohios, St. L | $1.25@1.40 |
| Do, Minn | $1.25@1.40 |
| Do, Burbanks, bu | $1.25@1.50 |
| Do, home-grown, sack | $1.75@2.00 |
| Sweet potatoes, bu | $4.25@4.75 |
| Tomatoes, Ill., 4-bskt cases | 20@25c |
| Do, Indiana, ¼-bu bskts | 20@30c |
| Do, home-grown, bu | 50@65c |

Receipts for Aug. 22 are estimated at 9,000 cattle, 27,000 hogs, and 14,000 sheep, against 10,585 cattle, 25,198 hogs, and 14,840 sheep Thursday of last week.

The average cost price of hogs at Chicago was $5.86, against $5.95 Tuesday and $5.95 Wednesday of last week. The average cost price the first three days of this week, $5.93, against $5.84 a week ago, and $5.87 two weeks ago.

Packers purchased 25,000 hogs, leaving 5,500 in the pens. Armour bought 7,000; Anglo-American, 2,200; Boyd & Lunham, 1,400; Hammond, 900; Continental, 800; Lipton, 700; Morris, 2,700; Swift, 8,000, and butchers 1,400. Droves averaging 154@178 lbs cost to $5.75@5.91; 250@275-lb packers, $5.84@5.88, and 230@235-lb butchers and shippers, $5.96@6.10.

Eleven markets received 76,000 hogs, against 82,000 a week ago, and 66,000 a year ago. Total the first half of this week, 232,000, against 242,000 a week ago, and 171,000 a year ago.

Cattle—Trade was fairly active, but offerings were excessive, and the market ruled lower for most grades. Native beef cattle declined 10@15c, and grass Westerns were weak to 10c lower, with Texas cattle nearly steady. Native butcher and canning stock sold about 10c lower. The best native steers offered sold at $6.25 for short horns averaging 1,641 lbs. Five loads averaging 1,821@1,557 lbs sold at $6.15, with half a dozen loads averaging 1,470@1,524 lbs at $6.10. Inferior to choice steers sold at $3.50@6.05, bulk $4.75@5.60, including 880@1,005-lb yearlings at $4.85@5.45. Grass Western steers sold at $4.00@4.90 for steers, and $3.05@3.60 for cows. About 700 grass Texas steers averaging 875@1,095 lbs sold at $3.50@3.55; native cows sold at $1.35@4.75, bulk $2.25@3.10; heifers, $2.25@4.80; bulls, $2.25@4.55; stags, $3.25@5.00; and veal calves, $3.50@5.25. Stockers and feeders slow and weak at $2.25@4.10.

Hogs—Prices declined 5@10c, and the market closed weak, with 2,500 left in the pens. Two loads sold at $6.30, which was Tuesday's top. The general market was unsettled, with packers bearish, especially on the common to fair grades. Receipts were estimated early at 35,000 and later at 30,000 to 32,000, not including about 2,000 direct to down-town packers. The quality was only fair, with good 170@190-lb averages and choice heavy scarce. There was some competition on the better grades, but none whatever on the common to fair. Comparatively few sold above $6.10, with only a few below $5.80. Quotations follow:

| | |
|---|---|
| Bulk of sales | $5.85@6.05 |
| Selected butchers', 220@270 lbs | 6.00@6.20 |
| Selected bacon, 150@195 lbs | 5.75@6.00 |
| Mixed grades, 180@240 lbs | 5.85@6.15 |
| Heavy shipping, 260@350 lbs | 6.00@6.30 |
| Heavy packing, 280@400 lbs | 5.80@6.00 |
| Rough to heavy grades | 5.55@5.75 |
| For choice pigs | 5.25@5.35 |

Sheep and lambs—Slow for good native and Western sheep were made readily at prices strong to 10c higher. The best lambs sold steady to strong early, but the market weakened, and late sales were 10@25c lower. Native sheep sold at $1.50@4.00, bulk $3.00@4.00; Westerns, $2.50@3.90, bulk $3.40@3.85; native lambs, $2.50@5.35, bulk $4.00@5.00; Westerns, $4.00@4.90, bulk $4.50@4.90.

**Live Stock Markets Elsewhere.**

NEW YORK, Aug. 21.—Beeves—Receipts, 2,768. Steers rated 10c lower; rough butcher stock generally steady. Native steers, $4.75@5.35; stags and oxen, $3.15@4.60; bulls, $2.25@3.40. Latest cables quote American steers 11⅝@12¼c; refrigerator beef, 9@9¾c per lb. Exports today, 4,285 quarters of beef. Calves—Receipts, 3,141. Veals firm; other calves somewhat stronger; all sold. Veals, $4.00@8.00 per 100 lbs. Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 9,402; 52 cars on sale. Both sheep and lambs ¼c lower. Market dull, particularly for sheep. Sheep, $2.25@3.50; few, $3.75; lambs, $4.00@5.50; one car $5.60.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Aug. 21.—Cattle—Receipts, 10,000 natives, 1,800 Texans, 1,800 calves. Texans steady; other cattle generally 10@15c lower. Choice export and dressed beef steers, $5.40@5.80; fair to good, $4.65@5.30; stockers and feeders, $3.00@3.40; Western fed steers, $4.40@5.50; Western range steers, $3.50@4.50. Hogs—Receipts, 8,000. Market opened lower, closed steady; top sales, $6.15; bulk, $5.85@6.10. Sheep—Receipts, 1,000; stock sheep strong; others steady.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Aug. 21.—Cattle—Receipts, 5,300, including 3,000 Texans. Market slow, with natives 10c lower. Native shipping and export steers, $4.85@5.75; dressed beef and butcher steers, $4.25@5.50; cows and heifers, $2.00@4.75; Texas and Indian steers, $3.10@4.25. Hogs—Receipts, 6,800. Market 10c lower. Pigs and lights, $5.75@5.90; packers, $5.80@6.00; butchers, $6.00@6.20. Sheep—Receipts, 2,300. Market steady.

SOUTH OMAHA, Neb., Aug. 21.—Cattle—Receipts, 3,100; steady, slow, and a shade lower. Native steers, $4.00@5.90; Western steers, $3.50@4.60; Texas steers, $3.25@4.25; calves, $3.00@5.00. Hogs—Receipts, 7,200; slow, nearly 10c lower. Bulk of sales, $5.75@5.80. Sheep—Receipts, 1,800; slow to lower; wethers, $3.00@3.80; ewes, $2.25@3.00; common and stock sheep, $2.25@2.85; lambs, $3.75@5.00.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., Aug. 21.—Cattle—Receipts, 2,375; market 10@20c lower; natives, $3.00@5.80; cows and heifers, $1.00@4.75; bulls and stags, $2.00@4.50; stockers and feeders, $2.00@3.80; veals, $2.25@6.25. Hogs—Receipts, 7,335; market steady to 5c lower; bulk, $5.85@6.10. Sheep—Receipts, 1,470. Market strong to 10c higher; lambs steady; top natives, $5.00.

EAST BUFFALO, N. Y., Aug. 21.—Cattle—No sale except holdovers. Veals, $5.00@7.25. Hogs—Receipts, 20 cars. Market steady for good, weaker for light grades; best heavy, $6.17½@6.20, few $6.25. Sheep—Receipts, 15 cars. Dull, full 10c to 15c lower; best lambs, $5.15@5.25; others $2.00@5.00. Sheep slow; tops, $3.25@3.50.

**New York Mining Stocks.**

NEW YORK, Aug. 21.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Adams Con | 25 | Little Chief | 12 |
| Alice | 45 | Ontario | 800 |
| Breece | 140 | Ophir | 70 |
| Brunswick Con | 22 | Phoenix | 8 |
| Comstock Tunnel | 2 | Potosi | 3 |
| Con. Cal. and Va | 165 | Savage | 5 |
| Deadwood Terra | 65 | Sierra Nevada | 9 |
| Horn Silver | 175 | Small Hopes | 40 |
| Iron Silver | 50 | Standard | 500 |
| Leadville Con | 5 | | |

# MAKE PROFITS ON PAPER.

**INTERNATIONAL CO. SHOWS SURPLUS OF $1,709,988.**

**Earnings Over Fixed Charges and Dividends Large on Common Stock—Omaha and St. Louis Railroad to Be Sold to Wabash—Chicago Commission Houses Active in New York Market—Railroad Earnings—Sales on the Local Exchange.**

The International Paper company reports for the fiscal year ended on June 30, a surplus over fixed charges and dividends of $1,709,988, as compared with $939,171 for the previous year. This surplus is equal to 9.8 per cent on the outstanding common stock. Added to the previous surplus, it makes a total surplus of $3,519,987. The report in detail, as compared with the preceding year, makes the following showing:

| | 1901. | 1900. | Increase. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Gross | $25,711,902 | $18,707,633 | $2,004,267 |
| Cost of raw material, etc. | 16,750,945 | 15,581,789 | 1,168,488 |
| Net | 8,961,957 | 3,125,876 | 835,781 |
| Taxes, etc. | 907,297 | 542,802 | 64,995 |
| Interest | 3,054,380 | 2,283,515 | 770,816 |
| Dividends | 1,344,403 | 1,344,402 | ..... |
| Surplus | 1,709,988 | 935,172 | 770,816 |
| Previous surplus | 1,809,999 | 970,828 | 935,171 |
| Total surplus | 3,519,987 | 2,810,000 | 1,709,987 |

Reports from New York yesterday said that competition in the paper trade is increasing and that as the International company has expended large sums for improvement dividends on the common stock are improbable for some time to come.

**Omaha and St. Louis Sold.**

Herbert C. Wright of H. C. Wright & Co., member of the Bondholders' committee of the Northern Connecting road, said yesterday:

"The Omaha and St. Louis railroad will be sold to the Wabash, of which it was originally a part, being the Omaha division of the old Wabash. St. Louis and Pacific prior to the reorganization of that property into the present Wabash system. For several years the Omaha and St. Louis comprised a part of the Omaha, Kansas City and Eastern, the other lines in that combination being the Quincy, Omaha and Kansas City, and the Kansas City and Northern Connecting. Together these lines formed a system extending from Quincy, Ill., to Omaha and Kansas City. The present company is controlled by John W. Gates and several of his friends. They now own the lines from Quincy to Pattonsburg, Mo., which is the terminal of the Omaha and St. Louis and also of the Northern Connecting railroad. This latter line will be sold at foreclosure sale on Oct. 11. It is probable that the committee representing the first mortgage bondholders of the Northern Connecting will arrange for sale of the property to some other line. No definite arrangement to this end has as yet been made."

**Chicago in the Market.**

Chicago commission houses were active on the bull side in the New York market yesterday. Local traders have been good buyers of the granger stocks.

National Biscuit common was the most active issue on the Chicago stock list, and while it made no gain it held steady at the previous advance. The stock rose at one time to 44¼ and reacted to 44 at the close. Biscuit preferred made a further gain, selling at 102¼, ex-dividend.

American Can stocks showed little life. The common lost ⅛ to 23 and the preferred on light trading sold up to 73⅛. Central Union Telephone held firmly at 47¼ on a fair volume of buying. A lot of 50 shares of Chicago Edison sold at 160. Diamond Match gained 1 to 148, probably on the fact of the Bryant & May deal. Metropolitan Elevated preferred made a net gain of 1, and South Side Elevated was higher at 108¼ and at 108½.

**Western Banks Loan Here.**

Western banks are still loaning in the Chicago market on stock collateral and commercial paper, which indicates that there is an abundance of money in the country. When the demand for crop-moving purposes becomes urgent the country banks will have large sums of money that will be available for use in their own communities.

New York banks at present are renewing loans with stock exchange houses at 4½ per cent for four months. Rates have been quoted at 5 per cent for six months, but it appears that these transactions are exceptional. A continued good inquiry from the interior for prime mercantile paper at 4½ to 5 per cent is reported, notwithstanding the shipments of currency by Chicago banks to the country to aid in moving the wheat crop.

**Financial Topics.**

A. B. Leach cabled Farson, Leach & Co. from Paris yesterday that he has made arrangements to float $8,000,000 of Russian government bonds in this country. The bonds will be offered some time in September.

The Governing committee of the Chicago Stock Exchange voted yesterday to close the exchange on the Saturday preceding Labor Day. Arnold R. Moulton of Moulton, Lathrop & Co., and John R. Morgan, manager of the Chamber of Commerce Building, were admitted to membership.

On account of the large arrivals of gold London advices say that the Bank of England may reduce its minimum discount rate today.

Granger Farwell & Co. have made an analysis of the Pennsylvania system, in which they express the opinion that Pennsylvania railroad stock is relatively cheaper at the present price, 146, than Chicago and Northwestern common at 193, Rock Island at 142, St. Paul common at 166, or Illinois Central at 145. For example, they say, "As the Rock Island included in its operating expenses for the last year for maintenance of equipment per unit of service rendered by equipment in its service, sums like to those which we have taken in the circular as ample for average requirements on the Pennsylvania lines, and had the Rock Island included in its operating expenses for maintenance of way an average expenditure of $900 per mile of single main track as against $1,500 per mile of single main track in the case of the Pennsylvania, the earning power of the total Rock Island stock now outstanding, $60,000,000, would have been 10½ per cent, as against 17 per cent on Pennsylvania railroad stock. Estimating the earning power on the Chicago and Northwestern railway in the same manner with due regard to the Northwestern's equity in the earnings of the Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis and Omaha railway, we find an earning power of 14½ per cent on Northwestern common stock, as against 17 per cent on Pennsylvania railroad stock."

At the annual meeting of stockholders of the Wells Fargo Express company the retiring directors were reelected. The directors organized for the coming year by reelecting the officials. No statement of earnings was issued.

President Crawford of the National Biscuit company has returned from a trip to Europe.

The old Board of Directors of the Calumet and Hecla mine was reelected at the annual meeting of stockholders at Boston yesterday.

It is stated that earnings of the Union Traction company in the first half of August showed an increase of 11½ per cent over the corresponding period of last year.

**Railroad Earnings.**

Railroad earnings are reported as follows:

MISSOURI PACIFIC.

| | 1901 | 1900 | Increase. |
|---|---|---|---|
| June—Gross | $ 2,703,809 | $ 2,481,660 | $ 222,149 |
| Net | 879,554 | 992,254 | *112,700 |
| From Jan. 1: | | | |
| Gross | 16,846,951 | 14,698,100 | 2,148,892 |
| Net | 5,779,064 | 4,268,411 | 1,509,653 |

PITTSBURG AND WESTERN.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Second wk. Aug. | 89,156 | 78,123 | 11,833 |
| From July 1 | 578,053 | 516,299 | 61,755 |

TWIN CITY RAPID TRANSIT.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| July—Gross | 290,648 | 249,841 | 40,807 |
| Net | 155,266 | 129,331 | 25,968 |
| Div. and interest | 75,320 | 67,800 | 7,520 |
| Surplus | 78,979 | 61,531 | 18,448 |
| From Jan. 1: | | | |
| Gross | 1,748,182 | 1,572,641 | 172,541 |
| Net | 924,502 | 807,433 | 117,069 |
| Div. and interest | 510,048 | 490,493 | 19,583 |
| Surplus | 414,454 | 316,968 | 97,486 |

ST. LOUIS SOUTHWESTERN.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Second wk. Aug. | 132,088 | 103,901 | 28,187 |
| From July 1 | 757,389 | 85,841 | 771,548 |

*Decrease.

Foreign exchange was steady yesterday at the following figures in Chicago:

| Sterling— | Demand. | 60 days. |
|---|---|---|
| Actual | 486¾ | 484¾ |
| Commercial | 485¾ | 484 |
| Paris francs— | | |
| Actual | 5.17½ | 5.20 |
| Commercial | 5.18¾ | 5.21¼ |
| German marks— | | |
| Actual | 95¼ | 94⅝ |
| Commercial | 95¼ | 94⅝ |

Closing prices on curb stocks in New York yesterday were as follows:

| | Bid. | Asked. |
|---|---|---|
| American Can | 22¾ | 23 |
| Do pfd | 73 | 73¼ |
| American Hide and Leather | 7 | 8 |
| Do pfd | 35 | 38 |
| Bay State Gas | 1 | 1¼ |
| Compressed Air | 14 | 16 |
| Electric Boat | 20 | 22 |
| Do pfd | 48 | 54 |
| Electric Vehicle | 5¼ | ..... |
| Do pfd | 10 | 15 |
| Electro Pneumatic | 1½ | 1¾ |
| General Carriage | ½ | ¾ |
| Havana Commercial Co | 8 | 10 |
| Do pfd | 43¼ | 45½ |
| N. Y. Elec. Vehicle Trans | 10¼ | 11 |
| Pitts. Bessemer and L. E | 34 | 36 |
| Otis Elevator | 31½ | 33 |
| Do pfd | 86 | 88 |
| Royal Baking Powder pfd | 99¾ | 100½ |
| Seaboard Air Line | 28 | 28½ |
| Do pfd | 50¾ | 50¾ |
| Do 4s | 82½ | 83¾ |
| Standard Oil | 765 

# PRICES MOVE UP SLOWLY.

## POWERS CONTINUE TO ABSORB WALL STREET OFFERINGS.

### Important Interests Acquire Securities Steadily and Balk All Efforts of Professional Crowd Toward Manipulation—Market Developments Are Encouraging and It Is BeHeved Another Boom Will Follow Return to Town of Big Speculators.

[BY A SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.]

NEW YORK, Aug. 21.—[Special.]—In today's market were evident the same features which have been conspicuous throughout most of the current month—buying for the account of important financial interests whose representatives seek to acquire securities, not to boom prices. Under such influences quotations creep up slowly, even stealthily, but surely; and thus, at the end of the first half of the week substantial additions to value are shown. This is true particularly of those stocks whose value is beyond the doubting point. Among the issues which depend upon manipulation to help quotations there is a lack of activity, no indication of any improving elements.

Against the market's better course the professional crowd on the Stock Exchange pit themselves sturdily; they make attacks wherever opportunity gives them a chance to leave impressions, but seem given much more to talk and boastfulness than to that sort of courage which adds to the short interest already widely extended.

Meantime all business developments are encouraging; railway earnings continue to make records unprecedented, and the annual reports of operations are showing that net income and surplus accounts are keeping pace with the splendidly large gross revenues exhibited throughout the year. The dragging steel strike and the corn shortage are the only bad factors that even professional Wall street can quote against market values, and both of these have already been tremendously overdiscounted.

In another week important men of affairs now absent will be getting back to business and with cooperation among such operators the market can easily be given the consequence it had last spring. Business facts are on that side almost wholly.

Incidentally, a suggestive conference has been going on at Bar Harbor this week.

Southern Pacific, Union Pacific, and the granger stocks generally were absorbed throughout the day. Union Pacific was at par and Southern Pacific touched a new high figure. Union Pacific "rights" are to be officially announced, the gains to Union Pacific from Southern Pacific's phenomenally increased earnings being an especially helpful factor.

Erie's annual report made a favorable impression upon the street, and the entire coal group and the Eastern trunk lines generally were strong. Interests close to Morgan, Vanderbilt headquarters, are predicting that Erie and Reading will soon prove to be the leaders of stock exchange activity, in so far as securities of low price are concerned. Further unification of the Vanderbilt system—participation in profits by the shareholders of the subsidiary lines is to be soon arranged—signifying good results, especially for the Nickel Plate and Lake Erie and Western properties.

Northern Pacific common stock was dealt in today for the third time since the week following the panic of May 9. A sale of 100 shares at 122½, "seller twenty days flat," was reported.

On the curb Safety Car Heating was strong on the announcement of the special dividends just declared. The stock opened at 154, an advance of 4 points over the last sale, and from this figure sold up to 160. During the afternoon no full lots of the stock were offered under 165. Total transactions in the stock amounted to about 300 shares.

Kansas City, Fort Scott and Memphis preferred sold up 1 for the purchase of 300 shares. Transactions in the bonds amounted to something over $100,000 and resulted in a net gain of 1⅝ points.

## IN NEW YORK MONEY MARKET.

### General Tendency of Cash, Bonds, Railroad Stocks, and Other Securities in Wall Street.

NEW YORK, Aug. 21.—Today's market for stocks was practically a duplication of yesterday's, except that the final reaction on traders' profit-taking was rather more marked. The prevailing tone of the market was firm to strong, up to the irregular closing.

The railroad bond market was decidedly more active today, but the tone was steady to firm. Total sales, par value, $2,213,000.

Closing—Money on call steady at 2@2½ per cent; last loan, 2½. Prime mercantile paper, 4@5 per cent. Sterling exchange weak, with actual business in bankers' bills at 486⅗@ 486¾ for demand, and at 484¼@484½ for sixty days. Posted rates, 485¼ and 488. Commercial bills, 483¾@484¼.

Bar silver, 58⅝. Mexican dollars, 45½. Government bonds, steady. State bonds, inactive. Railroad bonds, firm.

NEW YORK STOCK TRANSACTIONS.

| Description. | Sales. | High. | Low. | Closing—Asked. | Bid. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Am. Sugar | 8,400 | 134⅝ | 132¼ | 132¾ | 132⅝ |
| Do pfd | 500 | 127½ | 127 | 127½ | 127 |
| Am. Tobacco ctfs | 1,400 | 154¾ | 154 | 154¾ | 154½ |
| Am. Locomotive | 1,400 | 80¾ | 79¾ | 80¼ | 80 |
| Do pfd | 1,900 | 98¾ | 97 | 98¼ | 98¾ |
| Am. Steel & Wire | 1,100 | 80¾ | 80 | 80¼ | 80¾ |
| Am. Smelting | 1,900 | 53¾ | 52¾ | 53¼ | 53 |
| Do pfd | 200 | 101½ | 101½ | 101½ | 101½ |
| Am. Copper | 7,300 | 117¾ | 116¾ | 117¼ | 117⅝ |
| Atchison | 19,500 | 76⅞ | 75⅛ | 76⅞ | 76 |
| Do pfd | 3,000 | 97⅝ | 96⅝ | 96⅞ | 96¾ |
| Atlantic Coast Line | 100 | 147½ | 147½ | 147½ | 146½ |
| Baltimore & Ohio | 2,100 | 106¾ | 105¾ | 106¼ | 106 |
| Do pfd | 200 | 97 | 97 | 97 | 96 |
| Brooklyn Rapid Transit | 12,400 | 75¾ | 74¾ | 75¼ | 75⅛ |
| Canadian Pacific | 100 | 140 | 140 | 140 | 139 |
| Canada Southern | 200 | 70½ | 70½ | 70½ | 70 |
| Central of New Jersey | 100 | 215 | 215 | 215 | 210 |
| Chesapeake & Ohio | 1,100 | 54½ | 54 | 54¼ | 54 |
| Chicago & Alton | 100 | 57 | 57 | 57 | 56 |
| Do pfd | 100 | 77½ | 77½ | 77½ | 77 |
| Chicago Great Western | 1,900 | 23¾ | 23¼ | 23½ | 23⅜ |
| Do pfd "A" | 2,200 | 94¾ | 93¾ | 94¼ | 94 |
| Do pfd "B" | 100 | 77 | 77 | 77 | 76 |
| Chicago & Northwestern | 100 | 210 | 210 | 210 | 208 |
| Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific | 100 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 169 |
| Chicago, Terminal & Transfer | 100 | 7½ | 7½ | 7½ | 7 |
| Do pfd | 100 | 17½ | 17½ | 17½ | 17 |
| Colorado Fuel & Iron | 1,700 | 54¾ | 53¾ | 54¼ | 54 |
| Colorado Southern | 100 | 24¾ | 24¾ | 24¾ | 24½ |
| Do 1st pfd | 100 | 57 | 57 | 57 | 56 |
| Do 2d pfd | 100 | 37 | 37 | 37 | 36 |
| Consolidated Gas | 1,100 | 202 | 201 | 202 | 201 |
| Delaware & Hudson | 2,100 | 164½ | 163½ | 164 | 163 |
| Delaware, Lack. & Western | 100 | 247 | 247 | 247 | 245 |
| Denver & Rio Grande | 1,100 | 44¾ | 44¼ | 44½ | 44 |
| Do pfd | 1,100 | 94¾ | 94¼ | 94½ | 94 |
| Erie | 12,400 | 39¾ | 38¾ | 39¼ | 39⅛ |
| Do 1st pfd | 2,200 | 69¾ | 68¾ | 69¼ | 69 |
| Do 2d pfd | 100 | 57 | 57 | 57 | 56 |
| General Electric | 100 | 260 | 260 | 260 | 255 |
| Illinois Central | 4,200 | 135¾ | 135¼ | 135½ | 135 |
| Iowa Central | 1,900 | 43¾ | 43 | 43 | 43 |
| Do pfd | 100 | 85¾ | 85¾ | 85¾ | 85 |
| Lake Erie & Western | 100 | 73 | 73 | 73 | 72 |
| Do pfd | 100 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 144 |
| Lake Shore | 1,100 | 194¾ | 193¾ | 194¼ | 194 |
| Louisville & Nashville | 3,000 | 104¾ | 103¾ | 104¼ | 103¾ |
| Manhattan Elevated | 200 | 140 | 140 | 140 | 138 |
| Metropolitan Street Ry | 100 | 167 | 167 | 167 | 166 |
| Mexican Central | 6,000 | 19¾ | 19¼ | 19½ | 19⅜ |
| Minneapolis & St. Louis | 100 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 115 |
| Missouri Pacific | 6,000 | 103¾ | 102¾ | 103¼ | 103 |
| National Biscuit | 1,000 | 44¾ | 43¾ | 44¼ | 43¾ |
| Do pfd | 100 | 107¾ | 107¾ | 107¾ | 107 |
| National Lead | 2,000 | 25¼ | 24¾ | 25 | 24¾ |
| Do pfd | 1,000 | 104¾ | 104¼ | 104½ | 104 |
| New York Central | 2,900 | 154¾ | 154 | 154¼ | 153¾ |
| New York, Chicago & St. L. | 100 | 39 | 39 | 39 | 38 |
| Do 1st pfd | 100 | 90 | 90 | 90 | 87 |
| Do 2d pfd | 100 | 74 | 74 | 74 | 73 |
| New York, Ontario & West | 5,400 | 34¾ | 33¾ | 34¼ | 34⅛ |
| Norfolk & Western | 100 | 60 | 60 | 60 | 59 |
| Do pfd | 100 | 79 | 79 | 79 | 78 |
| Northern Pacific | 3,000 | 113 | 112 | 113 | 112 |
| Do pfd | 3,100 | 87¾ | 87¼ | 87½ | 87 |
| Pacific Mail | 1,000 | 41¾ | 41¼ | 41½ | 41 |
| Pennsylvania | 14,100 | 60¾ | 60¼ | 60½ | 60⅜ |
| Pittsburg, C., C. & St. L. | 100 | 92 | 92 | 92 | 92 |
| Pressed Steel Car | 2,000 | 41¾ | 41¼ | 41½ | 41 |
| Pullman Palace Car | 100 | 215 | 215 | 215 | 213 |
| Reading | 39,600 | 39¾ | 38¾ | 39¼ | 39⅛ |
| Do 1st pfd | 100 | 77¾ | 77¾ | 77¾ | 77 |
| Do 2d pfd | 2,200 | 70¾ | 69¾ | 70¼ | 70 |
| Republic Iron & Steel | 1,100 | 14⅜ | 14 | 14⅛ | 14 |
| Do pfd | 1,100 | 74¾ | 73¾ | 74¼ | 73⅝ |
| Rock Island Co. | 100 | 22 | 22 | 22 | 21 |
| Do pfd | 100 | 70 | 70 | 70 | 69 |
| St. Louis & San Fran. | 4,000 | 78¾ | 78¼ | 78½ | 78 |
| Do 1st pfd | 100 | 94 | 94 | 94 | 93 |
| Do 2d pfd | 100 | 84 | 84 | 84 | 83 |
| St. Louis Southwestern | 100 | 31 | 31 | 31 | 30 |
| Do pfd | 100 | 71 | 71 | 71 | 70 |
| Southern Pacific | 85,300 | 59¾ | 58¾ | 59¼ | 59⅛ |
| Southern Railway | 100 | 29¾ | 29¾ | 29¾ | 29 |
| Do pfd | 100 | 90 | 90 | 90 | 89 |
| Tennessee Coal & Iron | 3,100 | 74¾ | 73¾ | 74¼ | 74 |
| Texas & Pacific | 27,700 | 40¾ | 40¼ | 40½ | 40⅜ |
| Toledo, St. L. & Western | 200 | 30¾ | 30¾ | 30¾ | 30 |
| Do pfd | 200 | 80¾ | 80¾ | 80¾ | 79 |
| Union Pacific | 85,300 | 99¾ | 98¾ | 99¼ | 99⅛ |
| Do pfd | 1,900 | 115¾ | 115¼ | 115½ | 115 |
| United States Rubber | 1,100 | 14¾ | 14¼ | 14½ | 14 |
| Do pfd | 1,100 | 58¾ | 58¼ | 58½ | 58 |
| United States Leather | 1,100 | 14¾ | 14¼ | 14½ | 14 |
| Do pfd | 1,100 | 92¾ | 92¼ | 92½ | 92 |
| United States Steel | 19,600 | 43¾ | 42¾ | 43¼ | 43⅛ |
| Do pfd | 39,600 | 97¾ | 96¾ | 97¼ | 97⅛ |
| Wabash | 1,700 | 25¾ | 25¼ | 25½ | 25 |
| Do pfd | 14,300 | 47¾ | 46¾ | 47¼ | 47 |
| Wis. Central | 200 | 30¾ | 30¾ | 30¾ | 30 |
| Do pfd | 200 | 70¾ | 69¾ | 70¼ | 70 |
| Western Union | 300 | 95¾ | 95¾ | 95¾ | 95¾ |

*Ex. dividend 1% per cent.
Total sales, 390,700 shares.

EXPRESS STOCKS.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Adams | 178 | United States | 87 |
| American | 192 | Farge | 185 |

GOVERNMENT BONDS.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| U. S. reg 2s reg | 107¾ | U. S. old 4s reg | 113 |
| Do coup | 107¾ | U. S. old 4s coup | 113 |
| U. S. new 4s reg | 136¾ | U. S. 5s reg | 103¾ |
| U. S. 4s, coup | 136¾ | U. S. 5s coup | 107¾ |
| U. S. new 4s, reg | 137 | Dist. of C. 3.65s | 124 |
| U. S. new 4s coup | 137 | | |

NEW YORK BOND SALES AND QUOTATIONS—10 A. M. TO 3 P. M.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| $1000 Atch gen 4s | 103⅝@104 | $3000 L. N unf 4s | 101¾ |
| 6000 do adj | 96 | 68000 Mex Cent 4s | 69¾ |
| 40000 do stamped | 95¾@96 | 70000 do 2d inc | 22¾ |
| 17000 Am H.-L 5s | 92 | 4000 Mex C 7s | 103½ |
| 14000 B-O | 106½ | 2000 MK.-T 2d | 82 |
| 10000 do con 4s | 104½ | 2000 MK.-T 2d | 82 |
| 13000 B.-O SW 3½s | 90¾ | 1000 Mst. H. 1st 6s | 114¾ |
| 13000 Bkln El 4s | 101 | 1000 Mo P 5s 1917 | 107 |
| 2000 Cent Ga con 5s | 107 | 10000 Mob-M inc | 107 |
| 2000 Cent Ga con 5s | 107 | 85000 NY G-E 4s | 95¾@ |
| 2000 do 2d inc | 32 | 6000 NYCLS 3½s | 96¾ |
| 20000 do 3d inc | 82 | 44000 N Pac 4s | 104½@ |
| 1000 Colo Mid 3-4s | 80¾ | 25000 do gen 3s | 73 |
| 150000 Colo Sp 4s | 87½@ | 8000 do term 1st | 113¾ |
| 61000 CB-Q joint | 97¾@ | 169000 P-E inc | 65¾@ |
| 9000 C Pac 1st 4s | 100¾@ | 5000 N-W 4s | 102 |
| 5000 do 5s | 110¾@ | 5000 NYS-W fund 5s | 101 |
| 7000 Chi Term 4s | 93 | 1000 OSL 1st 6s | 132¾ |
| 10000 CM-StP gen 4s | 110¼ | 1000 St L S W 1st | 97½ |
| 5000 do C-D 5s | 104½ | 15000 do 2d | 57 |
| 2000 do W-M div | 110 | 2000 StL-IM 5s | 111¾ |
| 2000 do 4½s | 108 | 19000 So Ry 5s | 110¾@ |
| 13000 Cent Pac 1st ref 5s | 101¾@ | 17000 SA-AP 4s | 85¾@ |
| 59000 Erie gen 4s | 87¼@ | 12000 SoP 4s | 91¾ |
| 1000 do con 4s | 97¾ | 2000 SRR 4s | 99¼ |
| 2000 Erie Penns 4s | 93¾ | 2000 SRT inc | 8½ |
| 5000 E W-DO 1st | 104¾ | 269000 UP conv 4s | 106¾@ |
| 20000 GB-W deb B | 9¼ | 9000 do 4s | 107¾ |
| 1000 RY 4½s | 107 | 729000 Wab deb B | 72½@ |
| 82000 Kings Co El 4s | 92½@ | 9000 Wis C 4s | 87¼@ |
| 25000 L. S W 2d 4s | 104⅜ | 5000 WLE con 4s | 92¾ |

Total sales, $2,190,000.

## DEMAND FOR WOOL QUIETER.

### Prices in All Lines Fully Maintained, Although Only Average Business Is Transacted.

BOSTON, Mass., Aug. 21.—The American Wool and Cotton Reporter will say tomorrow of the wool trade:

"While the demand for wool during the last week has been quieter, there has, nevertheless, been more than an average business transacted, and prices on all lines have been fully maintained. The demand has been widely distributed, and it has practically all been for consumption, there being no speculative tendency observable as yet. There is a firm undertone to the market, and consumers who attempt to secure wools at any concessions from going prices do not succeed.

"The sales for the week amount to 4,672,000 pounds domestic and 520,000 pounds foreign, making a total of 5,192,000 pounds, against a total of 12,935,000 for the previous week, and a total of 3,620,000 for the corresponding week last year. The receipts of wool in Boston this week amount to 32,216 bales, against 33,939 last week and 18,765 last year.

"Total shipments of wool for the week ending Aug. 19 are 7,221,707. This shows an increase of 1,063,554 pounds over the previous week."

## IN FOREIGN PRODUCE MARKETS.

### Current and Closing Quotations on Grain, Provisions, and Cotton at Liverpool.

LIVERPOOL, Aug. 21.—Grain—Wheat—Spot, No. 2 red Western, winter, steady, 5s 8d; No. 1 Northern, spring, quiet, 5s 8d; No. 1 California quiet, 6s. Futures steady; September, 5s 6¼d; December, 5s 8⅝d. Corn—Spot steady; American mixed, new, 4s 11¼d; do old, no stock. Futures steady. September, 4s 10⅝d; October, 4s 11¼d; November, 4s 11⅝d.

Provisions—Flour—St. Louis fancy winter, steady, 7s 6d. Lard, prime Western, in tes, steady, 44s 9d; American refined, in pails, steady, 44s 3d. Hams, short cut, quiet, 51s 6d. Bacon, clear bellies, steady, 51s. Shoulders, square, quiet, 37s. Cotton seed oil, Hull refined, 24s 3d.

Cotton—Spot, increased demand; prices higher; American middling, fair, 5 7-32d; good middling, 4 31-32d; middling, 4 11-16d; low middling, 4 15-32d; good ordinary, 4 7-32d; ordinary, 3 31-32d. The sales of the day were 10,000 bales, of which 1,000 were for speculation and export, and included 8,500 bales American. Receipts, none. Futures opened quiet and steady and closed quiet but steady.

## FEAR INROADS AMERICAN COAL.

### British Dealers See Their Market in Europe Taken from Them by United States.

Competition of United States coal merchants for England's trade in that commodity is stirring up Britishers interested in their country's commerce. Consul-General Gurney of Marseilles, whose report has just been issued by the Foreign office, takes a serious view of the subject.

"For the last two years," he says, "I have followed with much interest and no little anxiety the doings at Marseilles of American experts and American representatives of the coal, shipping, and sundry other interests. A great combine is under contemplation. Without American coal will surely come on the market, but will not be able to oust British coal.

"The Americans are apparently even prepared to reduce freights to a loss in order to keep hold of the market which the coal strikes in Great Britain opened to them."

Mr. Gurney says that the problem Americans have to solve is not only that of the greater cheapness, but also of the superior quality of British coal. This will be done, he says, as follows:

"In quality American coal has been universally recognized as inferior to British steam coals. The railway companies find it inferior and already regret their contract on that account. The difficulty has therefore to be overcome, and it promises to be mastered in a peculiarly ingenious manner.

"Here again we must admire the fertility and resource of American industry. At the great coal depots at Marseilles, Genoa, and Salonica the coal will be worked into briquettes mixed with petroleum refuse. Thus an excellent firing material will be obtained."

Seymour Bell, the British commercial agent in the United States, unlike Mr. Gurney, does not feel anxiety over the invasion of England's coal market. He says in a report to his government:

"Whether there will ever be the enormous export of coal from the United States which is looked for here is more than doubtful. It is not likely to happen for some years to come. It is almost an impossibility for any combination to be formed that would control the entire output of coal. The coal fields are so numerous and so extensive and the interests of the different railways are so difficult to reconcile that it renders any working agreement impossible."

## NEWS OF THE COURTS.

### Petitions in Bankruptcy.

6304—Petition of Richard H. Brown and other creditors to have the Diamond Contract company declared bankrupt; claims, $10,000; Bell & Lunsford, attorneys.

6334—William H. Cummins; liabilities, $2,180; assets, $330; C. S. Lee, attorney.

6335—Merrill H. McCoy; liabilities, $1,408; assets, $62; Stirlen & Dickson, attorneys.

6336—Petition of Lincoln Warehouse and Van company to have Alice C. Neall declared bankrupt; claims, $400; Stein & Platt, attorneys.

6337—Henry S. Bullen; liabilities $566; assets, $97; Charles A. Warren, attorney.

6338—Clement Venn; liabilities, $1,800; assets, $155; I. W. Foits, attorney.

6339—William L. Allen; liabilities, $7,598; assets, $85; F. S. Baird, attorney.

6340—William Taylor; liabilities, $1,840; assets, $100; W. H. Utt, attorney.

6341—William H. Goltz; liabilities, $612; assets, $288; John W. Dany, attorney.

### Superior and Circuit Court Judgments.

Judge Chytraus—210219—Seib, Schwab & Co. vs. Cary; on findgs., $27,100; appl.—203097—John T. Hanna vs. Louis and Emilie Sigmund; on findg., judgt. of Jan. 16, 1894, for $545 revived; appl.

### County Court.

Judge Pond—16304—Frank Marek vs. Adolph Arnold; on findg., $125.

### Decrees.

Judge Kavanagh—215315—Chairbone vs. Chairbone; dec. div.—215129—McElcheran vs. McElcheran; dec. div.

Judge Vail—In re petn. of Christiansen; dec.—214615—Lits vs. Mark; dec. sale.

### Court Calls for Today.

Judge Brentano—Emergency business only.

Judge Vail—Emergency business. On trial, 217662.

Judge Carter—County Court—Motions of course.

## NEWS OF THE RAILWAYS.

### EMERGENCY CORN RATE FOR KANSAS CATTLE FEEDERS.

### Santa Fe's New Basis from Missouri River to Points in Sunflower State Is Two-thirds of Normal Tariff — Stop to Enable Farmers to Hold Their Stock—St. Paul Road Will Shorten Its Line to Kansas City by Two Hours.

The Santa Fé has put in effect an emergency rate on corn for the benefit of Kansas cattle feeders. The new basis from the Missouri River to points in Kansas is 66 2-3 per cent of normal tariff, and the rate from Chicago to Kansas City two cents lower than the proportional rate from Kansas City to Chicago. The rate between the Mississippi and Missouri Rivers is to be the same westbound as east-bound.

The basis between Chicago and Kansas City is 10 cents; from Peoria and Pekin, Ill., 9½ cents; and from the Mississippi River 7 cents. The minimum through rate is to be 15 cents from Chicago and common points and 12 cents from Mississippi River common points to the destination of the grain in Kansas. The minimum rate from Kansas City to Kansas points is 5 cents.

These reductions are in line with the recent announcement of Vice President Morton that emergency rates would be put in effect to enable stockmen to hold their cattle and hogs instead of sacrificing them on the glutted markets that were the rule before the drought was broken.

The Santa Fé has also put in effect a maximum rate on hay of 17 cents from all stations, Dodge City to Fowler, Colo., to Kansas City. This is a reduction of from ½c to 2½ cents per hundred pounds.

### Annual Report of the Erie.

The annual report of the Erie railway shows the gross revenue from transportation increased $890,270, or 2.11 per cent; operating expenses decreased $41,681, or 15 per cent; net earnings increased $850,901, or 8.64 per cent. The ratio of expenses to earnings was 66.57 per cent, a decrease of 1.08 per cent. The entire freight traffic decreased 948,290 tons, or 3.52 per cent, but the average rate received per ton per mile increased 4.05 per cent. The total tonnage for the year decreased 3.36 per cent, but the revenue for the transportation of the same increased $301,860, or 14.17 per cent. The decrease in tonnage is claimed to be due to the strike of miners.

### Hays Rumor Doubted.

A rumor comes from New York that Charles M. Hays, who has just resigned as President of the Southern Pacific railroad, has been asked to resume the office of Vice President and General Manager of the Grand Trunk railway. The report is not believed in railroad circles here, as George B. Reeve, who is now Vice President and General Manager of the Grand Trunk, has been making a most enviable record since he assumed the position.

### Shortens Line to Kansas City.

Contracts have been let by the Milwaukee and St. Paul railway company for the construction of a seventy-seven mile cut-off in Iowa, which will shorten the Chicago and Kansas City route nearly two hours. The new line will extend from Muscatine, Ia., to Rutledge, and will connect Ottumwa and Davenport. The work is to be completed by the end of October, 1902, and is to be commenced within ten days.

### One-Cent Rate for Illinois Day.

The Wabash has announced its intention of making a rate of one cent per mile in each direction from all points in the state in Illinois, from St. Louis and Missouri River crossings to Buffalo, on account of Illinois day, Sept. 16, at the Pan-American Exposition. Tickets at this rate will be sold Sept. 14 and 15, good to return until midnight of the following Sunday.. Competing roads are expected to put the same rate in effect.

### Earnings of Three Lines.

Earnings of the Big Four railroad for the second week of August were $381,115, against $322,208 for the corresponding week last year, an increase of $58,907.

Grand Trunk earnings for the second week of August were $594,920, against $503,109 for the corresponding week last year, an increase of $91,811.

Gross earnings of the Pennsylvania system for the first six months of the present calendar year increased $5,894,743, and net earnings $3,922,836.

## NEWS FROM INSURANCE FIELD.

### Chicago Underwriters' Association Holds a Memorial Meeting for the Late John J. Janes.

Members of the Chicago Underwriters' association held a memorial meeting at the Grand Pacific yesterday afternoon for John J. Janes of Moore & Janes, who is to be buried at New York today. George W. Montgomery presided, and Judge Eugene Cary, General C. W. Drew, Conrad Witkowsky, and R. S. Critchell spoke. A Resolutions committee, composed of Eugene Cary, C. W. Drew, Fred S. James, and Clarence S. Pellet, presented a memorial, which said of Mr. Janes:

"The world is happier that he lived in it and the fire insurance business better that he labored in it."

Companies are threatening to cancel on the lumber mills at Ashland, Wis., especially those working under contract, unless the fire protection is improved.

Chase & Schonfield, with Chadbrum & Braden, represent the new National Union Fire at Minneapolis.

Insurance commissioners' day at the Pan-American will be on Sept. 25.

The Michigan insurance department last year collected $293,139 from the companies. The cost of conducting the department was about $15,000.

Napoleon Picard has withdrawn from the firm of Napier & Picard, and will act as a broker. R. A. Napier will continue the business of the firm.

The Mill Owners' Mutual of Chicago is being examined by the Michigan department preparatory to entering that State.

A meeting of the delegates and alternates from the Chicago Life Underwriters' association to the national convention at Portland next month will be held at 3 o'clock tomorrow afternoon to arrange for the trip.

Colonel J. A. Goulden, manager for New York of the Penn Mutual Life, is suggested for President of the National Association of Life Underwriters.

Policy numbers in the industrial department of the Metropolitan Life have passed the 20,000,000 mark.

W. J. Greenwood of Indianapolis, who has been with the Northwestern Mutual Life for the last five years, has been appointed general agent of the Home Life for Indiana.

The Wisconsin Accident and Sick Benefit association has been organized at Green Bay, Wis.

The Canadian Life Insurance association, limited, has been organized at Toronto to promote uniformity of practices among the Canadian Life Insurance companies and publish statistics and reports of common interest.

Mrs. Harry Gordon, wife of the cashier and acting manager of the Chicago office of the Equitable, died recently at Cataumat, Mass., and he is expected to remain in the East till the end of August.

## LAKE SHIPPING NEWS.

### Port of Chicago.

Arrived—Merchandise—Auburn, Wissahickon, Buffalo. Coal—Samoa, Buffalo. Lumber, ties, etc.—John Otis, Soper & Hinton, Normandie, Hemmon ines; Halsted, Washburn, Muir, Three Two Harbors; Middlesex, C. S. Neff, Duluth; S. O. Neff, Traverse City; Quicksteps, Cheboygan; Commerce, Alpena; Stephenson, Marinette; Seaman, Sutton's Bay; Pewaukee, Cheboygan.

Cleared—Merchandise—Ottawa, Depot Harbor; W. Averell, Ogdensburg, Grain—W. L. Frost, Ogdensburg; C. S. Farnell, Uganda, Buffalo; J. H. Farwell, Barnia, Light—Kewaunee, Benton Harbor, Cove A., Toledo; S. O. Neff, Traverse City; G. A. Wood, Alpena; C. S. Neff, Halsted, Middlesex, Duluth; City of Grand Rapids, Cecil Bay; A. Nimick, Buffalo; E. Buckley, Manistee; G. A. Marsh, Marinette.

### Freights and Charters.

There was a much better call for vessels in the grain trade, and rates advanced to 1¼ cents on corn to Lake Erie. No charters were reported, but one or two were made at the advance.

CLEVELAND, O.—The battle over the Milwaukee coal rate is still on. Shippers are not getting any tonnage and they may come to the vesselmen's terms tomorrow, when they hold their meeting. Lake Superior cargoes are more plentiful than they have been for a number of days, and the coal trade is in good shape all around. The ore freight market is quiet and steady.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—Coal charters: Berlin, Milwaukee, 50 cents; Armour, Chicago, 50 cents; Iron King, West Superior, 55 cents.

### Vessel Movements.

LORAIN, O.—Arrived—Yuma, John Craig.

SHEBOYGAN, Wis.—Arrived—Germanic, Moon light.

PORT COLBORNE, Ont.—Up—Nymph, Buffalo; Algonquin, Conneaut.

CONNEAUT, O.—Arrived—Vance. Cleared—Light—Admiral, Whitney, Duluth.

FAIRPORT, O.—Cleared—Coal—Glidden, Ashland. Light—Presque Isle, Marquette.

MENOMINEE, Mich.—Arrived—Tilden, Marshall. Departed—Huron City, Buffalo.

SOUTH CHICAGO—Arrived—Charles Eddy. Cleared—Matanfa, Fritz, Holley, Duluth.

MANITOWOC, Wis.—Arrived—Emma Hutchinson. Departed—Houghton, Tonawanda.

OSWEGO, N. Y.—Cleared—Arthur, coal, Toledo; Simpson, Mackinaw, Knapp, coal, Duluth.

HURON, O.—Arrived—Senator. Cleared—Coal—Hesper, Duluth. Light—Norton, Duluth.

MARQUETTE, Mich.—Arrived—Pioneer, Chattanooga. Cleared—Andaste, Roby, Ashtabula.

ERIE, Pa.—Arrived—Berlin. Cleared—Coal—Nyanza, Duluth. Light—Hundred and Five, Roman, Corliss, Grecian, Duluth.

ASHTABULA, O.—Arrived—Lake Shore, Waldo. Cleared—Coal—Argonaut, Escanaba; Hops, Chicago; Nyanza, Duluth.

TWO HARBORS, Minn.—Arrived—Yale. Cleared—Manitou, Jenney, Reis, Captain Wilson, Corona, Two Hundred and Two, Lake Erie.

MILWAUKEE, Wis.—Cleared—Falcon, Chicago; Columbia, Escanaba. Arrived—Onoko, Sidney Smith, Hundred and Seven, F. C. Adams.

TOLEDO, O.—Arrived—Marry Boyce, Alaska. Departed—Coal—Lagonda, Duluth; Casey, Port Huron. Light—Russell, Brainard, Duluth; Rhoda Stewart, Hanna, Ford, Brake, Grand Marais.

ESCANABA, Mich.—Arrived—Bessemer, Peck, H. E. Packer, Joliet. Cleared—Vulcan, Queen of the West, Flint, Minch, Christie, Hiawatha, Parks Foster, Vail, Baltic, Aberdeen, Erie ports; Coralia, Manchester, South Chicago; Pentland, Fruitport.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—Arrived—Iron King, Cadillac, Erie, Seguin. Cleared—Coal—Barnes, Racine; Gould, Duluth; Outhwaite, Milwaukee; Lewiston, Chicago. Light—Tempest, Duluth; schooner Troy, Menominee.

CLEVELAND, O.—Arrived—J. T. Hutchinson, Harper, Canton. Cleared—Coal—Cothmberry, Bloom, Ashland; Macaraonl, Quayle, Soo; Monkshaven, Michiplicoten; Light—Continental, Marquette; Argo, Norwalk, Jones, Dobbins, Duluth.

STURGEON BAY, Wis.—Down—Magill, 9 Tuesday night; Welcome, 4 a. m.; Markham, Rand, Marshall, 11; Marshall, Tilden, 1 p. m.; Minnehaha, 5. Up—Leatham and consorts, 9 Tuesday night; Davis, Ottawa, 10; Fischer and consorts, 1 a. m.; Dahlia, Roman, 6 p. m.; Chipman.

ASHLAND, Wis.—Arrived—W. P. Ketchum, Commodore, Cobb. Cleared—Lumber—Edwards, Young, Orton, Cleveland; Santa Maria, Marvin, Wayne, Chicago; Maude, Mautenau, Buffalo; Ore—Colgate Hoyt, South Chicago; Bunsen, Republic, Gilchrist, Mills, Mariposa, Cleveland.

DULUTH-SUPERIOR—Arrived—Williams, Nelson, Venice, Northern King, Roumania, Mohawk, Worthington, George Stone, Bradley, Brightie, Woolson, China, Hanna, F. H. Peavey, Bulgaria, Boston. Cleared—Republic, Ashland, light; Fred Godfrey, Logan, Fawnee, Orton, Sawyer, Redfern, C. H. Green, Genoa, Celtic, Lake Erie, lumber; Jupiter, Lake Erie, ore.

MACKINAW CITY, Mich.—Up—Orr, 11:30 last night; Spencer, 12:30 a. m.; Kalkaska and consort, 4:30; Oceanica, 5; Bessemer, 5:30; St. Paul, 6; Manitou, Minneapolis, 10:30; for coal, 2:30 p. m.; Curtis and consorts, 5; Gordon Campbell, 6; Saranac, 7; Pope, 8. Down—Wilson, 9:15 last night; Illinois, 12:30 a. m.; Two Richards, 3:10; Paris, 6; Manitou, 6:40; Shrigley and consort, 7; Arabia, 8:30; Mead, 9:40; Mason, 1:40 p. m.; Hampton, 4:30. Wind southeast, twenty miles; threatening.

SAULT STE. MARIE, Mich.—Up—Flagg, Warriner, 9:30 a. m.; Pioneer, Chattanooga, 10:30; Buell, 11; Leafield, midnight; Jay Gould, 9; Murphy, 10:20; Bangor, Mary Elphicke, Fedora, 11:30. Down—Angelic, 12:30 p. m.; Alberta, 1:30; Volunteer, 2; Gilchrist [steel], 3:20; Advance, 8; Rockefeller and whaleback, Monarch, Peshtigo, 9. Down—Ericsson, Magna and whaleback, 9:30 last night; Linn, Smeaton, 10:30; Pontiac, Fay, Sandusky, Venus, 12:30 a. m.; Lansing, Crosthwaite, Northern Wave, 1; Promenade, 1:30; Pierce, 2:30; Harvard, 3; Iawatam, Carnegie, Myles, 5; Grover, Tecumseh, 6; Case, 7; Brittain, Wawanosh, D. W. Peavey, 8:40; Briton, 9:40; Poe, Peter Mayer, Stevens, 10:40; Lafayette, Moore, noon; Ella Smith and oil barge, Van Hise, Krupp, 5; Black, Progress, Tasmania, 8:30; Eads, Marcia and whaleback, 8:30; Choctaw, 9.

DETROIT, Mich.—Up—Pope, 9:40 last night; Neshoto, 10:20; Pere Marquette, No. 17 (arrived), 12:10 a. m.; tug Andrew Smith and barge, 2:30; Rhodes, 2; Montana, Russell, 6:20; Pathfinder, 7; Nicholas, Oliver, Portage, 8:10; Minnesota, Ewen, 8:30; Niagara, 9:40; Paxton, Hattie Hurd, Merrimac, 9:40; McVittie, 10:20; McDougal, Manda, 10:40; Hope, tug Knapp, 11:10; Houghton, Madeira, 11:30. Down—Wilson Palmer, 12:10 p. m.; Interocean, India, 1; Venezuela, 1:15; Hopkins and consorts, 2; Syracuse, 4; Northland, 4:40; Business, 5; Rose and barges, 5:40; Scotland, 6; Castalia, 6:30; Griffin, 7; Schoolcraft and barges, 8; Maine and barges, 8:20. Down—Senator, 8:30 last night; Craig, 9; Ward, 9:15; Orinoco, 9:40; Rose, Lily Smith and barge, 2:30 a. m.; Mohegan, Mingoe, 9:30; Morse, Roebling, Loyalty, 6:30; Maxwell, American and barge, 6:50; New York, 7:30; McWilliams, 8:15; Saginaw and barge, 9:10; Langell and barges, 9:50; Niles, Vinland, Wayne, Thompson, 10; Alaska (small), 10:30; Wotan, Hall, Noyes, noon; Colonel, John Ketcham. Weston and barges, 1 p. m.; Alfred Mitchell, Centurion, 3; Black Prince, Fayette Brown, Brazil, Antrim, 3:30; Hudson, 3:40; Ionia, 4:15; Chisholm, Ranney, 6; Denmark and consort, Metropolis, Weldeman, Mont Blanc, 8; Pabst, Armenia, 9.

### REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS FILED FOR RECORD on Wednesday, Aug. 21, 1901:

Culver-av., 216 s of Ferry-st., s f, 26x125. Aug. 9 [H. G. Sanders to George A. Van Dyke]..... $ 4,000

Halsted-st., 15 n of Belmont-

## SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

### Bookkeepers and Clerks.

SITUATION WANTED—BY COMPETENT BOOKkeeper, accountant, and correspondent, familiar with general office work; best references. Address E 460, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — BOOKKEEPER AND cashier; 10 yrs. in machinery and iron. Address I 515, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—EXP., ENERGETIC OFfice man; organizer and manager agents; speaks German, etc. Address H 512, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY EXPERIENCED young lady as assistant in office; salary $7. Address E 445, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG MAN OF bookkeeper, assistant, or clerical work; three years' experience. Address E 487, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BOOKKEEPER; YOUNG man; 8 yrs. exp.; capable, bright; $10. Address E 476, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY AN A1 SHIPPING clerk; 4 years' exp.; strong, active; $10. Address E 478, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG MAN, BOOKkeeper, stenographer; references. E 465, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG MAN, LOOKing for office work. Address E 462, Tribune.

### Trades.

SITUATION WANTED—LINOTYPE MACHINist-operator; seven years' experience; reference furnished; can deliver the goods. E 322, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—AS ENGINEER; BEST of references; single man; temperate. Address E 418, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — FIRST-CLASS MAN would like steady position as painter, janitor, or fireman; experienced. Address E 490, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—BY CHIEF ENGINEER; good references. Address E 466, Tribune office.

### House Servants.

SITUATION WANTED—JAPANESE, GOOD cook, in family or boarding-house. E 485, Tribune.

### Coachmen, Teamsters, Etc.

SITUATION WANTED — COACHMAN, MARried, no children; good driver, willing and obliging; A1 city references. Address E 418, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—ENGLISH COACHMAN, married, no children; first-class references. Address E 454, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS COACHMAN; GEN. work; married; English; A1 ref. E 412, Tribune.

### Employment Agencies.

SITUATIONS WANTED — FOR MEN, ALL lines. Stroup's Bureau, 199 Clark. Tel. Cen. 1380.

### Stenographers.

SITUATION WANTED—AS CLERICAL STEnographer by young lady having 2½ years' commercial and railroad exp.; ref. E 206, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—BRIGHT, WILLING boy stenographer; small wages to commence. Address E 470, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY STENOGRAPHER and general office assistant; rapid and accurate; reasonable salary. Address E 370, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY WOMAN STENOGrapher and bookkeeper, age 40; any price; quick. Address E 430, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—STENO., BRIGHT, ACcurate, energetic, rapid. E 457, Tribune.

### Miscellaneous.

SITUATION WANTED—MAN, AGED 30, HAVing had fifteen years' banking experience, desires position with Board of Trade, stock brokerage, or commission house; will invest if necessary; capable. Address E 426, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — BOOKKEEPER AND cashier; 10 years' experience; references. Address E 422, Tribune office.

BOOKKEEPER—OPENING FOR FIRST-CLASS bookkeeper in office of large jobbing house; must have had some experience in credits and collections and be rapid and correct; state age and past employers; replies confidential. Address E 243, Tribune office.

BOOKKEEPER—YOUNG MAN; THOROUGHLY experienced; $12. A. B. NYMAN, 92 La Salle-st.

BOOKKEEPER—AN EXPERIENCED, BRIGHT young man. 185 Dearborn-st., Room 911.

BOOKKEEPER—BRIGHT, ENERGETIC YOUNG man, about 20; fair salary to begin. E 427, Tribune.

BOOKKEEPER—YOUNG MAN, 20-30; A1; $12 BENEDICT, 146 State-st., 4th floor.

CAR RECORD CLERK—STATE EXPERIENCE and salary wanted. E 455, Tribune office.

CLERK—MAN BETWEEN 25 AND 30 FOR GENeral office work; $45 month; must have good references. Address E 488, Tribune office.

D. E. BKPR.—GOOD PENMAN; $12. L. C. HOWARD, Fort Dearborn Bldg.

OFFICE MAN — GOOD, WHO HAS HAD EXPErience in private medicine business; must have ability to write "ads." and booklets and be able to take charge of correspondence; a good opening for a man with the proper ability; state age, experience had, and salary wanted. Address N H 102, Tribune office.

OFFICE CLERK—WHO HAS WORKED IN MAchine shop or foundry; extra good figurer. 185 Dearborn-st., Room 911.

OFFICE CLERK—YOUNG MAN; GOOD PENman. Room 911, 185 Dearborn-st.

ORDER CLERK—ONE WHO HAS EXPERIence in the gas fixture business preferred, and is competent to take charge of orders and wait on small trade. Address, giving references and salary expected, D 584, Tribune office.

PRESCRIPTION MAN AL; MUST HAVE BEST references. Apply Noble Drug Co., 150 State-st.

REG. OR ASST. REG. CLERK—MUST SPEAK German. 2601 S. Halsted-st.

WHEN LOOKING FOR A POSITION FRIENDS help you; but their influence is limited, and they have other work to do. It is our business to find positions. See ad. under "Employment Agencies." EDUCATIONAL REGISTER COMPANY.

WHOLESALE DRUG BILL CLERK — MUST have experience. Address E 462, Tribune office.

YOUNG MAN — AS CORRESPONDENT; ONE who has experience in mail order or tailors to the trade business preferred. Call at HOWARD S. STRAUSS & CO., cor. Market and Van Buren.

YOUNG MEN—17 TO 20 YEARS OF AGE, WITH good common school education, to work in stock of merchandise department in large mercantile house; salary $5 to $6. Address N H 261, Tribune office.

YOUNG MEN—WITH SOME EXPERIENCE IN amateur photography and a fair education to work in office and be broken in as correspondent; state age and salary; permanent position. Address N H 258, Tribune office.

YOUNG MAN—AS COPY CLERK, WITH chance for better work later; salary $12 week. Address E 352, Tribune office.

YOUNG MAN—FOR BILLING AND CHECKING; must be quick at figures. Apply to Superintendent's office, THE FAIR.

YOUNG MAN—18 TO 20, IN DRUG STORE; ONE with some experience preferred. Call at 4189 Halsted-st.

YOUNG MAN—GENERAL WORK; $4, $6. 740, 322 Dearborn-st.

YOUNG MAN—GOOD FIGURER AND SOME knowledge books; $18. Room 911, 185 Dearborn.

### Salesmen, Solicitors, Etc.

AMBITIOUS, ENERGETIC MEN OF GOOD CHARACTER; MONEY MAKING SALES FACTORY REFERENCES CAN SECURE EXCEPTIONALLY ATTRACTIVE GENERAL AGENCY; WILLING TO WORK; FOR THE FIRM OF THE ILLINOIS LIFE INS. CO., 134 MONROE-ST.

CANVASSING AGENTS—FOR HOTELS AND summer resorts; 100 per cent profit; $5 security. 5316 Greenwood-av.

CAPABLE MEN CAN EARN BIG MONEY BY selling New York Life's matchless 20th century policies and insuring COLEMAN & CO., Tribune building.

CARPET SALESMEN—

WANTED,
UPHOLSTERY SALESMEN.

WANTED,
CURTAIN SALESMEN.

Good, permanent positions, with splendid chance for advancement where ability merits it.
Apply to Supt.

THE FAIR.

### State and Adams.

MACHINERY SALESMAN—FOR CITY; ONT acquainted with rope transmission preferred; permanent; good wages. A 183, Tribune office.

MEN—TWO EDUCATED YOUNG MEN, ABOUT 20, to learn reputation we have for introducing indispensable preparations; investigation convinces; business permanent; experience unnecessary; particulars, $18. Mfg. business secrets, 2d floor. A. WAYVELL-CHAPPELL CO., 53 River-st. Chicago.

AGENTS—ON SALARY OR COMMISSION; THE best commercial sante seller ever produced; something of pen and ink buys it on sight; 200 to 500 per cent profit; one agent's sales amounted to $620 in six days; $32 in two hours. Monroe Mfg. Co., X 88, La Crosse, Wis.

TWO GOOD APPEARING MEN TO CALL ON business managers in Chicago; something that appeals to thinking people will be properly presented; only men who can convince and close quick. Call Room 408, 263 Dearborn-st.

AGENTS—TO SELL THE HARLEY BURGLARproof ventilating sash locks; absolute protection for windows. Call and examine. Room 59, 92 La Salle-st.

A HARVEST FOR FIRST APPLICANTS; LADY and gentlemen agents to sell our newly patented exclusive territory given. THE J. A. PETERS CO., 709, 56 Fifth-av., Chicago.

AGENTS — QUICK SELLER; JEWEL CUFF button; 25 cts.; sample and details sent by mail, 10 cts.; coin or stamps. Schmidt Mfg. Co., 314 Baltimore Bldg., 22 Quincy-st., Chicago.

AGENTS WANTED—IN WATERWORKS TOWNS for the Rapid Dish Washer and Scourer; sells rapidly; true merit. Address Modern Filter Co., 243, B 3, Franklin-st., Boston, Mass.

AGENTS—FAIR WORKERS—JUST OUT. LIST of over 1,000 place mats, doilies, etc., and fine novelty out for 10c, postpaid, with catalogue. Acme Specialty Co., 21 Quincy-st., Chicago.

CITY AND COUNTRY AGTS. AND SOLS. BOTH SEXES; $125 TO $250 A MONTH. MONTHLY BEST MODERN CONTRACTS. OLD CO., ROOM 8, 260 CLARK-ST.

A MAN WHO KNOWS THE TRADE IN CHICAgo and can sell liquid fuels and some other floor preparations; good, reliable articles. Wolverine Wax and Oil Co., Flint, Mich.

A NEW YORK CORPORATION WANTS A RELiable representative to become associated with the manufacturing and jobbing trades. Address HENRY C. SMITH, 320 Broadway, New York City.

WANTED—STATE AGENTS FOR THE BEST "Twentieth Century" medical book published. Liberal commission; quick seller. 618 Pioneer Press Bldg., St. Paul, Minn.

AGENTS WANTED—IN EVERY TOWN; PLEASant work; good pay. W. H. DUNHAM, 1597 W. Madison-st.

$100 MONTHLY FOR RELIABLE MEN AND women; novelty photo buttons and jewelry; sample free to agents. Lodwick Co., Cincinnati, O.

AGENTS WANTED—MALE OR FEMALE—NO better opportunity offered; sure to make money. Apply G. E. MORRISON, Room 25, 163 Randolph.

WE PAY $20 A WEEK AND EXPENSES TO MEN with rigs to introduce our poultry compound. Send stamp. Excelsior Mfg. Co., Quincy-st., Chicago.

STREET AND FAIR MEN—"THE WOUNDED Buffalo," latest street novelty; sample mailed, 15c; doz., 90c. Universal Supply Co., 154 Van Buren.

WANTED—PORTRAIT AGENTS FOR ROAD; new proposition. Auditorium Art Assn., 405 W. Van Buren.

AGENTS—SOMETHING NEW AND WONDERful. Blue Flame Oil-Gas Co., 180 Dearborn. Chi.

### Employment Agencies.

MEN SEEKING EMPLOYMENT
IN ANY LINE CALL
WHOLESALE HOUSES,
WAREHOUSES, FREIGHT HOUSES,
RAILROADS,
STREET CAR LINES,
HELPERS IN SHIPPING-ROOMS,
PACKERS, TRUCKMEN, WATCHMEN,
FACTORIES, MACHINE SHOPS,
ENGINEERS, OILERS, FIREMEN,
JANITORS, ELEVATOR MEN,
CARPENTERS, ELECTRICIAN HELPERS,
ALL-AROUND OFFICE WORK,
BOOKKEEPERS, BOOK-KEEPERS,
TIMEKEEPERS, SHIPPING CLERKS,
STOCKKEEPERS, CHECKERS, CALLERS,
SALESMEN, FLOORWALKERS,
RAILROAD OFFICE WORK, BILLING, ETC.
STROUP'S BUREAU,
199 and 201 S. Clark-st., second floor.
Established for years; thoroughly reliable.

MANAGER, EXP. IN STOVES ..... $25.00
Bookkeeper, out of the city ..... 15.00
Stenographer, Rem., R. R. ..... 12.00
Stenographer ..... $8.00 to 12.00
Waiter, for S. Side club ..... 12.00
Office and bookkeeper, exp., picture frames. 15.00
Stenographer and bookkeeper, out of town. 12.00
Bookkeeper, West Side ..... 12.00
Office man, exp. in lumber ..... 10.00
Stenographer ..... 6.00
Young man for general work ..... $4.00 to 5.00
Boys ..... $3.00 to 5.00
KING'S MERCANTILE AGENCY.
134 Monroe-st. 324 Dearborn-st. 92 La Salle-st.

AUDITOR—TRAVELING POSITION ..... $30.00
Cashier and bookkeeper ..... 25.00
Extender, very rapid ..... 20.00
Bookkeeper, exp. in produce ..... 20.00
Office clerk, some knowledge books ..... 15.00
Bill clerk, rapid worker ..... 15.00
Entry clerk from cashier ..... 15.00
Office man for rolling mill ..... 15.00
Bookkeeper, good penman ..... 14.00
Office clerk, good penmanship ..... 10.00
Office clerk, North Side ..... 8.50
MERCANTILE EXCHANGE,
185 DEARBORN-ST.

BOOKKEEPER—OUT OF TOWN ..... $60
Bookkeeper and stenographer ..... 60
Stenographer, law experience ..... 15
Stenographer, Remington ..... 10
Office and errand boys ..... $2.50 to 5
Merchants' Clerical Ex., 740, 108 La Salle-st.

MEN—TO LEARN THE BARBER TRADE. We teach the work in two months, present complete outfit of tools, pay Saturday wages, and guarantee steady work when competent; special inducements to applicants from distance; board included. Call or write today. Moler Barber College, 435 Wabash.

ARE YOU OUT OF WORK?
If so, call and see us.
No registration fees.
No charge unless placed.
5,073 positions secured in six months.
MORRELL'S, 146 State-st.

## WANTED—MALE HELP.

### Salesmen, Solicitors, Etc.

STATIONERY SALESMAN—ENERGETIC; A young man, experienced in inside work, active, and enthusiastic man needed. Address, with references, stating experience, E 494, Tribune office.

TRAVELING SALESMAN (CANVASSER)—IN every State, to take orders for a new educational work. Address H. A. LINAWEAVER, 61-63 Plymouth-pl., Chicago.

### Boys.

BOY—ABOUT 19 YEARS, BRIGHT; FAIR EDUcation, good character and habits, living with parents, to start as messenger in large bank; write letter in own hand; must mention first-class references to receive consideration. Address E 475, Tribune office.

BOY—FOR MESSENGER SERVICE; MUST BE neat and active; from grammar school. Address N K 103, Tribune office.

BOY—ABOUT 15 YEARS OLD, AMERICAN; ONE that lives at home; must come well recommended. Address E 325, Tribune office.

BOY—LARGE, ABOUT 16, TO CARRY BUNDLES and work around store; permanent position to good boy. Address N H 256, Tribune office.

BOY—NEAT; 16; GOOD REFS.; OFFICE EXP.; $3.50. J. MACDONALD, Fort Dearborn Bldg.

BOY—BRIGHT, AGE 17, FOR STORE AND OFfice; $4. A. B. NYMAN, 92 La Salle-st.

BOY—STRONG, HONEST, FOR GENERAL work. Side entrance, 3332 Wabash-av.

BOYS—BRIGHT, 15 TO 17 YEARS OF AGE, IN large mercantile house to learn our business and grow up with the house in our offices and merchandise departments. Address N H 259, Tribune office.

BOYS—TWO GOOD STRONG BOYS TO CARRY bundles; references required. HART, SCHAFFNER & MARX, Market and Van Buren-sts.

ERRAND BOY—EXP.; BRIGHT, CLEAN; $3, $4. 407, 87 Washington-st.

ERRAND BOYS—AT ROOM 708 CABLE BLDG. at once.

### Trades.

ART GLASS CUTTER—EXPERIENCED. Apply between 8 and 9 a. m., Superintendent's office, Mandel Brothers.

ARTIST—MAN USED TO WATER COLORS; steady position in city; $25 weekly. Address D E 265, Tribune office.

BLACKSMITH—ONE CAPABLE OF FORGING car tracks. Call McGuire Mfg. Co., 122-132 W. Sangamon-st.

BOILERMAKERS—FOR ROUNDHOUSE WORK; out of city; must be competent. Apply Parlor O, Tremont House.

BRADLEY HAMMER MEN—STEADY WORK. Aermotor Co., Chicago Heights.

CARPENTER—TO FIGURE ON A SMALL JOB. Call at once. L. J. LESSER, care Mahin Adv. Co., 200 Monroe-st., 10th floor.

CARPENTER—WORK IN EXCHANGE FOR rear view piano. Address N H 280, Tribune.

CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST—EXPERIENCED, for compounding and manufacturing lines of household remedies and staple preparations; state age, references, and salary wanted; applicant must be a registered pharmacist. Address N H 257, Tribune office.

DIE AND TOOL MAKER—251 S. JEFFERSON-st., 5th floor.

ELECTROTYPE FINISHERS—APPLY J. MANZ Engraving Co., 195 So. Canal.

GORDON FEEDER. HALLIWELL & BAUN Co., Union Stock-Yards.

JOINERS, CABINETMAKERS, AND COACH carpenters. Room 420, 225 Dearborn.

MACHINISTS — BOTH VISE AND MACHINE hands; good wages and steady jobs are offered to the right men. Address The Bucyrus Company, South Milwaukee, Wis.

MOLDERS, BRASS—IN LIGHT, WELL-VENTIlated foundry. Applicants will state age, experience, name of last two employers, how long employed there, and salary leaving same. Address N H 263, Tribune office.

PIANO POLISHERS—FIRST-CLASS; WAGES $18 per week. Address H. A. SCHAAF, 147-149 Madison-st., corner Union-st.

SPINDLE CARVERS, CABINET AND RED makers—Address Pioneer Furniture Co., Eau Claire, Wis.

STATIONARY ENGINEER—FRANKLIN FOUNdry Co., 1125 So. Paulina-st.

STONE MASONS—10, FIRST-CLASS, IMMEDIately, on power-house building for the Chicago and Desplaines Valley Elec. railroad, near Summit, Ill.; wages 60 cents per hour; railroad fare allowed. Apply office, Willow Springs, Ill. Dupage Constr. Co.

YOUNG MAN—EXPERIENCED IN AMATEUR photography to work in stock in large mercantile house; state age and experience. Address N H 260, Tribune office.

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HOUSEMAN—FIRST-CLASS. APPLY, WITH references. 265-267 E. Huron-st.

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PERMANENT POSITION FOR LIFE; COMpensation $25 to $75 per week; the Policy Holders' No. 2, with Illinois charter, $241, Tribune office; $1,000 capital, organized January, 1899, desires local representatives in every city and town in the U. S.; our business is clean, honorable and non-competitive; a positive necessity to every firm, corporation, and individual; no bond or investment; part time persons references required. Address Superintendent of Agents, 521-524 Manhattan Bldg., Chicago, Ill.

AGENTS — EVERYWHERE — GUARANTEED money-making proposition to introduce indispensable preparations; investigation convinces; business permanent; experience unnecessary; particulars, $18. Mfg. business secrets, 2d floor. A. WAYVELL-CHAPPELL CO., 53 River-st. Chicago.

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TWO GOOD APPEARING MEN TO CALL ON business managers in Chicago; something that appeals to thinking people will be properly presented; only men who can convince and close quick. Call Room 408, 263 Dearborn-st.

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AGENTS — QUICK SELLER; JEWEL CUFF button; 25 cts.; sample and details sent by mail, 10 cts.; coin or stamps. Schmidt Mfg. Co., 314 Baltimore Bldg., 22 Quincy-st., Chicago.

AGENTS WANTED—IN WATERWORKS TOWNS for the Rapid Dish Washer and Scourer; sells rapidly; true merit. Address Modern Filter Co., 243, B 3, Franklin-st., Boston, Mass.

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MEN—AND WOMEN TO DO COFFING AT home; must write a fair hand; $5 to $12 weekly working evenings; positively no canvassing; inclose stamp. Kling Mfg. Co., Quincy-st., Chicago.

MEN—TWO, TO DELIVER BOOKS; MUST BE quick and active; well acquainted with city. First-class references and bond required. Salary, $15. P. ROBIE & SON, 324 Dearborn-st., Monadnock Bldg.

OPERATOR—WITH STEREOTYPEON, ACETYlene light; would buy. Davis, 302 W. Van Buren.

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PIANO PLAYER—FOR DRAMATIC SHOW. TO play only; hotel and R. R. expenses paid. State age and salary expected.
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YOUNG MEN HAVING A LARGE CIRCLE OF friends exerting their influence can obtain their fall clothes free of charge. Address O 303, Tribune office.

YOUNG MAN—FOR TELEPHONE WORK; MUST be good penman and correct at spelling; state experience and salary expected. Address N K 102, Tribune office.

YOUNG MEN—SOME KNOWLEDGE OF TAR roofing. Room 503, 167 Dearborn-st.

YOUNG MAN—AN INTELLIGENT, INDUStrious; $12. Campbell, 88 La Salle. Suite 33.

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LEARN DESIGNING, DRESS CUTTING, DRESS making, ladies' tailoring, and millinery; Paris buyer returns soon with fall styles; 25 starts positions; perfect fitting patterns, 50c. McDOWELL SCHOOL, 78 State-st.

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This school enables young men and young women to qualify in the shortest possible time and in the most thorough manner for positions that pay from $35 to $50 a month at the start, and to which we assist graduates without charge. The instruction is entirely individual, thus enabling capable, ambitious students to make rapid progress. The excellence of our teachers and methods are self-apparent. Attend where the best teachers, best systems, and best methods are employed. Day and evening sessions. Full term begins Sept. 3. Call or write for catalogue.
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EVERYTHING IN TALKING MACHINES; wholesale and retail. JAS. J. LYONS, 79 5th-av.

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BOOKKEEPER—YOUNG LADY; THOROUGHly experienced; $12. A. B. NYMAN, 92 La Salle.

BOOKKEEPER, CASHIER, AND STENOGRAPher—Salary $18 to $20. 185 Dearborn-st., R. 911.

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### Domestics.

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HOUSEWORK—GOOD GIRL; PERMANENT; good home. Call today. MRS. GREENMAN, Riverside.

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HOUSEWORK—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork. 4070 Lake-av.

HOUSEWORK—COMPETENT GIRL FOR GENeral housework. 3207 Prairie-av.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL; WAGES $5. MRS. LUcas, 3537 Prairie-av.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL, FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork; must be competent. 235 Oakwood-blvd.

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RESPECTABLE WORKING GIRLS FIND beautiful home; light housekeeping; $1.10 per week. 2805 Calumet-av.

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EXPERIENCED OPERATORS, TUCKERS, braiders, and hand finishers—On silk waists; steady work for good hands. TEASDALE, 220 5th-av.

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100% PROFIT TO AGENTS—ENTIRELY NEW ARTICLE; SELLS ON SIGHT; READY ON SIGHT FOR 25C. CALL BETWEEN 9 AND 10 OR 3 AND 5, ROOM 208, WOMAN'S TEMPLE.

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STENOGRAPHER—LADY; ALSO EXPERIenced addressers; state salary. E 488, Tribune.

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TYPEWRITER OPERATOR—EXP. FILL IN names; $1 per M. R. 740 Monon Bldg.

WE HAVE SEVERAL PLACES FOR GOOD stenographers. Read our ad. under "Employment Agencies."
EDUCATIONAL REGISTER COMPANY.

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## WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

### Miscellaneous.

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LADIES—A FE

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On receipt of postal I will send you plans of 150 new houses, located on North, West, and South Sides and in suburbs; for sale on month[ly] payments of from $5 to $25, same as rent. Very small cash payment. Price $1,175 to $5,000. Let your rent money pay for a home.
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11,982 HOMES SOLD ON MONTHLY PAYMENTS IN 22 YEARS.

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MATSON HILL, 414, 205 La Salle-st.

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6503-05 Stewart-av., 2-flat bldg., modern brick res., only $950 cash, bal. 2 years.....2,950
451-53-nr. 30th-st., nr. Champlain-av., elegant frame 2-flat bldg., modern improvements, lot 27x125.....2,950
854 48th-st., nr. Butler-st., 6-r. lin-sty. brick res., street paved, all conveniences.....875
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VACANT.
Rhodes-av., nr. 77th, 25x125, clear.....190
Homan-av., nr. 52d, 2 lots, each.....145
36th-st., nr. Michigan-av., 2 lots, each.....175
Rhodes-av., nr. Drexel-blvd., 2 lots, 25x125 each.....350
St. Lawrence-av., nr. 66th, 24x125, clear.....725

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New corner 3-flat building, rental $4,200 per year; price $40,000; incumbrance $13,000.
New corner 18-flat building, 4, 5, and 6 rooms, Prairie-av., two blocks from Illinois Central; elegant construction; rental $5,700 per annum; price $55,000; incumbrance $22,000.
Choice new 2-flat building, near Grand-blvd. and 47th-st., 4, 5, and 6 rooms, strictly high grade; rental $6,000 per year; lot 100x126; price $60,000; incumbrance $26,000.
Owners, here is a chance to turn your farms, unimproved vacant, or old improved that is always burdensome, for new and profitable income properties [moderate incumbrance on the above at 5 per cent]. Tell us if you are interested.
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FOR SALE—THE UNIMPROVED LAND SOUTH and adjoining Kolze's Lake Park, Wentworth and the Lake and Jackson Park and 71st-st., consisting approximately fifty-four [54] acres, with 1,000 feet frontage on Lake; price $1,000 per FINTON & CO., Tacoma Bldg., 181 La Salle-st.

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S. w. cor. Langley-av. and 50th, 100x125.
S. e. cor. Lake-av. and 50th, 100x125.
Builders should not fail to see these. Langley-av. corner is fine for small flats.
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FOR SALE—KENWOOD—FINE RESIDENCE, with wide, very deep lot; value $85,000; might take house, flats, or vacant in part payment; bal. easy.
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FOR SALE—NEVER SUCH A BARGAIN—515 31st-st., store, with living-rooms; 7 rooms on 2d floor; lot, 30 feet; terms; $1,600.
WHITESIDE & WENTWORTH, 140 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—FINE KENWOOD CORNERS—ALL well located; best class of surroundings; frontage 100 feet; a most prominent corner; the business has been phenomenal; the only reason for the sale is that the owner has not the time to give it the proper attention. Address N K 817, Tribune.

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Phone Main 4403. Chamber Commerce Bldg.

FOR SALE—CHOICE RESIDENCE LOTS, WINDsor Park, Bond-av., near 75th-st., 25 ft. or larger, $175 each. Terms to suit purchaser.
HOLTON, SEELYE & MOONEY, 204 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—60X150 AND 2-STORY ATTIC brick basement porch, etc., 12 r., Madison-av., between 53d and 54th-sts. J. C. LONG, 701, 115 Monroe-st.

FOR SALE—STATE-ST. BARGAIN. 4-sty. brick and stone store and flat bldg., nr. 90th; 25-ft. lot.....$6,500
BOWES INVESTMENT CO., 108 LA SALLE-ST.

FOR SALE—GREAT SLAUGHTER—LOT, 75X125, on Carpenter-st., near 71st; best offer this week takes it; will sell 25 or 50 feet.
E. WALKER & CO., 204 Dearborn-st., Room 825.

FOR SALE—3630 RHODES-AV., 9-ROOM BRICK residence; cost owner $2,700; bargain.

## WEST SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—MONROE-ST.—
EAST OF GARFIELD PARK.
NEAR LAKE-ST. ELEVATED.
$30—MONTHLY—$30.

New Roman pressed brick and stone front houses containing 6 rooms, oak trim, parlor mantel, sideboard, open nickel plumbing, artistically decorated; modern in every detail; located on Monroe-st., just east of Sacramento-av; price $1,900 to $5,000; $400 cash; $30 to $40 MONTHLY.

HOW TO GET THERE.

Take Lake-st. or Metropolitan Elevated or Madison-st. cable to Sacramento-av.; houses open every day; go and see them or call and be taken free.
E. S. GROSS, 8TH FLOOR, MASONIC TEMPLE, State and Randolph-sts.
11,982 HOMES SOLD IN 22 YEARS.

FOR SALE—1291 W. MONROE-ST., BETWEEN Hoyne and Leavitt-sts.—new Roman pressed brick and stone 6-room house; oak trim, floors, mantels, sideboard, open plumbing; price $2,850; will take year lot worth $500 as cash payment, balance $25 monthly, from responsible parties; greatest bargain on West Side; take Lake-st. or Metropolitan Elevated and Madison-st. cable car to Sacramento-av. See owner on week day or Sunday.

FOR SALE—OR EXCHANGE—722 W. MONROE-st., 8-room house; 2 baths; 2 toilets; 111 Warren-av., 60x125, with two-story building; large yard, barn, etc., or will exchange for flat building and assume incumbrance. Apply to E. GRAY BROWN, 805 W. Madison-st. 'Phone

FOR SALE—WILL SACRIFICE RESIDENCE ON Harlem-av.; must be sold this week; owner leaving city. Address E 221, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—CHOICE BUSINESS AND RESIdence lots, Armitage, 41st, and 42d-ave.; bargains; see them. Dalmatian, 98 Washington.

FOR SALE—OR RENT—839 W. ADAMS-ST., 2-story, base, and attic brick house, 10-r.; fine order; $4,500. H. A. OSBORN, 177 La Salle-st., Room 6.

FOR SALE—$4,400—SNAP—CONGRESS, NEAR 48th, 2-story stone front flats.
W. L. PECK, 145 La Salle-st.

## NORTH SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—ON NORTHWESTERN ELEVATED—New Roman pressed brick and stone trimmed 7-room house; hardwood finish thorough; every modern improvement; price $4,500; $500 cash, balance easy terms; will take clear lot up to $1,000 as part payment. Apply owner, northwest corner of Sheridan-drive and Byron-st., one block south of Sheridan-drive station, Northwestern elevated; time by express trains, 16 minutes; local trains, 24 minutes.

FOR SALE—SHERIDAN PARK—EAST FRONT, on Winthrop-av., south of Leland-av., one block from terminus of Northwestern Elevated, at Wilson-av. station, a fine stone-front flat, every convenience, finished in hardwood; price $5,500; $1,000 cash, balance easy. SAM C. DUNN JR. & SON, 1908 Evanston-av. or Room 1001, 155 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—FINE, LARGE, WELL-BUILT brick house, 12 rooms, laundry, storerooms, etc.; perfect cellar; attic over entire house; corner, 200 feet; handsome shade and fruit trees; beautiful lawn, barn, chicken yard, garden, etc.; Rogers Park; $12,000; great bargain; no trade. Address E 500, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—GREAT BARGAIN—NEAR WILSON-AV., Sheridan-rd.; 2-story house; lot 50x150; only $3,500; ground alone worth price asked. Call
McGUIRE & ORR, 101 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—AN ELEGANT HOME IN ROGERS Park; no trades; bargain for cash. Address E 507, Tribune office.

## NORTH SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE — NORTH SIDE COTTAGES; $25 down, $10 monthly; best side the sand. RAY BROWN JR. & SON, 1001, 105 La Salle-st.

## NORTHWEST SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—2-STORY BRICK FLAT BLDG. ON Pleasant-pl., near Western-av., $3,000; will take suburban lot as first payment.
WATSON & BARTLETT, 160 Washington-st.

## SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—LA GRANGE—GREATEST BARgain ever offered in Cook County; 200 feet frontage on choicest corner south of track; fine modern residence, with 17 rooms; first-class plumbing and heating plant; large barn with stalls for carriage house, etc.; everything in perfect condition; this property has cost $24,000 since 1894 and will be sold for less than half that amount; purchaser can borrow $10,000 on the property.
W. E. KING & CO., 535 New York Life Bldg.

FOR SALE—RIVERSIDE, ONE OF THE PRETTIest places there is; lot 100 feet; good house and barn; fine elm trees, in perfect order; worth $18,000; can sell for $12,000, easy terms; buy a home where rents will never come. E. C. WARE & CO., 140 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—BUYERS OF SUBURBAN REAL ESTate, investigate offerings under my "New Method."
CHARLES L. SCHAAR, 184 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—OR RENT—EVANSTON—FIRST-class stone house in best part of Evanston, with stone barn, and corner lot; price $40,000.
MATSON HILL, R. 414, No. 205 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—CONSULT OUR FULL LIST FOR best bargains in Wilmette. Will show all property with pleasure.
WHITESIDE & WENTWORTH, 140 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE — WINNETKA, GLENCOE, AND other North shore suburbs; houses, lots, and acres. E. S. HART & CO., 115 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—ACRE LOTS ON WOODED HILLS at Palos Park; $300 and up; ultimate 100 feet; fare, $1.30.
MONSON & CO., 144 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—BERWYN, BARGAIN EXTRAORdinary! 6-r., modern house, lot 50x140; only $2,350. W. J. ANDREWS, 184 La Salle, R. 522.

FOR SALE—TWO BERWYN LOTS; SNAP FOR quick deal. Address E 428, Tribune office.

## COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—A VERY DESIRABLE EAST TENnessee farm. Write A. W. KEAGY, New Orleans, La., for a descriptive circular, also for Texas lands, and meet me on the farm, Tellico Junction, Monroe County, Tennessee, Tuesday, September.
A. K. SEAGO, New Orleans, La.

FOR SALE—160-ACRE FARM 3 MILES FROM Winamac, Ind., 90 from Chicago; all level black loam, well drained, and tiled; no better corn land in Ill. This land will bring $60 an acre next spring; present price, $40. WATSON & BARTLETT, 160 Washington-st.

## SUMMER RESORTS.

FOR SALE—AT LAKE GENEVA, THE NEWport of the West, the choicest of west front shore lots; unrivaled surroundings; close to depot station; hydrant water, electric lights, lowest prices; two syndicates will be formed to develop Lake Geneva property; one of ten individual shares, $3,000 each, and one of four individual shares, $5,000 each, for plats, books, etc., inquire of A. BUCKINGHAM CHANDLER, 110 Dearborn-st.

## REAL ESTATE WANTED.

WANTED—FOR INVESTMENT, PROPERTY ON any business street in Chicago, $25,000 to $200,000. It must show good carrying expenses and pay 5%; will pay cash. Address 129 New York Av., Oshkosh, Wis.

WANTED — RESIDENCE IN WESTERN SUBurb, about $6,000 or less, for which I will exchange stock of the best grade of dry goods; must be full of trees, clear, 80 feet, and pay balance in cash. Address E 456, Tribune office.

WANTED—CLEAR IMPROVED FLAT BUILDing, for modern stone front residence, 15 rooms, on Dearborn-av., worth $18,000, near Division-st.; will take $8,000 in trade, balance time; owners only. Taylor Land Co., 115 Dearborn-st.

WANTED — 2-STORY FLAT BLDG., NEAR Wrightwood-av. station and Addison-st. station S. W. L. T. for $4,000; cash customers. CALLAN & VARTY, 140 La Salle-st.

WANTED—RESIDENCE OR FLAT BUILDING in Denver, Colo., for clear improved vacant in Chicago up to $30,000. Taylor Land Co., 115 Dearborn-st.

WANTED—WEST SIDE IMPROVED OR VACant; 50 street fars; amt. $10,000 or less; can make quick sale if price is right.
E. E. KING & CO., 535 New York Life Bldg.

WANTED—RESIDENCE, 8 ROOMS, MODERN, south of 43d-st., east of Michigan-av., north of 61st-st., for 75 feet vacant, clear, on best street in Woodlawn. E. E. KING AID & CO., 535 New York Life.

WANTED—CHOICE VACANT OR IMPROVED clear for $12,000 equity in elegant 6 flat, near Washington Park and L station; rents $2,280.
C. F. MULLIKEN, 108 Dearborn-st.

WANTED—TO SELL OR EXCHANGE YOUR property quick or buy a farm in any part of the country see TAYLOR CO., 115 Dearborn-st.

WANTED—MODERN RESIDENCE, GOOD neighborhood, $6,000 to $9,000; must be cheap. KINNEY & STANDISH, 185 Dearborn-st.

WANTED — HIGH-GRADE INCOME, MANFG. or down-town property for high-class vacant and cash; address E 434, Tribune office.

WANTED—NICE, SMALL, MODERN RESIdence, on Calumet or Prairie-avs., between 43d and 51st, cash. Address E 435, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO BUY SMALL HOUSE IN KENwood or Hyde Park, near I. C. R. R.; easy terms. Address E 408, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO BUY—A LOT, OR ¼ LOT, IN Graceland Cemetery. Address E 475, Tribune.

WANTED—LOCATION FOR GENERAL STORE, country town. Address E 70, Tribune office.

## REAL ESTATE TO EXCHANGE.

EXCHANGE—FINE 2-STORY AND B. 2 FLATS; street paved, stone walk; rents $56 per month; want farm, 60 to 160 acres, or vacant lots; must be near town, 40 or less miles out. Address N K 50, Tribune office.

FOR EXCHANGE—CASH AND 50 FEET IN OAK Park, near Washington-blvd., for 12 room modern dwelling in Austin, near Lake-st. L. Address E 474, Tribune office.

FOR EXCHANGE—80X150 AND 12-R. FRAME brick basement house, $13,000; incumbrance, low rate. Take vacant or improved. H. P., for $8,000 equity. J. C. LONG, 701, 115 Monroe-st.

EXCHANGE—FINE NORTH SIDE BUILDING, always rented; good location; $120 cash; will take one-half in good vacant; balance to suit; can borrow all. E. C. WARE & CO., 140 Dearborn-st.

TO EXCHANGE—LOTS AT HARVEY FOR A good equity. F. A. HENSHAW & CO., 97 Washington-st.

WANT 2-FLAT BLDG. OR VAC. FOR CLEAR residence. R. J. Langhenry, 145 La Salle-st.

## REAL ESTATE LOANS.

BUILDING LOANS—
We will make loans as small as $5,000 at 4½% where margin of security is usually large.
Can you pay a portion of your present loan? If so, we can quote you very favorable renewal rates. Prepayments allowed. No delay. We pass on security.
If under foreclosure, save your equity by sale of property through our
REAL ESTATE DEPARTMENT.
We have many clients with cash in hand looking for bargains in real estate.
BUILDING LOANS AT LOWEST RATES.
HENRY A. KNOTT & CO.
110 Dearborn-st.

MONEY TO LOAN WITHOUT COMMISSION ON Chicago and suburban property at 5 and 5½ per cent, according to security; liberal prepayment privileges if desired.

Building loans a specialty.
Prompt attention given to applications.
ROSE & COMPANY, 108 Dearborn-st.

MONEY TO LOAN ON CHICAGO REAL ESTATE at 5 and 6 per cent; no attorney's fees; privilege to pay all or part before maturity and stop interest thereon. Building loans made.
GUNTHER & SON, 181 East Washington-st.

BEST TERMS TO GOOD BORROWERS ON IMPROVED AND VACANT PROPERTY.
BUILDING LOANS.
PEABODY, HOUGHTELING & CO.,
164 DEARBORN-ST.

ALWAYS HAVE MONEY TO LOAN ON CHIcago real estate at current rates; no delay.
GOLD MORTGAGES FOR SALE.
CANNELL & McCLUER, 107 Dearborn-st.
Lake View office, 1808 Clark-st., near Roscoe.

MONEY LOANED WITHOUT COMMISSION AT LOWEST CURRENT RATES ON IMPROVED REAL ESTATE.

R. PRINDIVILLE, R. 817 Chi. Stock Exchange.

THE ROYAL TRUST COMPANY-BANK.
169 Jackson-blvd.
MAKES BUILDING LOANS IN 24 HOURS.

6% —REAL ESTATE LOANS— 5½%
No commission—no attorney's fees.
BUILDING LOANS—PROMPT INSPECTION.
WM. C. HEINEMANN & CO.,
MORTGAGE BANKERS, 92 LA SALLE-ST.

MONEY TO LOAN ON REAL ESTATE.
GRAHAM & SONS, Bankers, Fire Insurance, and Steamship Agents, 134 W. Madison-st. Open evenings.

MONEY TO LOAN—
We have a large amount of Chicago money and will act promptly on all applications; lowest rates.
MADDEN BROS., 204 Dearborn-st.

WHY NOT BUILD A HOME ON THAT LOT OF yours? We can completely furnish the money; 100 sets of plans; payments like rent.
CASE & PADDOCK, Contractors, 115 Dearborn-st.

GREENEBAUM SONS, BANKERS
Loan money on diamonds, watches, jewelry, and other personal property, without removal, at lowest rates. If you want money and friend, too, call on me. Live and let live is my motto. Time and payments to suit borrower.
A. H. WILLIAMS, 60 Dearborn-st., Room 28.

LOANS MADE ON CHICAGO REAL ESTATE AT LOWEST RATES.

REAL ESTATE LOANS IN ANY AMOUNTS AT lowest rates on approved real estate security; prepayment privileges.
BARNES & FARISH, 204, 145 La Salle-st.

SIDNEY LOEB & CO., 126 LA SALLE-ST., LOAN MONEY ON CHICAGO REAL ESTATE AT LOWEST RATES; NO DELAY.

E. A. CUMMINGS & CO., S. W. CORNER DEARborn and Washington-sts.—Loans on Chicago real estate.

HART & FRANK, 128 AND 130 WASHINGTON-st.—Loans on Chicago real estate and building loans made at lowest market rates. No delay.

MONEY TO LOAN AT LOWEST RATES—PAYABle in currency. SAM C. DUNN JR. & SON,
DUNLAP SMITH & CO., 100 Dearborn-st.

J. H. VAN VLISSINGEN & CO., MONEY loaned on Chicago real estate at lowest rates; immediate inspection. Second floor, 95 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE — SIX PER CENT GOLD MORTgages. Send for list. SAM BROWN JR. & SON, 1001, 155 La Salle-st.

LOANS ON IMPROVED REAL ESTATE IN Chicago at current rates. The Equitable Trust Co., Dearborn and Madison-sts.

INTEREST RATES 4¼ TO 6 PER CENT; WANT choice real estate loans; building loans made.
KOZMINSKI & TONDORF, bankers, 73 Dearborn.

MONEY TO LOAN ON CHICAGO REAL ESTate at lowest rates.
WM. D. KERFOOT & CO., 85 Washington-st.

## REAL ESTATE LOANS.

MONEY TO LOAN—
ON IMPROVED CITY PROPERTY.
From 4 to 6 per cent,
according to amount of security.
READ & COE, 100 Washington-st.

MONEY TO LOAN AT LOWEST RATES ON approved Chicago real estate security.
HERRICK & WILLARD, 79 Clark-st.

EDGAR M. SNOW & CO., 101 WASHINGTON-st., loan on Chicago improved real estate; lowest current rates; no delay; we pass upon security.

WESTERN STATE BANK—
E. W. ns. La Salle and Washington-sts.
Loans made on Chicago real estate.

BAIRD & WARNER, 80 LA SALLE-ST., MAKE LOANS ON REAL ESTATE; LOWEST RATES; QUICK ACTION.

MONEY TO LOAN ON CHICAGO AND SUBurban real estate; repayable monthly.
OGDEN, SHELDON & CO., 84 Clark-st.

FOR SALE—$1,500 FIRST GOLD MORTGAGE; 5 yrs., 6 per cent; brick property, worth double. Address O 190, Tribune office.

TO LOAN—5 PER CENT, ANY SUM; BUILDing loans; we pass on security; no delay.
QUICK ACTION.

KINNEY & STANDISH, 185 Dearborn-st.

MONEY TO LOAN ON CHICAGO AND SUBurban real estate; repayable monthly.
OGDEN, SHELDON & CO., 84 Clark-st.

FOR SALE—$1,500 FIRST GOLD MORTGAGE; 5 yrs., 6 per cent; brick property, worth double. Address O 190, Tribune office.

LUDWIG & UPRIGHT, 215 Dearborn-st.
Medium size, modern in every respect; would pass for new & choice bargain.

KRAMER, WHEELOCK & CO., 242 Wabash-av.
An artistic upright cabinet grand in mahogany case of style fully abreast of the times. Perfect in every respect; would pass for new.

LARGE FISCHER UPRIGHT, $276.
In beautiful San Domingo mahogany. Only the least trifle used; altogether as good as new.

LARGE KNABE UPRIGHT, $250.
Large, special design, highly ornamented, thoroughly renovated.

CHICKERING UPRIGHT, $350.
Mahogany case, nearly of largest size. Is without blemish and up to the highest average of this make in touch and tone.

SMALL CHICKERING CABINET GRAND, $250.
8 feet long; rosewood case, 7 1-3 octaves; has been entirely rebuilt. May be depended upon as in good condition. To clean, marked at above figure.

ONE HUNDRED OTHER BARGAINS
in special new pianos, slightly used pianos and second-hand pianos. New pianos from $125 up. Pianos to rent, $3.50 month and upward.

EASY TERMS OF PAYMENT.
Handsome scarf and modern stool included with pianos sold. Buyers at a distance should write for special bargain list and our schedules of freight rates on pianos. We ship pianos everywhere.

Inexpensive pianos bought from us may be exchanged later toward purchase of a Steinway or Knabe. Steinway and Knabes are sold only by us.
LYON & HEALY, Wabash-av. and Adams-st.
P. S.—In summer we close Saturdays at 1 p. m.

IT MEANS SOMETHING.

During the past week over 180 people have learned the meaning of the Kimball Company's

AUGUST SALE OF PIANOS.

It means a wonderful saying to them.
It means all goods advertised are here until sold.
It means that a child can buy to as good advantage as the shrewdest grown person.
It means "one price to all," which represents but one small factory profit to the largest piano and organ plant in the world.

TO INCREASE THE ENTHUSIASM

a number of NEW SCALE KIMBALL PIANOS—finest styles, but little used, have been added to the list at reduced prices.

All other pianos in our stock of about 300 have been marked down for this grand clearing sale.

This includes all our Eastern made instruments, some of standard high-priced makes; also some new at $125; terms of payment $5 monthly.

SQUARE PIANOS from $12 up, at $2 per month.

SPECIAL PRICES on REED ORGANS.

Mason & Hamlin, former price $125.....$ 50
Estey, with pedals, former price $300.....125
Wilcox & White, former price $100.....40
Story & Clark, former price $115.....40
Cottage Organ, former price $80.....25

Other makes $10 and upwards.
Self-playing organs, former price $150.....$65
Pipe organs, $1,000 and up.

A visit of inspection will pay you if you are interested in buying a piano or organ.

One price. Plain figures. Easy payments.

W. W. KIMBALL CO. [Established 1857].
S. w. cor. Wabash-av. and Jackson-blvd.
We close at 1 o'clock Saturdays until September.

I BUY GOOD NOTES, ALSO
advance money to pay taxes and interest.
HOPKINS, 95 Dearborn-st.

PRIVATE PARTY LOANS MONEY TO HONEST salaried people, shop and factory hands, railroad employes, etc. R. 840, 125 La Salle-st.

YOU CAN GET ALL THE MONEY YOU NEED by asking for it; quick and WAY DOWN COST, if employed. PECK, 215 Dearborn-st.

PRIVATE PARTY LOANS SALARIED EMployes; reasonable rate. 702, 185 Dearborn-st.

PRIVATE PARTY WILL LOAN HONEST SALaried employes. Room 49, 103 Randolph-st.

## PERSONAL PROPERTY LOANS.

DO YOU WANT MONEY? IF SO, CALL ON
ALPHEUS M. SMITH, INVESTMENT BANKER,
100 WASHINGTON-ST., ROOM 901.
You can borrow any amount you want on
EASY TERMS, AT LOWEST RATES,
ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, CARRIAGES, ETC., WITHOUT REMOVAL.
ALSO TO SALARIED PEOPLE WITHOUT MORTGAGE.

Payments arranged to suit convenience of borrower; partial payments can be made at any time, reducing interest accordingly.
No charge to you in advance. You get the full amount of the loan in cash.
You can deal with us quickly, privately, satisfactorily, and conveniently.
It will be to your advantage to call at my office before borrowing elsewhere.
ALPHEUS M. SMITH, INVESTMENT BANKER,
100 WASHINGTON-ST., ROOM 901.
TELEPHONE CENTRAL 2721.

MONEY. MONEY. MONEY.

ARE YOU IN NEED OF MONEY?
IF SO, YOU CAN BORROW ANY AMOUNT YOU WISH FROM $20 TO $1,000 ON THE FOLLOWING SECURITY: HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE IN COOK COUNTY.
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, CARRIAGES, WAGONS, WAREHOUSE RECEIPTS OR ANY VALUABLE SECURITY.
THE PROPERTY MAY BE LEFT WITH YOU OR STORED IN YOUR POSSESSION. YOU CAN GET THE MONEY THE DAY YOU MAKE APPLICATION AND WITH IT YOU CAN PAY OFF YOUR PRESENT HIGH RATE LOAN. THERE ARE NO RESTRICTIONS ON YOUR MOVING WHEN YOU WISH. NO CHARGE OF ANY KIND TAKEN OUT IN ADVANCE; YOU RECEIVE THE FULL AMOUNT OF THE LOAN IN CASH.
MAIN OFFICE OF
THE CHICAGO MORTGAGE LOAN CO.,
HARBORSIDE,
ROOMS 216 AND 217.
THE CHICAGO MORTGAGE LOAN CO.,
161 W. MADISON-ST., ROOM 12.

LIBERAL ADVANCES, WITHOUT DELAY, ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, WAGONS, CARRIAGES, ETC. OR ON PERSONAL PROPERTY OF ANY KIND, LOWEST AND MOST FAVORABLE TERMS. FAIR AND COURTEOUS TREATMENT AT THE OFFICES OF
FIDELITY MORTGAGE LOAN CO.,
134 MONROE-ST., FIFTH FLOOR, CORNER CLARK-ST.

301 W. 63D-ST., COR. WENTWORTH-AV., ENGLEWOOD.
BEFORE BORROWING ELSEWHERE CALL AND SEE US AND YOU WILL FIND IT GREATLY TO YOUR ADVANTAGE.

ENGLEWOOD OFFICE OPEN EVENINGS.

RELIANCE LOAN CO.,
100 Washington-st., Room 504.
Title and Trust Building.

SOUTH SIDE OFFICE—
110 W. 47th-st., corner State-st.

WEST SIDE OFFICE—
567 W. Madison-st., Room 2, corner Ogden-av.
Loans made on furniture, pianos, horses, wagons. Property left in your own possession. Our South and West Side offices are open evenings until 8 o'clock to accommodate people living on South and West Sides. Lowest rates in city.
BEST TERMS TO GOOD BORROWERS.

MONEY— 3 PER CENT PER MONTH MONEY.
ON
Diamonds, watches, jewelry, sealskins, musical instruments, guns, revolvers, silverware, pianos, bric-a-brac, and any kind of merchandise of value.
FROM $1.00 TO $5,000.00.
Remember, only 3 per cent per month at
121 SOUTH CLARK-ST. WEBER BROS.

AMERICAN LOAN CO.—LOANS ON PIANOS, furniture, horses, fixtures, etc., anywhere in Cook County, without removal, for one month to one year; also on salaries, diamonds, watches, sealskins, etc., lowest rates. If you need MONEY, you can repay as you desire. Call and see us; no publicity; fair and honest treatment guaranteed.
140 DEARBORN-ST., Room 75.
Southwest corner of Dearborn and Madison-sts.

512 FIRST NATIONAL BANK BLDG. 512
184 Dearborn-st., corner Monroe.
Low rates and square dealing to responsible people on household goods, warehouse receipts, etc.
Full information cheerfully given, or write and we will call.
CHICAGO SECURITY AND CREDIT CO.

MONEY LOANED PRIVATELY ON FURNIture, pianos, horses, wagons, carriages without removal, and worthy people can have their loans taken up at half the usual rates. If you present this ad. in person to me. RICHARDSON: 142 La Salle-st., Room 2, Otis Block.

$20 UPWARD LOANED SALARIED PEOPLE without security; everything strictly private; quick service; lowest rates; easy payments.
216 La Salle-st., Suite 308. Telephone Main 4564. Office hours, 8 a. m. to 6:30 p. m.

LOANS ON WATCHES, DIAMONDS, AND JEWelry at lowest rates. PATTS & SOE, reliable American pawnbrokers, 167 S. Clark-st.

## MINES AND MINING.

RARE CHANCE—100,000 SHARES STOCK IN the most promising copper and gold property in Utah; now in ore 12,500 feet on ledge; money expended in the developing of property; will sell in blocks of five and ten thousand at 15c per share. Address E 346, Tribune office, for few days; highest references, Utah and Chicago.

TIN. THE NEW AMERICAN INDUSTRY—ORE in sight, $500,000; stock for a mill at 25 cents per share; will pay dividends 33 cents per share first year. Send for prospectus. E. C. JOHNSON, Sec'y, Suite 12, 71 South Clark-st.

J. DUNRAVEN YOUNG, ANAL. CHEMIST AND assayer, 1733 Monadnock. 'Phone Har. 2428.

## MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

AUGUST CLEARING SALES OF PIANOS.
The greatest values ever offered. Hundreds of bargains among them; no
NEW YORK PIANO CO. UPRIGHT, $85.
Ebonized case, 7 1-3 octaves, a very satisfactory instrument; good value for the money.
IVERS UPRIGHT, $100.
Large size, over 4 feet 4 inches in height, first panels, adjustable desk; good condition and excellent tone.
HARRINGTON UPRIGHT, $150.
Large size; powerful tone; exceptionally fine value.
SMALL OAK FISCHER, $150.
Returned from renting.
HAINES BROS. UPRIGHT, $175.
Medium size, first panels, ebonized case; excellent condition.
STERLING UPRIGHT, $140.
Ebonized case, entirely modern.
HALLET & DAVIS UPRIGHT, $175.
Large size, highly ornamental and in perfect condition.
STEINWAY UPRIGHT, $200.
Small, plain parlor upright that has been thoroughly renovated throughout. Of extraordinary quality for a piano of this price.
LUDWIG UPRIGHT, $215.
Medium size, modern in every respect; would pass for new & choice bargain.
KRAKAUER UPRIGHT, $265.
An artistic upright cabinet grand in mahogany case of style fully abreast of the times. Perfect in every respect; would pass for new.
LARGE FISCHER UPRIGHT, $276.
In beautiful San Domingo mahogany. Only the least trifle used; altogether as good as new.
LARGE KNABE UPRIGHT, $350.
Large, special design, highly ornamented, thoroughly renovated.
CHICKERING UPRIGHT, $350.
Mahogany case, nearly of largest size. Is without blemish and up to the highest average of this make in touch and tone.
SMALL CHICKERING CABINET GRAND, $350.
8 feet long; rosewood case, 7 1-3 octaves; has been entirely rebuilt. May be depended upon as in good condition. To clean, marked at above figure.
ONE HUNDRED OTHER BARGAINS
in special new pianos, slightly used pianos and second-hand pianos. New pianos from $125 up. Pianos to rent, $3.50 month and upward.
EASY TERMS OF PAYMENT.
Handsome scarf and modern stool included with pianos sold. Buyers at a distance should write for special bargain list and our schedules of freight rates on pianos. We ship pianos everywhere.
Inexpensive pianos bought from us may be exchanged later toward purchase of a Steinway or Knabe. Steinway and Knabes are sold only by us.
LYON & HEALY, Wabash-av. and Adams-st.
P. S.—In summer we close Saturdays at 1 p. m.

IT MEANS SOMETHING.

During the past week over 180 people have learned the meaning of the Kimball Company's

AUGUST SALE OF PIANOS.

It means a wonderful saying to them.
It means all goods advertised are here until sold.
It means that a child can buy to as good advantage as the shrewdest grown person.
It means "one price to all," which represents but one small factory profit to the largest piano and organ plant in the world.

TO INCREASE THE ENTHUSIASM

a number of NEW SCALE KIMBALL PIANOS—finest styles, but little used, have been added to the list at reduced prices.

All other pianos in our stock of about 300 have been marked down for this grand clearing sale.

This includes all our Eastern made instruments, some of standard high-priced makes; also some new at $125; terms of payment $5 monthly.

SQUARE PIANOS from $12 up, at $2 per month.

SPECIAL PRICES on REED

# DEATH RATE OF NATION LOWER.

## Census Bureau Statistics Show Marked Decrease in Mortality.

## CHICAGO A HEALTHY CITY

## Proportion of Fatalities Here Smaller than in Any of Large Towns Except Two.

## DISEASES LOSING POWER.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 21.—[Special.]—According to the mortality statistics issued by the Census Bureau today, Chicago is one of the healthiest large cities in the country. The deaths in Chicago in 1900 were 27,583, with a census population of 1,698,575, this gives a mortality rate of only 16.2, whereas the rate in 1890 was 19.1.

To show what this rate of 16.2 deaths per thousand annually means, it is only necessary to quote a few of the rates for other large cities which the bulletin gives as follows: New York, 20.4; Boston, 20.1; Philadelphia, 21.2; Washington, 22.8; San Francisco, 20.5; New Orleans, 28.9; Cincinnati, 18.1; St. Louis, 17.9; Indianapolis, 16.7; Cleveland, 17.1.

Milwaukee, with a death rate of 15.9, St. Paul with 9.7, and Minneapolis with 10.8, are the only cities of the first rank which have a better showing than Chicago. Looking into the classes of deaths in the city, the total of 27,583 may be subdivided variously as follows: Male, 15,135; female, 12,397; white, 26,854; colored, 679; native, 17,875; foreign, 9,658. There is, of course, shown the usual mortality among little children. Of the 27,583 deaths in the city last year, no less than 9,408, or more than one-third, were of children under 5 years of age.

### Decrease in Nation's Death Rate.

W. A. King, chief of the vital statistics division, says:

"The most important feature of the results presented is found in the decrease in the general death rate in the registration area of 1.8 per 1,000 of population, a decrease of nearly 10 per cent, and the decrease in the rates from the particular diseases to which the general decrease is due.

"The effect of the advances made in medical science and sanitation and in the preventive and restrictive measures enforced by the health authorities is still more strikingly shown in the comparative rate for the registration cities of the country taken together. In 1890 the death rate in 271 registration cities of 5,000 or more people was 21 per 1,000; in 1900 the rate was 18.6 per 1,000 in 242 cities of 8,000 population and upward, a reduction of 2.4 per 1,000. The gross population of the cities comprehended was 14,958,-224 in 1890, and 21,063,631 in 1900.

### Average Life Is Longer.

"The average age at death in 1890 was 31.1 years; in 1900 it was 35.2 years.

"The total number of deaths reported in 1900 was 1,039,094; in 1890 it was 841,419. The increase therefore was 197,675, or 23.5 per cent. As the percentage of increase in the population was but 20.7, this indicates a more complete return of deaths than in 1890.

"The record of deaths upon which these statistics are based was obtained from two different sources—namely: the return by the enumerators of deaths reported to them at the decennial enumeration, and the registration of deaths recorded under local laws and ordinances. In the non-registration States no comparison with 1890 are made."

### Total Deaths in States.

The total deaths in the various States and Territories for 1900 are as follows:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Alabama | 25,000 | Montana | 2,128 |
| Arizona | 1,250 | Nebraska | 8,294 |
| Arkansas | 22,518 | Nevada | 426 |
| California | 32,506 | New Hampshire | 7,400 |
| Colorado | 11,230 | New Jersey | 37,275 |
| Connecticut | 18,422 | New Mexico | 2,674 |
| Delaware | 3,076 | New York | 130,202 |
| Dist. of Columbia | 8,363 | North Carolina | 21,068 |
| Florida | 6,482 | North Dakota | 2,287 |
| Georgia | 26,849 | Ohio | 62,762 |
| Idaho | 1,342 | Oklahoma | 3,161 |
| Illinois | 61,230 | Oregon | 5,396 |
| Indiana | 31,577 | Pennsylvania | 96,176 |
| Indian Territory | 5,296 | Rhode Island | 10,176 |
| Iowa | 18,570 | South Carolina | 17,186 |
| Kansas | 15,511 | South Dakota | 3,068 |
| Kentucky | 27,091 | Tennessee | 29,573 |
| Louisiana | 20,966 | Texas | 54,160 |
| Maine | 9,202 | Utah | 3,079 |
| Maryland | 20,422 | Vermont | 5,825 |
| Massachusetts | 40,156 | Virginia | 25,329 |
| Michigan | 33,078 | Washington | 6,764 |
| Minnesota | 17,005 | West Virginia | 9,558 |
| Mississippi | 14,921 | Wisconsin | 24,225 |
| Missouri | 39,024 | Wyoming | 767 |

The registration area includes Connecticut, District of Columbia, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Rhode Island, and Vermont, with the cities therein, and many cities in other States.

### Percentage in Registration Area.

In the registration area the death rate is given in figures showing percentages. The percentages for the registration States for 1900 and 1890 respectively are as follows:

| | 1900. | 1890. |
|---|---|---|
| Connecticut | 17.0 | 18.6 |
| Cities | 17.0 | 20.0 |
| Country | 17.0 | 17.2 |
| District of Columbia | 23.3 | 25.7 |
| Maine | 17.5 | ... |
| Cities | 17.1 | ... |
| Rural | 16.0 | ... |
| Massachusetts | 17.7 | 19.3 |
| Cities | 18.1 | 20.4 |
| Rural | 17.2 | 17.9 |
| Michigan | 15.9 | ... |
| Cities | 16.1 | ... |
| Rural | 15.8 | ... |
| New Hampshire | 18.0 | 18.2 |
| Cities | 18.8 | 19.1 |
| Rural | 17.5 | 17.9 |
| New Jersey | 17.4 | 19.7 |
| Cities | 18.1 | 21.1 |
| Rural | 15.8 | 15.3 |
| New York | 17.9 | 19.6 |
| Cities | 18.2 | 20.4 |
| Rural | 15.8 | 15.8 |
| Rhode Island | 19.1 | 20.9 |
| Cities | 19.2 | 21.1 |
| Rural | 18.8 | 20.3 |
| Vermont | 17.0 | 18.8 |
| Cities | 17.6 | 19.4 |
| Rural | 16.9 | 18.6 |

### Death Rates in Cities.

The cities with a population above 100,000 show the following death rates for 1900 and 1890, respectively:

| | 1900. | 1890. |
|---|---|---|
| Washington, D. C. | 22.8 | 26.7 |
| Boston | 20.1 | 21.4 |
| Fall River, Mass. | 22.4 | 21.2 |
| Lowell, Mass. | 15.3 | 16.0 |
| Detroit | 17.5 | 18.7 |
| Jersey City | 20.7 | 20.6 |
| Newark, N. J. | 19.2 | 21.0 |
| Paterson, N. J. | 19.0 | 22.1 |
| Buffalo | 14.8 | 18.4 |
| Rochester, N. Y. | 15.0 | 17.8 |
| Syracuse | 13.6 | 19.6 |
| Providence | 19.9 | 21.1 |
| Los Angeles, Cal. | 15.8 | 20.0 |
| San Francisco | 20.6 | 22.5 |
| Denver | 18.6 | 28.9 |
| Chicago | 16.2 | 19.1 |
| New York (estimated) | 20.4 | 25.3 |
| Indianapolis | 16.7 | 17.3 |
| Louisville, Ky. | 20.0 | 20.1 |
| New Orleans | 28.9 | 30.3 |
| Baltimore | 21.0 | 22.9 |
| Minneapolis | 10.8 | 13.5 |
| St. Paul | 9.7 | 14.9 |
| Kansas City | 17.4 | 17.3 |
| St. Joseph | 9.1 | ... |
| St. Louis | 17.9 | 17.4 |
| Cincinnati | 18.1 | 21.0 |
| Cleveland | 17.1 | 20.2 |
| Columbus | 15.8 | 14.7 |
| Toledo | 16.0 | 18.9 |
| Allegheny, Pa. | 18.4 | 18.2 |
| Philadelphia | 21.2 | 21.3 |
| Pittsburg | 20.2 | 20.1 |
| Scranton | 20.7 | 21.8 |
| Memphis | 28.2 | 26.8 |
| Nashville | 15.9 | 18.8 |

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| New Orleans | 28.9 | 30.3 |
| Baltimore | 21.0 | 22.9 |
| Minneapolis | 10.8 | 13.5 |
| St. Paul | 9.7 | 14.9 |
| Kansas City | 17.4 | 17.3 |
| St. Joseph | 9.1 | ... |
| St. Louis | 17.9 | 17.4 |
| Cincinnati | 18.1 | 21.0 |
| Cleveland | 17.1 | 20.2 |
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| Pittsburg | 20.2 | 20.1 |
| Scranton | 20.7 | 21.8 |
| Memphis | 28.2 | 26.8 |
| Nashville | 15.9 | 18.8 |

### Principal Causes of Death.

In the registration area the fifteen principal causes of death, with the rate per 100,000, was as follows: Pneumonia, 191.9; consumption, 190.5; heart disease, 134.0; diarrhoeal diseases, 85.1; kidney diseases, 83.7; apoplexy, 66.6; cancer, 60; old age, 54; bronchitis, 48.3; cholera infantum, 47.8; debility, 45.9; inflammation of brain and meningitis, 41.5; diphtheria, 34.4; typhoid, 33.8; and premature birth, 33.7.

Death from all the principal diseases shows a decrease since 1890, the most notable being in consumption, which decreased 54.9 per 100,000.


### New York and Return $33.00.

Going via Old Point Comfort and steamer, returning through Buffalo. Tickets on sale until Oct. 30 at Big Four Route office, 234 Clark street, Chicago.


# FIVE MORE DIE IN TUNNEL.

## CLEVELAND'S WATERWAY SCENE OF A NEW DISASTER.

**Explosion at Crib No. 3, Two Miles Further Out in Lake than Former Accident, Hurls Heavy Material and Two Workers High Into the Air—Vast Volume of Water Let In on Men in Shaft —Survivors Spend All Night in Vain Signals for Help.**

Cleveland, O., Aug. 21.—[Special.]—Five men were killed last night by an explosion in the water works tunnel far out in Lake Erie, the scene of the disaster in which nearly a dozen lives were lost a week ago. Thirty men on the wrecked crib, five miles from shore, spent all night signaling for help, but none came until daylight.

The dead:
BERT, JOHN.
HIGGINS, DANIEL.
TROTOCHAUD, RAY.
VALLENCOURT, A.
WILLIAMS, JAMES.

The explosion wrecked the shaft in which the men were working and let an immense volume of water in upon them. Seven of the steel cylinders lining the tunnel were hurled forty feet into the air.

### Two Men Hurled High in Air.

Henry Coe and Vernon Snyder, who were in an air lock in one of the cylinders blown out, were thrown high in the air, and alighted on the crib, stunned but not seriously injured.

A panic among the workmen on the crib followed the explosion. The accident extinguished the lights. When it was discovered that the danger was past the crib men tried to signal to the shore for help.

Mayor Johnson immediately ordered all work stopped on the water tunnel, and threatened to take the work off the hands of the contractors, but later he rescinded his order when promises of extra precautions to prevent further casualties were made.

The accident occurred at crib No. 3, two miles beyond crib No. 2, the scene of last week's disaster. The work of sinking the big intake shaft at this point was completed yesterday, and the five workmen were engaged in digging a tunnel in the direction of No. 2 crib.

Although the explosion happened early in the night, nothing was known of it on shore until today. No boats are kept at the cribs. It was long after daylight before a tug reached them.

It is supposed that the men digging struck a vein of gas, which was ignited by a spark made by a workman's pick. Death must have been instantaneous to the workmen, for their comrades above heard no outcry.

So great was the destruction that it probably will be weeks before the damage can be repaired and the bodies of the unfortunate workmen recovered.

### Hero Among the Victims.

James Williams was one of the men who entered the tunnel after the accident of last week at crib No. 2 in search of victims of that disaster. Plummer Jones, who at that time descended into the shaft with Williams, was overcome with gas and died in the tunnel.

Operations will be resumed at once. The cribs will, however, be supplied with boats, life preservers, and rockets to be used as signals. Experts will be employed to detect the presence of gas in the tunnel and in other ways look after the safety of the workmen.

### Grand Jury to Investigate.

Judge Dellenbaugh of the Common Pleas Court has summoned the grand jury to meet tomorrow to inquire into the disaster and place the responsibility.

Mayor Johnson has sent to Milwaukee for a civil engineer to come and take charge of further work on the construction of the tunnel.

# WRECK ON ALTON RAILROAD KILLS SIX, INJURES SIX.

**Collision Between Passenger and Freight Trains at Prentice Proves to Be More Serious than First Reported.**

Jacksonville, Ill., Aug. 21.—[Special.]—Later investigation of the wreck of the Chicago and Alton passenger train at Prentice, twelve miles from this city, at 12:20 o'clock this morning shows that six persons were killed and six injured. The dead:

ADAMS, JOHN, fireman of the passenger train.
SHEEHAN, CON, engineer of the passenger train.
FOUR TRAMPS, names unknown, stealing a ride on the passenger train.

The injured are:

Howatt, W., Bloomington, fireman of freight train; ribs crushed.
Kiley, Robert, Jacksonville; leg broken; injured internally.
Marshall, Charles, St. Louis; arm broken; scalp wound.
Mason, William, Stuttgart, Ark.; ribs broken.
Simms, Charles, Longdale, Ill.; section hand; badly cut about head and chest.
Wood, A. L., engineer of freight train; slightly.

The accident was caused by a freight engine on the side track fouling the main line. The engine had been standing there for two hours and had been passed by three trains before the accident occurred.

The passenger train included three sleepers, one chair car, three combination smoker and baggage cars. Most of the passengers only felt a jar, not of sufficient violence to throw them from their seats.

The injured are being cared for in a hospital here. None is in a serious condition.

# EMERY IN NORTHEASTERN'S OIL

**Home-Coming of the Chicago-European Liner Marked by Peculiar Incident Near Buffalo.**

The home-coming of the steamer Northeastern was marked by a peculiar incident soon after the transatlantic liner left Buffalo. The machinery began to get hot wherever oil was applied, and in some places a blaze broke forth. The engines were stopped for an investigation. A package of emery on board the steamer was missing. It is supposed that some one had emptied it in the oil. A can of lard oil was found, and with this the Northeastern finished its long voyage of ninety-four days from Chicago to London and Hamburg and return. An examination of the machinery was made yesterday and showed that it had suffered no damage. It is not known how the emery came in the oil, but it is supposed to have been the result of labor troubles at Buffalo, the outgrowth of which was the tying up of the steamer for wages.


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